

HIS.

VVITH BRADSHAW

771111

ADDITIONS

OF NEW CHAR-A-

conceits never before Printed.

The twelfth Impression.

DUBLIN.

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To the Reader.



HE generall acceptance of this matchlesse Poem the Wife, (written by SIR Thomas Ouerbury) is sufficiently appro-

ved by many, the worth whereof if any other, out of malice, shall neglect to commend, he may well (if it proceed from nice Criticisme) bee excluded as Churlish Retainer to the Musses: if from direct plain-dealing, hee shall bee degraded for insufficiencie: For had such a Poem beene extant among the ancient Romancs, although they wanted our easie conservations of wit by Printing, they would have

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To the Reader.

committed it to brasse, lest iniurious time might depriue it of due eternitie. If to converse with a creature so amiable as is here described, be thought dissicult, let the contemplation thereof be held admirable. To which are added (this twelsth impression) many new (barasters and putty Conceites, written by himselse and others his friends. Howsoever, they are now exposed, not onely to the Judicious, but to all that carry the least scruple of mother wit about them.

Licet toto nunc Helicone frui — Mar. Lau. Li'lle. Elegies of seuerall Authors, on the vntimely death of Sir Thomas Ouerbu17 poyloned in the Tower.

Vpon the entimely death of Sta Thomas Ouerbury.

Would ease our forrows, t'mould release our teures, L Could we but beare those bigh celestiall Sphenes Once tane their Mations to a dolefull ftraine, In sympathy of what we Mortalls plaine. Or fee their faire Intelligences change Or face or babit, when blacke Deeds, fo frange, As might force jittie from the Heart of Hell, Are hatche by Monflors, which among vs dwell. The Stars me thinkes, like men inclinde so fleepe, Should through their Chrystell casements scarcely people, Or at least view vs, but with halfe an eye, For feare their chafter Influence might deferye Some murdering hand, imbru'd in guiltle ffe bloud, Blending wile inices to defirey the good. The Sanne foould wed his beames to endleffe Night, And in dull darkneffe canopie his Light, When from the ranke flevres of adulterous Breafts, Where every bafe unbellowed Proice refts; Is belebt, as in defiance of his fine, A fleame, might make even Death it felfe to pine. But thefe things bappen Still, but ne're more cleare, Nor with more lustre did thefe lamps appeare ! Mercury capers with a winged beele, As As if he did no touch of forrow feele, And yet be fees atrue Mercurian killid. Whofe birth bis Manfien with worth bonour fill d, But let me not miftake those powers abone. Nor taxe inturionfy thefe Courts of Ioue. Surely, they iny to fee thefe A Ets reveald, Which in blinde silence have beene long conceald; And Vertue now triumphes; whilem we mourne, To thinke that ere fhe was foule Vices fcorne : Or that poore Ouer-buries blond was made A facrifice to Malice, and darke Shale. Westen thy Hand that Couvre-feu Bell did fway, Which did his life to endlesse sleepe conuay. But rest thou where thou art ; Ile feeke no glorie By the relation of fo fad a ftore. If any more were privile to the Deed, And for the crime must be adjudg'd to bleed, To Heaven I pray, with beau'd up hands and eyes, That as their Bodies fall, their foules mayrife. And as those equally rurne to one duft, So theje a like may shine among the inp. And there make up one glorious constellation, Who suffered bere in fuch a differing fashion. D.T.

To the Memory of that generally bewayled Gentl. Sir Thomas Ouerbury.

D't that w'are bound in Christian pietie
To wish Gods will be done; and Destinie
(In all that haps to Men, or good, er ill)

Suffer'd

Suffer'd, or fent, by that implored Will; (Breath Me thinkes, t'observe how Vertue drawes faint Subject to slanders, Hate, and violent Death, Wise men kept low, others advanc'd to State, Right checkt by wrong, and ill men fortunate; These mou'd the Effecis, from an vnmoved Canse, Might shake the firmest fisch; Heavens fixed Lawes Might casuali seeme; and each irregular Sence Sparne at 111st Order, blame Gods Providence.

But what is man, t'expossulate th'Intents
Of his high Will, or judge of strange Euents?
Therising Sunne to mortall sight reueales
This earthly Globe; but yet the starres conceales;
So may the Sence discouer Naturall Things;
Diuine about the reach of Humane wings.

Then not the Fate, but Fates bad Instrument
Doe I accuse in each sad Accident:
Good men must fall, rapes, incests murders come;
But woe and curses follow them by whom:
God Authors all mens Actions, not their sinne,
For that proceeds from deu'lish lust wichin.
Thou then that sufferd'st by those formes so vile,
From whom those wicked Instruments did file
Thy drossie part, to make thy Fame shine cleare,
And shrine thy soule in Heauens all glorious sphere,
Who being good, nought lesse to thee befell,
Though it appear'd disquis'd in shape of Mell;
Vanish thy bloud and Nerues; True life alone
In Vertue lines, and true Religion;
In both which thou art deathless: O behold,

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(If

(If thou canft looke fo low as Earth's bafe mold) How dreadfull luftice ('late with lingring foot) Now comes like VV hirle-winde! how it shakes the Of loftie Cedars : makes the flately Brow Bendso the foot! how all men fee that now The breath of infamie doth move their fales , Whilesthy deare name by loues more hearty gales Shall flill keepe VVinge, vnrill thy Fames extent Fill cu'ry part of this vast Continent. Then you the Syre of this murdered Sonne ; Repine not at his Fate; fince he hath wonne More Honour in his fufferance; and his Death Succeeded by his Vertues endleffe Breath. For him, and to his Life and Deaths example, Loue might erect a Statue; Zeale a Temple : On his true worth the Muscsmight be flaine, To die his honours VVeb in purelt Graine. C. B.

Vpon the varimely Death of the author of this ingenious Peem Sir Thomas Outrburie Knight, poylened in the Tower.

SO many Moones, so many times gone round,
Sandrese from Hell, and darkeesse wider ground,
And yet till now, this darkees deed of Hell
Not brought to light? Otardie Heasen! yet tell
If Murther layes him do whe to sleepe with Last
Or no? redeale, as thou are truth, and tay,
The Sceress of this virus? Secure as.

And

And what our Feares make vs fulpett, compatt With greater deeds of mischiefe, for alone VVe thinke not This, and doe suspect yet One, To which compat'd, This but a falling Scarre, That a bright Firmament of Fire : Thy Care VVe fee takes meaner things : Is times the World The Signes at randome through the Zediack hurld, The Stars wild wandrings, & the glib quicke hinges VV hich turne both Poles; and all the Visient changes It ouer-lookes, which trouble th'endleffe courfe . Of the high Firmament: bythy bleft Force Dee hoarie winter frolls make forrells bare And fraight to Groues againe their shades repayre, By Thee doth Autumnes Lyons flaming Maire Ripen the fruits : and the full yeare furmine Her buidened powers: O being fill the fame, Ruling fo much, and vuder whom the frame Of this valt world, weigh'd, all his Orles doff guide Why are thy Cares of men no more appliede : Or if : why teem'it thou fleeping to the Good, And guarding to the Ill? as if the brood Of beit things full most Chance take in command, And not thy Providence : and Her blind Hand Thy Benefits erroncoully disbut fe, Which fo letfall, ne're fall but so the worfe? Whence fo great crimes committe the Greater fort, And boldettacs of thame blaze in the Court : Where Buffones worthip; in their rige of State, Those filthie Searabs, whom they Seins, and Hate, Sure things meere backward, there, Housear diffralt,

ot

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And Vertue layd by Frand, and Poyfon wafte: The adult'rer up like Haman, and to Sainted: And Females modestie (as Females painted) Loft in all reall worth : what that I we fay ? Things fo farre out of frame, as if the day Were come wherein another Phaeton Stelne into Phabus waine, had all miffe-run A cleane contrary way : O powerfull God . Right all amile, and fet th'old period' Of Goodnesse, in his place againe : This deede Be V fher to bring forth the Maske, and Week Where under, blacker things lye bid perhap. And yet bane Hope to make a fafe efcate. Of This, make knowne, why fuch an instrument As Weston a poore feruing-man should rent The frame of this fad-good-mans life : did he Stand with this Court bred learn'd OVERBURIE. Infirife for an aubaffadorfhip ? no, His Orbe held no fuch light : what did he owe The Prophet, malice, for composing this, This Cynofura in neat Poefis, How Good and Great men ought, and all, to chuse A chaft, fit, noble Wife, and the abuse Of Strumpets friendly shadowing in the same, Was this his fault? or doth there lye a flame Yet in the embers not vnrack't, for which He dy'de fo falfly ! Heaven we doe befeech whiche the fecret, and bring all to view, That Law may purge the blond, Inft made votrue. W. S.

An Blegie consecrated to the memory of the truly worthy and learned Sir Thomas Ouerburie Knight.

Had not thy wrong like to a wound ill cur'd,
Broke forth in death; I had not beene affur'd
Of griefe enough to finish what I write.
These lines, as those which doe in cold bloud fight
Had but come faintly on; for euer, he
That shrines a name within an Elegia,
(Vnlesse some neerer cause doe him inspire)
Kindles his bright flame at the Funerall fire.
Since passion (after lessening her extent)
Is then more strong, and so more eloquent.

How powerfull is the hand of Mustber now!
Was't not enoug to see his deare life bowe
Beneath her hate? but crushing that faire frame,
Attempt the like on his vnspotted Fame?
O base reuenge! more then inhumane sact!
Which (as the Romanes sometime would enact
No doome for Patricide, supposing none
Could eners offend) the vpright Throne
Of Justice salues not: leaving that intent
Without a Name, without a Panishment.

Yetthrough thy wounded Fame, as the row these Classes which multiply the Species,
We see thy vertues more; and they become
So many Statues sleeping on thy Tombe.

Wherein confinement new thou shalt endure, But so; as when to make a Pearle more pure

We

We give it to a Dove, in whose wombe pent Sometime, we have it forth most crient.

Such is thy luftre now that venom'd spight
With her blacke Soule dares not behold thy light,
But banning it, a course beginnes to runne
VVith those that curse the rising of the Sunne.
The porten that workes ypwards now, shall stripe
To be thy faire Famus true Preservative.
And witch-craft that can maske the offer spine,
With no one cloud shall blinde a ray of thine.

And as the Hebrewes in an obscure pit
Their hely Fire hid, not extinguished it,
And after time, that broke their bondage chaine,
Found it, to fire their facrifice againe:
So lay thy Worth some while, but being found,
The hauses alters plentifully crownd
With sweete perfumes, by it new kindled be,
And offer all to thy deare Memorie.

Nor have we lost thee long: thou art not gone, Nor canst descend into Oblision. But twice the Sume went round since thy soule sted, And onely that time men shall terme thee dead, Hereaster (raids to life) thou still shalt have An antidete against the filent Grave.

W. B. Int. Temp.

Upon the untimely death of SIR. Thomas Ouerbury.

If for to live be but a mifery,
If by death good men gaine eternity,
Twas friendly done in robbing thee of life,
To celel rate thy nuptials with thy Wife;
So that his will no other ayme intended,
But by exchange thy life should be amended:
Yet wert to compasse his vnsatiate lust,
He this last friendship tendred to thee: trust
VVhiles he dishonor'd and defam'd may die,
Institute and Fame, shall crowne thy memorie.

B. G medij Temb.

In obitum intempessiuum & lachrymabilem Illustrisimi Equitis aurati

THOM. OYARBVAI magnæ

Tow ever windie mischiefe raise vp high
L Darke thickning clouds, to powre vpou vs all
A tempest of soule runsors, which desery
Thy hard missap and strange disasteous fall,
As if thy wounds were bleeding from that hand,
Which rather should have raise thee vp to kand

Yes falt thou here furminein pittying feme

In thy sweete Wise, in these most acute lines, In well reputed Characters of name, And vertues tombe, which all thy honor shrines: In spight of enuie, or the proudest hate, That thus hath set opinion at debate.

But for mine owne part, fith it fals out so,
That death hath had her will; I now compare
It to a wanton hand, which at a throw
To breake a boxe of precious baline did dare:
With whose perfume, although it was thus spild,
The house and commers by were better fild.

Cap. Thom. Gainsford.

A memoriall, offered to that man of vertue, Sir THOMAS OVERBURIE.

Nee dead & twice aliue; death could not frame
A death, whose sting could kill him in his same.
He might haue liu'd, had not the life, which gaue
Life to his life, betraid him to his graue.
If greatnesse could consist in being Good,
His Goodnesse did adde titles to his blood.
Onely vnhappy in his liues last fate,
In that he liu'd so soone, to dye so late.
Alas whereto shall men oppressed trust,
When Innocence cannot protect the iust.
His error was his fault, but truth his end,
No enemie his ruine, but his friend.

Cold

Cold friendship, where hot vowes are but a breath, To guerdon poore simplicitie with Death: Was never man, that felt the fenfe of griefe So Ogerbury'd in a lafe beliefe: Beliefe ! O cruell flaughter ! times vnbred Will fav, who dies that is votimely dead, By treachery, of luft, or by difgrace. In friendship, twas but Ouerburies case; (proue Which shall not more commend his truth, then Their guilt, who were his oppofites in love. Reit happy Man; and in thy fpheare of Awe, Behold how luttice fwayes the fword of Law, To weed out those, whose hands imbrew'd in bloud Cropt off thy youth, and flower in the bud, Sicepe in thy peace: thus happy haft thou prou'd, Then mightit haue dy'd more knowne, not more Io. Fo. (belou'd.

Vpon Sir Thomas Overburie the Author of this ingenious Poem.

Apples of Gold) may well thy lotte ceplore, For in those Gardens they could never show A tree so faire of such a fruitfull store.

Grace was the Root, and thou thy felfe the Tree, Sweete counfells were the Berries grew on thec.

Wit was the branch that did adorne the Stocke, Reafor

Resson the Lesse; upon those branches spred,
Vader thy shadow eid the duse flocke,
And (by Thee) as a mantle couered.
But what befell, O too much out of kinde!
For thou wast biasted by a West-on winde.
R. Co.

Of Sir Thomas Ouerbury his VVife, and Marriage.

7 Hen I behold this Wife of thine fo faire, So far remou'd from vulgar beauties (aire Being leffe bright and pure) me thinkes I fee An vncloath'd Soule, by potent Alchymie Extraught from ragged matter. Thou haft made A Wifemore innocent then any Maid. Fa'bs thate, before the fall's decyphered heere, And Plate's naked vertu's not more cleere; Such an Idea, as fcarce withes can Arrive at, but our Hopesmult ne're attaine; A Soule to farre beyond the common Make, As forn'd corporeall joyning. For her fale (Defpayring elfe contract) Thou too turn'il Soule; And to enjoy her fayres without controule, Caf'ftoff this bodies clog: fo multall doe, Caft Matter of, who would abstraction wood. Toff ie fo foone then (Soule) well haft thou done: For, in this life, fuch beauties are not wenne. But

But when I call to minde thine vnripe fall, And fo fad fummens to thy Nuptiall; Eyther, in her thy bold defires did rafte Forbilden fruit, and have this Curfe purchafte. Or, haue this Elixir made thine owne (Drawne from the remnant of Creation,) The faces their malignant Spirits breath To punish thine ambitious loue with death. Or, thy much enui'de cheyce hach made the reft Of Concrete Relicts poynt their aymes infett To thy confusion, And with them seduc'd Friendship (displeased to see a Loue produc'd Leffe carnall then it felfs) with policie, So pure and chafte a Loue to nullifie. Yet, howfoe're, their proiect flies in finoke, (choke, The poyfon's cordiall, which they meant thould Their deeds of darkneffe, like the Bridall Night, Haue joyn'd spirituall Louers, in despight Of falle attempts: And now the wedding's done; When in this life fuch faires had not beene wonne.

E.G.

To the Broke. Hou wofull Widdow, once happy Wife.

That didft enjoy fo sweete a Mate: Who, now bereaucd is of Life, Vntimely wrought, through inward hate. O Deed most vile, to hatte the end

Of him, that was fo good a friend.

On this excellent POEM the VVife.

Dehere the matchleffe patterne of a Wife,
Disciphered in forme of Good, and Bad:
The Bad commends the Good, as Darke doth
Or as a loathed Bed a single Life; (Light,
The Good, with Wisedome and Discretion clad
With Modestie, and faire demeanour dight,
Whose Reason doth her Will to Loue muite.

Reason begot, and Passion bred her Loue, Selfe-will She shun'd, Fitnes the Mariage made; Fitnes doth cherish Loue, Selfe-will Debate. Lee thus; and in this Monument of proofe A perfect Wife, a Worke nor Time can fade, Nor looferespect betray to mortall Fate. This none can equall; Best, but imitate. R. C.

On Sir Thomas Overburies Poem the UVife.

I'mglad yet ere I die, I h'ue found occision
Honestand iust, without the worlds perswasion,
Or slattery or bribery, to commend
A woman for her goodnesse; and God send
I may sinde many more: I wish them well,
They're pretty things to play with: when Ene fell,
She tooke a care that all the Women-kinde
That

That were to follow her, should be as blinde As the was willfull; and till this good Wife . This peece of Vertue that ne're tooke her life From a fraile Mothers labour : Those stand still As marginalls to point vs to our ill: Came to the world, as other creatures doe That know no God but will; we learne to wooe; And if the were but faire, and could but kille, Twentie to one we could not chuse amisse; And as we judge of trees if Araight and tall They may be found, yet neuer till the fall, Finde how the raine hath drill'd them; So till now We onely knew we must loue; but not how But here we have example, and fo rare, That if we hold but common fenfe and care, And steere by this Card; he that goes awry, He boldly fay at his Nativitie, That man was feal'd a foole: yet all this good Ginen as it is, not cloath'd in flesh and bloud, Some may auerre, and ftrongly t'was meere meant In way of practife, but not prefident; Eyther will make vs happy men; for he That marrieth any way this mysterie, Or any parcell of that benefit, Though he take hold of nothing but the wit, Hath got himselfe a partner for his life More then a woman, better then a Wife.

I.F.

Ei Cem in Eadem.

A S from a man the first traile women came,

The first that ever made vs know our shame,

And finde the curse of labour; so againe,

Goodnesse and understanding found a man

To take his shame away; and from him sprung

A peece of excellence without a Tongue,

Because it should not wrong vs; yet the life

Mickes it a preare a Woman, and a W. se.

And this is shee, if ever Woman shall

Doe good bereaster; borne to blesse our fall. I. F.

On Sir Thomas Ouerburies Poem the Wife.

Ere euery beautie, euery seuerall grace, Which is in women, in one womans face, Some courtly Gallants might, I thinke, come to hen, Which would not wed her though, they seem'd to Setled affections follow not the Eye; (woe her, Reason and sudgement, must their course descrye. Pigmalions Image made of Marble stone, Was lik'd of all; belou'd of him alone. But heer's a Dame growne husbandlesse of late, Which not a man but wisheth were his Mate. So faire without, so free from spot within, That earth seemes here to thand exempt from sin. Iuno vouchsafe, and Hymen, when I wed, I may behold this VV idow in my Bed. D.T.

Beau-

On the Wife.

) Eautie affords contentment to the Eye, Riches are meanes to cure a weake estate, Honour illustrate what it commeth nie: To marry thus men count it happy Fa'e. Vertue they think doth in the Emblems firoud,

But triall shews they are gulled with a Cloud.

Thefe are but complemente; the in ward worth, The outward carriage, gesture, wit, and grace, Is that alone that fets a Woman forth . And in this V Voman, these have each a place. VVere all VViues fuch, This age would happy be, But happier that of our Polleritie. D. T.

On the VVife.

(fuch: TEll haft thou faid, that women should be And were they, that had but a third, as I would be married too, but that I know (much, Not what she is, but should be thou dost show: So let me prayle thy worke, and let my life Be fingle, or thy VVidow be my VVife. X.Z.

On the VVife.

His perfect Creature, to the Easterne vse Liu'd, whilft a wife retir'd from common show: Not that her Louer fear'd the least abuse,

But

on the Wife.

But with the wifest knew it sitter so:
Since, falne a widow, and a zealous one,
She would have sacrifized her selfe agen.
But importun'd to life; is now alone,
Lou'd, wood, admir'd, by all wife single-men.
VVhich, to th'adulterous rest, that dare beginne
There vs'd temptations, were a mortall sinne.

To the UVife.

L'Apos'd to all, thou wilt lesse worthy seeme I seare: VViues common, all men disesseme; Yet some things have a diffring Fate: some fret VVe doubt in wares which are in corners set: Hid Mettalls rust, which being vsde grow bright; The day more friendeth vertue then the night. Thou though more common, then maist seem more I onely wish thou mayst be vnderstood. (good.

G. R.

To the cleane contrary UVife.

Caine

Ooke here:and chide those spirits, which mainTheir Empire, with so strong command in you,
That all good eyes, which doe your follies view,
Pitty, what you for them, must once sustaine:
O from those Euills, which free Soules distaine
To be acquainted with, (and but pursue

To the cleane contrarie Wife.

Worst Minds) from them (as hatefull, as vntrue,)
By reading this, for Fames faire sake refraine:

VVho would let feed upon her birth, the brood
Of lightnesse, Indiscretion, and the shame
Of foule Incontinence, when the base bleod
Is carelesse onely of an Honourd Name,
Be all that gentle are, more high Improon'd,
For loose Dames are but statter'd, never Lou'd.

Of the choyce of a Wife.

VV. Stra.

F I were to chuse a Woman,

As who knowes but I may marry:
I Would crust the eye of no man,

Nor a tongue that may missarry:

For in may of Love and Glory,

Each tongue best tels his owne story.

ic

First, to make my choyce the bolder, a I would have her childe to such: Whose free vertuous lines are older Then Antiquitie can touch: For the seldome seene, that blood Gines a beautie great and good

Tet an anciens flocke may bring Branches I confesse of worth, Likerich mantles shadoing

The

Of the choyee of a Wife.

Those descents that brought them forth, Tet such Hills though gilded show Somest feele the age of snow.

Therefore to preuent such care
That repentance some may bring,
Like Marchants I would choose my ware,
Vic-full good, not glittering.
He that weds for state or face,
Buyes a Harse to lose a Race.

Tet I would have her faire as any,
But her owne not hift away:
I would have her free to many,
Locke on all like equal day;
But descending to the Sea,
Make her set with none but me.

If she be not tall tis better;
For that word, A goodly VVoman,
Prints it selfe in such a letter,
That it leaves unstudied no man:
I would have my Mistresse grow
Onely tall to an were No.

Tet I would not have ber lose So much breeding, as to sling Unbecomming scorne on those That must worship enery thing. Let be seare lockes to scatter. Of the choyce of a Wife. Andloofe men will feare to flatter.

Children I would have her beare, More for love of name then bed: So each childe I have is heyre To another mayden-bead; For she that in the all's afraide, Every night's another maide.

Such a one, as when shees woo'd, Blushes not for ill thoughts past; But so innocently good, That her dreames are ener chast; For that Maide that thinkes a sia, Has betraide the Fort shee's in.

In my visitation still,
I would have her scatter feares,
How this man, and that was ill,
After protestations Teares:
And who vowes a constant life,
Crownes a meritorious Wise.

When the Priest first gives our hands,
I would have her thinke but thus;
In what high and holy bands
Heanen-like twins, hath planted us,
That like Aarons rod together,
Both may bud, grow greene, and wither.

An Elegie in prayle of Sir Thomas Ouerbury, and his Poem.

T'Is dangerous to be good: well we may prayfe
Honestie, or Innocence; but who can rayfe
A powre, that shall fecure't, 'gainst wrongs to come,
When such a Saint linth suffer'd Martyrdome?
Injurious hands, which 'cause they could not get
The gemme: would therefore spoyle the cabines.
But, though the cage be broke, the bird is flowne

To heasen, her proper and securer home: Where mongst a quire of Saints, and Cherubius, Of Angels, Thrones, and Seraphius, she sings

Those facred Haleluiabs: heaven may boast
T'haue got that Angell there, which we have lost:

But we shall fill complaine, for to vs here, A Saint is more loffe, than a Throne is there.

That Firmament of holy fires which wee
Enjoyed, whilft thou wert, by enjoying thee,
Lyes now rak't vp in afters as the light
Of day, the Sunne once gone, is drownd in night.
But as the Moone, sometimes, the Sunne being set,
Appeares, and we a new (though lesse) light get;
So though our greatest lampe, of vertue be,
By cruell Fate, extinguished, in thee;
Yet, to adde some fresh oyle tour sunfe of life,
Thou hast, be hind thee, left a matchlesse Wife:
Who hath (since that sad time her Husband di'de)
Beene wooed by many, for a second bride:
But

But like a chafte religious widow, fhe Hauing loft her first mare, Scornes bigainie. P. B. medy Temp.

A Statue erected in memory of Sir Thomas Overbury & his VVife.

TPon a Marble fram'd by th'cunningst hand, In garments greene, and orient to behold, Like a most louely Virgin let her stand, And on her head a crowne of pureftgold. First le: Religion, in her heart haue place, As th'ground & fountaine whence al vertues foring So that each thought being fanctified by Grace: The punishment t'escape, that's due to sinne. Let Beautie (ioyn'd with medeftie) appeare Loues obiett in her face ; and chaftitie In her faire eyes, brighter then chrystall cleare Wherein life mones, affections led thereby. In her hands chaniele, and at the right The holy Angells let protecting be; And at the left, Gods mercies finning bright Diffributing to each necessitie. Let th'earth his riches yeeld to her, and more The heavens their influence, and by the fame Vnto the blinde their fight let her restore, Strength'ning the weake, and rayling vp the lame Vinder her feete the Deuill and darkeneffe fet,

Let Pride fait bound in chaines behinde her lie, Bufe selfe-loue, not aapeare in place, and let Foule lust, and Ermie from her presence site, And on her Breast, in golden letters write Heanens best below'd, earths chiefest delight.

He that in's (choyce) would meet with such a wife, Must yow virginitie and single life.

On Sir Thomas Overbury and his Wife.

ALL right, all wrong befalls me through a Wife, A Bad one gaue me Death, a Good one Life.

An Elegie vpon the Death of Sir Thomas Overbury Knight poysoned in the Tower.

Adit thou like other Sirs and Knights of worth,
After the farewell Sermon, taken earth,
And left no doed to praise thee but the birth,
Then Querbure by a passe of theirs,
Thou might's have tyded hence in two houres teares,
Then had we worne the springs of memory,
No longer then the friends did Rosemary;

Or then the deale was eating for thy fake, And thou badft fanke in thy owne wine, and cake ; But fince it was fo ordered and thought fit By fome who knew thy truth and fear'd thy wit , Thou fhouldit be poyfoned, Death hath done thee grace, Ranch: thee abone the region of thy place. For none beares poy on nam'd but makes replie What Trince Was that? what State man fo did die? In this : bon hast out dyde an Elegie Which Were to narro . for posteritie, And thy Strong poyfon which did feeme to kill, Working a fresh in some Historians quill, Shall now preferne thee longer ere thou rot . Then could a Poem mixt with Antidet ; Norncedeft thou truft a He rald with thy name, That art the voyce of Inflice and of Fame; Whilft finne (desefting her owne confcience) Strikes To pay the vie and interest of lines . Enough of ryme, and might it please the law Enough of blond; for naming lines I faw, He that writes more of thee must write of more, Which I affest no', but referre men ore To Tyburne by whofe Art they may define What life of man is worth, in valewing thine.

Oa Sir Thomas Overbury.

Thus growne a Politician gainst my will that

An Elegie on the late Lord VVilliam Haward Baron of Etfingham, dead the tenth of December. 1615.

I Did not know thee Lord, nor doe I ftrine To winne accesse, or grace, with Lords aline: The dead I ferue from whence nor faction can Moue me, nor fauour : nor a greater man. To whom no vice commends me, nor bribe fent, From whom no Penance warns, nor portion fpent, To these I dedicate as much of me As I can spare from mine owne husbandry: And till Chofts walke, as they were wont to doe I trade for some and doe these errants too. But first I doc enquire, and am affur'd What Tryals in their lourneyes they endur'd, What certainties of Honour and of worth. Their most vncertaine Life-times have brought And who fo did least hurt of this small itore, (forth-He is my Fatron, dved he rich, or poore. First I will know of Fame (after his peace When Flattery and Enny both doe ceafe) Who rul'd his actions: Reason or my Lord? Did the whole man relie vpon a word, A badge, a Title, or aboue all chance Seem'd he as Ancient as his Cognilance. What did he : acts of mercie; and refrainc Oppression in himselfe, and in his Traine. Was his effectiall Table full as free As Beafts and inuitations vie to bee! Where

Where if his Ruffet-friend did chance to dine, Whether his Satten-man would fill him wine. Did he thinke periurie as lou'd a finne Himselfe forsworne, as if his flave had beene? Did he seeke Regular pleasures, was he knowne Just Husband to one Wife, and she his owne? Did he give freely without paule, or doubt, And read petitions, ere they were worne out ! Or should his well-deferring Cirent aske, Would he bestow a Tilting, or a Maske To keepe need vertuous. And that done not feare What Lady dam'd him for his absence there ? Did he attend the Court for no mans fall, Wore he the ruine of no Hofpitall. And when he did his rich apparell don, Put he no Widow, nor an Orphan en. Did he loue amply vertue for the thing, The King for no respect but for the King. But aboue all did his religion waite Vpon Gods Throne, or on the chaire of flate. He that is guiltie of no Quare here. Out-lasts his Epitaph, out-lives his Heyre. But there is none fuch, none to little bad, Who but this negative goodnefle ever had? Of such a Lord we may expect the birth. Hee's rather in the wombethen on the carth. And t'were a Crime in fuch a publike face For one to live well and degenerate: And therefore, I am angry when a name Comes to vpbraid the World like Effinglism.

Nor was it modelt in thee to depart To thy eternall home, where now thou art: Erethy reproach was ready : or to die Ere cultoine had prepard thy calumnie. Eight dayes have past fince thou hast payd thy debt To finne, and not a libell fluring yet, Courtiers that Scoffe by Patent, filent fit. And have no vie of Slander, or of wit: But (which is monstrous) though against the tide, The Water-men haue neyther rayld nor lide. Of good and bad there's no diffinction knowne', For in thy prayfe the good and had are one. It feemes we all are couctous of Fame, And hearing what a purchase of good name Thou lately mad'it, are carefull to increase Our title by the holding of some leafe From thee our Land-lord, and for that th' whole Speake now like Tenants ready to renew, It were too fad to tell thy pedegree, Death hath diferdered all misplacing thee, Whilit now thy Herrald in his line of hevres Blots out thy name, and fills the space with teares. And thus hath conquering Death or Nature rather Made thee preposterous ancient to thy Father Who grieues th'art fo, and like a glorious light Shines ore thy Hearfe. He therfore that would write And blaze thee throughly, may at once fay all, Herelyes the Anchor of our Admiral, Let others write for glory or reward, Truth is well payd when the is fung and heard.

Ad Comitiffam Rutlandia.

MAdame fo may my verses pleasing be.
So you may laugh at them and not at me. T'is fomething to you gladly I would fay, But how to do't, I cannot finde the way. I would anoyd the common beaten waves To V Vomen vfed, which are lone or prayfe: As for the first the little wit I have Is not yet growne to neere ynto the graue, But that I can by that dimme fading light . Perceive of what, and voto whom I write. Let fuch as in hopeleffe witleffe rage, Can figh a quire, and read it to a l'age; Such as can make ten Sonnets ere they reft, VVhen each is but a great blot at the best; Such as doe backes of bookes and windowes fill, VVith their too furious Diamond or quill; Such as are well refolu'd to end their dayes, VVith a loud laughter blowne beyond the Seas; VV ho are so mortified that they can line Contemn'd of all the world, and yet forgive. VVrite loue to you: I would not willingly Be pointed at in euerie company. As was that little Taylor, who till death, VVas hot in loue with Queene Elizabeth. And for the laft in all my idle dayes, I neuer yet did liuing woman prayfe In profe or verfe: And when I doe beginne, lle picke some woman out, as full of finne

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As blacke as yours is white, A face as foule As yours is beautifull, for it shall be, Out of the rules of Phyliognomie: So farre that I doe feare I must displace The Art a little to let her in the face: It shall at least foure Faces be below The deuils; and her parched corps shall show, In her loofe skin, as if fome spirit she were, Kept in a bag by some great Conjurer: Her breath shall be as horrible and vild. As cuerie word you speake is sweete and mild. It shall be such a one, as will not be Couer'd with any Art or policie. But let her take all powders, fumes, and drinke, She shall make nothing but a dearer stinke. She shall have such a foote and such a nose, As will not fland in any thing but profe: If I bestow my prayles upon fuch, Tis Charitic and I shall merit much. My prayfe will come to her like a full boule, Bestowed at most need on a thirstic soule; VV here, if I fing your prayfes in my Ryme, I lose my Inke, my Paper, and my Time; And nothing adde to your o'reflowing flore, And tell you neught but what you knew before; Nor doe the vertuous minded (which I fweare Madam I thinke you are) endure to heare Their owne perfections into quellions brought, But flop their Lares at them; for if I thought Youtooke a pride to have your vertues knowne, Pardon

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Pardon me Madam, I should thinke them none.
To what a length is this strange letter growne,
In seeking of a subject yet sindes none.
But if your braue thoughts, which I much respect
About your glorious Titles, shall accept
These harsh disordered Lines, I shall ere long
Dresse vp your vertues new, in a ne w song;
Yet farre from all base prayse and slatterie,
Although I know what ere my Verses be,
They will like the most service slattry shew
If I write truth, and make my subject you.

An Elegie on the Death of the Lady Rutland.

May forget to eate, to drinke, to fleepe,
Remembring thee, but when I doe, to weepe
Ip well weigh'd lines, that men shall at thy hearse
Enuy the forrow which brought forth my verse.
May my dull vnderstanding haue the might
Onely to know her last was yesternight?
Rulland the faire is dead, or if to heare
The name of Sydney will more force a teare,
Tis she that is so dead; and yet there be
Some more aliue professe not Poetrie.
The Statesmen and the lawyers of our time
Haue businesse still, yet doe it not in rime:
Can she be dead, and can there be of those
That are so dull to say their prayers in profe?
It is three dayes since she did seele Deaths hand

C 2

And

And yet this Ile not cald the Poets Land ? Hath this no new ones made, and are the old At fuch a needfull time as this growne cold? They all fay they would faine, but yet they plead They cannot write because their Muse is dead. Heare me then fpeake which will take no excuse, Sorrow can make a verfe without a Muse. VVhy didit thou die fo foone? O Pardon mee I knew it was the longest life to thee. That ere with modeftie was cald a tpan Since the Almighty left to thrive with man; Mankinde is fent to forrow; and thou haft More of bufineffe which thou cam'it for past, Then all those aged VVomen which yet quicke Haue quite out-liu'd their owne Arithmeticke, As foone as thou couldit apprehend a griefe, There were enow to meet thee, and the chiefe Blessing of women : marriage was to thee Nought but a facrament of Miferie: For whom thou hadit, if we may trust to Fame, Could nothing change about thee, but thy name. A name which who (that were againe to doo't) Would change without a thousand joyes to boot In all things elfe, thou rather leadit a life Like a betrothed Virgin then a Wife. But yet I would have cald thy Fortune kinde If it had enely tride thy fetled minde, With present crosses; Not the loathed thought Of worle to come, or past, then might have wrought Thy best remembrance to have cast an eye Backe

Backe with delight vpon thine infancie: But thou hadft ere thou knewft the vie of teares Sorrow layd vp against thou com'it to yeares, Ere thou wert able, who thou wert to tell By a fad warrethy noble Father fell. In a dull clime which did not understand What t'was to venture him to faue a Land ; He left two children who, for vertue, wit, Beautie, were lou'd of all; Thee and his wit; Two was too few, yet death hath from vs tooke Thee a more fault leffe iffuc, then his Booke, Which now the onely living thing we have From him, wee'le fee, shall never finde a grave As thou haft done : alas would it might be, That bookes their Sexes had as well as we, That we might see this maried to the worth And many Poers like it felfe bring forth: But this vaine wish Divinitie controules, For neyther to the Angels, nor to foules, Nor any thing he meant should ever live, Did the wife God of Nature fexes give; Then with his euerlasting worke alone We must content our selues since she is gone; Gone like the day thou dyded it vpon, and we May call that backe againe as foone as thee.

Who should have looke to this, where were you That doe your selves the helpes of Nature call Physicians? I acknowledge you were there To sell such words as none in health would heare So dyde she: Curst be he who shall defend

C 2

Your

Your Art of haftning Nature to an end. In this you thew'd that Phyficke can but be At beit, an Art, to cure your pouertie; You're many of you Impoltors, and doe give To ficke men potions that your felues may line. He that hath furfeited and cannot eate, Must have a med'cine to procure you meate, And that's the deepest ground of all your skill, Vnleffe it be fome knowledge how to kill. Sorrow and madnefic make my veries flow Croffe to my vnderftanding. For I know You can doe wonders; every day I meete The loofer fort of people in the freete From desperate diseases freed, and why Reftore youthers, and fuffer her to die? Why should the State allow you Colledges Penfions for Lectures, and Anatomies ? If all your potions, vomits, letting blood, Can onely cure the bad, and not the good ? Which onely they can doe, and I will show The hidden reason why, you did not know The way to cure, her. You beleen'd her blood Ran in fuch courfes as you vnderflood, By Lectures you beleeu'd her arteries Grew as they doe in your Anatomies. Forgetting, that the State allowes you none But onely Whores and Theenes to practife on. And enery paffage about them I'me fure You vnderflood, and onely them can cure, Which is the cause that both

Are noted for enioying fo long lines.

But noble bloud treades in too ftrange a path
For your ill-got Experience; and hath
Another way of cure. If you had seene
Penelope diffected, or the Queene
Of Sheba, then you might have found away
To have present a her from that fatall day.
As tis. You have but made her sooner blest
By sending her to heaven, where let her rest.
I will not hurt the peace which she should have
By longer looking in her quiet grave.

FINIS.

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THE METHOD.

Then of Marriage, and the effect thereof, Children. Then of his contrarie, Luit, then for his choyce, First, his opinion negatively, what should be the First causes in it, that is, neyther Beauty, Birth, nor Portion. Then affurnatine, what should be, of which kind there are foure: Goodnesse, Knowledge, Discretion, and as a second thing, Beautic. The first onely is absolutely good: the other being built upon the first doe likewise become so. Then the application of that woman by lone to himselfe, which makes her a Wife. And lastly, the onely condution of a Wife, Fitnesse.

A Wife.

Ach Woman is a briefe of Womankinde,
And doth in little even as much containe,
As, in one Day and Night, all life we finde,
Of eyther, More, is but the fame againe:
God fram'd Her so, that to her Husband She,
As Eve, should all the World of Women be.

So fram'd he Both, that peyther power he gaute Vie of them selucs, but by exchange to make: Whence in their Face, the Faire no pleasure have, But by reflexe of what thence other take.

Our

Our Lips in their owne Kisse no pleasure finde: Toward their proper Face, our Eyes are blinde.

So God in Ene did perfit Man, begun;
Till then, in vaine much of himselfe he had:
In Adam God created onely one,
Ene, and the world to come, in Ene he made.
We are two balfes: whiles each from other straies,
Both barrenare; Ion'd, both their like can raise.

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At first, both Sexes were in Man combinde,
Man a She-Man did in his body breed;
Adam was Eues, Eue Mother of Mankinde,
Eue from Line-fiesh, Man did from Dust proceed.
One, thus made two, Marriage doth re-vnite,
And makes them both but one Hermaphrodite.

Man did but the Well being of this life
From Woman take, her Being the from Man:
And therefore Eue, created was a Wife,
And at the end of all her Sexe, began:
Marriage their object is: their Being then,
And now Perfection, they receive from Men.

Marriage; to all whose ioyes two parties be,
And double are by being parted so,
Wherein the very Aid is Chastitie,
Whereby two Soules into one Body goe.
Which make two one; while here they living be,
And after death in their posserite.

That in that Center his desires might flint,
That he a comfort like himselfe might have.
And that on her his like he might imprint.
Double is Womans wie part of their end
Doth on this Age, part on the next depend.

We fill but part of time, and cannot dye,
Till we the world a frest supply have lent,
Children are Bodies sole Eternitie;
Nature is God, Are is Mans instrument.
Now all Mans Art but only dead things makes,
But herein Man in things of life partakes.

For wandring Luft; I know tis infinite,
It fill begins, and addes not more to more.
The guilt is everlasting, the delight,
This instant doth not feele, of that before.
The tast of it is only in the Sense,
The operation in the Conscience.

Woman is not Luit bounds, but Womankinde;
One is Loues number: who from that doth fall
Hath lofthis hold, and no new rest thall finde;
Vice hath no meane, but not to be at all.
A Wife is that enough. Lust cannot finde;
For Lust is still with want, or too much pinde.

Barelusthe Sin, my share is eun with his, For, Not to lust, and to Enioy is one:

And more or leffe past, equal Nothing is;
If ill have one, Lust one at once, alone:
And though the woman often changed be,
Yet Hee's the fame without varietie.

Marriage our lust (as twere with fuell fire)
Doth, with a medicine of the same, allay;
And not forbid, but restifie desire,
My selfe I cannot chuse, my wife I may:
And in the choyce of Her, it much doth lye,
To mend my selfe in my posterity.

O rather let me Loue, then be in lone;
So let me chuse, as Wife and Friend to finde,
Let me forget her Sex, when I approve,
Beasts likemesse lies in shape, but our in minde:
Our Soules no Sexes have, their Loue is cleane,
No Sex, both in the better part are Men.

But Physicke for our lust their Eodies be, But matter fit to shew our Love vpon: But only Shells for our posteritie. Their soules were given left men should be alone: For, but the Soules, Interpreters, wordes be, Without which, Bodies are no companie.

That goodly frame we fee of flesh and bloud, Their fashion is, not weight; it is I say But their Lay-part; but well digested food; This but twixt Dust, and Dust, lifes middle way:

The

The worth of it is nothing that is feene, But onely that it holds a Soule within.

And all the carnall Beautie of my Wife,
Is but a skin-deepe, but two fenfes knowne:
Short euen of Pictures shorter liu'd then Life,
And yet the love survives, that's built thereon:
For our Imagination is too high,
For Bodies, when they meet, to satisfie.

All Shapes, all Coloures are alike in Night,
Nor doth our Touch distinguish foule or faire:
But mans imagination, and his sight,
And those, but the first weeke: by Custome are
Both made alike, which differed at first view,
Nor can that difference absence much renew.

Nor can that Beautie, lying in the Face,
But mecrely by imagination be
Enioy'de by vs, in an inferiour place.
Nor can that Beauty by enioying we
Make ours become; so our defire growes tame,
We changed are, but it remaines the same.

Birth, lesse then Beautie, shall my Reason blinde, Her Birth goesto my Children, not to me: Rather had I that affine Gentrie finde, Vertue, then passive from her Ancestrie; Rather in ber alive one vertue see, Then all the rest dead in her Pedigree. In the Degrees, high rather be she plac't,
Of Nature, then of Art, and Policie:
Generie is but a relique of time past,
And Lone doth only but the present see;
Things were first made, then wordes: she were the
With, or wishout, that title, or that name.

As for (the oddes of Sexes) Portion,

Nor will I shun it, nor my ayme it make;

Finth, Beantie, Wealth, are nothing worth alone,

All these I would for good additions take,

Not for Good parts; those two are ill combined,

Whom, any third thing fro themselves, hathiogn'd.

Rather then these the object of my Lone,
Let it be Good; when these with vertues go,
They (in themselves indifferent) vertues prove,
For Good (like fire) turnes all things to be so.
Gods image in Her Soule, O let me place
My Lone vpon; not Adoms in Her Face.

Good, is a fairer attribute then White,
Tis the mindes beautie keepes the other sweet:
That's not fill one, nor mortall with the light,
Nor glasse, nor painting can it counterfet,
Nor doth it rayse desires, which ener tend
At once, to their perfection, and their end.

By Good I would have Holy understood, So God she cannot love, but also me,

The Law requires our mordes and deeds be good, Religion even the Thoughts doth fanctifie: And the is more a Mayde that ranifle is, Then the which only doth but wish amisse.

Lust only by Religion is withstood;
Lusts object is alive, his strength within;
Moralitie resists but in cold blood;
Respect of Credit search shame, not sume.
But no place darke enough for such offence
She finds, that's watcht by her owne conscience.

Then may I Troft her Body with her minde,
And, thereupon fecure, need neuer know
The pangs of Icaloufie: and Lone doth finde
More paine to doubt her falle, then know her fo:
For Patience is, of cuils that are knowne,
The certaine Remedie; but Doubt hath none.

And be that thought once stirr'd, twill never die,
Nor will the griefe more milde by custome prove;
Nor yet Amendment can it satisfie,
The Anguish more or lesse, as our bue:
This miterie doth Iealousse ensue,
That we may prove her fulse, but cannot True.

Suspicions may the will of Lust restraine,
But Good presents from having such a will,
A Wife that's Good, doth Chast and more containe,
For Chast is but an Additionce from ill:

And

And in a Wife that's Bad, although the best Of qualities; yet in a Good the least.

To barre the meanes is Care, not lealouse:
Some lawfull things to be anoyded are,
When they occasion of unlawfull be:
Lustere it hurts is best describe a farre:
Lust is a sinne of ewo; he that is sure
Of eyeber part, may be of both secure.

Give me next Good, an understanding Wife,
By Nature wife, not Learned by much Art,
Some Knowledge on Her side, will all my life
More scope of conversation impart,
Besides, Her inborne vertue fortiste,
They are most firmely good, that best know why.

A pefsive vinderstanding to conceive,
And Indgement to discerne, I wish to finde:
Beyond that, all as hazardous I leave;
Learning, and pregnant wit in Woman-kinde,
What it findes malleable, maketh fraile,
And doth not adde more ballast, but more faile.

Domeslicke Charge doth best that Sexe best,
Contiguous buttnesse; so to fixe the Minde,
That Leasure space for Fancies not admit:
Their Leasure its, corrupteth Woman kinde,
Else, being plac'd from many vices free,
They had to Heau'n a shorter cut then wee.

Bookes

Bookes are a part of Mans prerogatine,
In formall Juke they Thoughts and voyces hold,
That we to them our folitude may gine,
And make Time-prefent trauell that of old.
Our life, Fame preceth longer at the end,
And Bookes it farther backward doe extend.

As good, and knowing, let her be Diferect,
That, to the others weight, doth Fashion bring;
Diference doth consider what is Fit,
Goodnesse but what is lawfull; but the Thing,
Not Circumstances; Learning is and mit,
In Men, but curious fully without it.

To keepe their Name, when't is in others hands, Diferetion askes; their Credit is by farre More fraile then They: on likely-hoods it stands, And hard to be disprou'd, Lusts standers are.

Their Carriage, not their Chastitic alone, Must keepe their Name chaste from suspicion.

Wemens Behauiner is a furer barre
Then is their No: That fairely doth denie
Without denying; thereby kept they are
Safe cun from Hope; in part to blame is she,
Which hath wi hout confent bin only tride;
He comes too neere, that comes to be denide.

Now fince a Woman we to Marrie are, A Soule and Lody, not a Soule alone;

When

When one is Good, then be the other Faire; Beauty is Health, and Beautie, both in one; Be the fo faire, as change can yeeld no gaine; So faire, as Shee most Women else containe.

So Faire at least let me imagine Her;
That thought to me is Truth: opinion
Cannot in matter of opinion erre;
With no eyes shall I fee her but mine owne.
And as my Fancie Her conceives to be,
Euen such my Senses both, doe Feele and See.

The Face we may the feat of Beautie call, Init the reliss of the rest doth lye,
Nay eu'n a figure of the Minde withall:
And of the Face, and Life moues in the Eye;
No things else, but two, so like we see,
So like, that they, two but in number, bee.

Beautie in decent shape, and Coloures lies, Colours the matter are, and shape the Soule; The Soule, which from no single part doth rise, But from the just proportion of the whole, And is a meere spiritual barmonie, Of cuery part vnited in the Eye.

Lone is a kinde of Superstition,
Which feares the Idoll which it felfe hath fram'd:
Lufta Defire, which rather from his owne
Temper, then from the object is inflam'd:

D

Beautie is Loues obiell; Woman Luft's; to gaine Lone, Loue Desires; Luft only to obtaine.

No circumstance doth Beantie beautiste,
Like gracefull fashion, natiue Comelinesse,
Nay cu'n gets pardon for Deformitie;
Are cannot it beget, but may encrease;
When Nature had fixt Beautie perfect made,
Something she left for Motion to adde.

But let that Fossion more to modestie
Tend, then Assurance: Modestie doth set
The face in her iust place, from Passions free,
Tis both the Mindes, and Bodies beautie met;
But Modestie, no vertue can we see;
That, is the Faces only Chassitie.

Where goodnesse failes, twixt ill and ill that slands: Whence tis, that Women, though they weaker be, And their desires more strong, yet on their hands The Chassitie of men doth often lie:

Lust would more common be then any one, Could it, as other sinnes, be done alone.

All these good parts a Perfett woman make,
Adde Loue to me, they make a Perfett Wife,
Without her Loue, Her Beautie should I take,
As that of Pittures; dead; That gives it life:
Till then. Her Beautie like the Sun doth shine
Alike to all; That makes it, onely mine.

And

And of that Love, let Reason Father be; And Passion Mother; let it from the one His Being take, the other his Degree; Selfe-love (which second Loues are built vpon) Will make me (if not Her) her love respect, No Man, but savours his owne worths effect.

As Good, and wife; so be she Fit for me.
That is, To will, and Not to will the same,
My Wife is my Adopted-felfe, and shee
As Mee, so what I loue, to Loue must frame.
For when by Marriage, both in one concurre,
Woman connects to Man, not Man to her.

FINIS.

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The Authors Epitaph written by himselfe.

The Span of my dayes measur'd, heere I rest,
I hat is, my body; but my soule, his guest,
Is hence ascended, whither, neyther I ime,
Nor Faith, nor Hope, but onely Loue can clime;
Where being now enlightned, She doth know
The Truth of all, men argue of below:
Onely this dust doth here in Pawne remaine,

Onely this dust doth here in Pawne remaine, That, when the world disfolues, sie come againe.

Chara-

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OR

Wittie descriptions of the properties of fundry persons.

A good Woman.



Good Woman's a comfort, like a man. Shee lackes of him nothing but heat. Thence is her sweetnesse of disposition which

meets his stoutnesse more pleasingly; so wooll meets iron easier then iron, a turnes resisting into embracing. Her greatest learning is religion, and her thoughts are on her owne Sexe, or on Men, without casting the difference. Dishonesty neuer comes neerer than her eares, & then wonder stops it out, and saues vertue the labout. Shee leaues the neat youth, telling his lushious tales, and puts backe the Seruingmans putting forward,

with a frowne : yet her kindnesse is free enough to be seene, for it hath no guilt about it: and her mirth is cleare, that you may looke through it, into vertue, but not beyond. Sheehath not behaulour at a certaine, but makes it to her occasion. She hath fo much knowledge as to lone it, and if thee haue it not at home, the will fetch it, for this fometimes in a pleafant discontent the dares chide her Sexe, though thee vie it neuer the worfe. Shee is much within, & frames outward things to her minde, not her minde to them. Shee weares good clothes, but neuer better; for the findes no degree beyond Decencie. She hath a content of her owne, and so seekes not an husband, but findes him. She is indeed most, but not much of description, for she is direct and one, and hath not the varietie of ill. Now the is given fresh and aliue to a husband, and thee doth nothing more then love him, for the takes him to that purpose. So his good becomes the businelle of her actions, and shee doth her selse kindnesse vpon him. After his, her chiefest wertue is a good husband. For She is He.

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Avery Woman.

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A Very Woman, is a dow-bakt man, or a She meant well towards man, but fell two bowes short, strength & understanding. Her vertue is the hedge, Modefie, that keepes a man from climbing over into her faults. Sheefimpers as if shee had noteeth, but lips : and thee divides her eyes, & keeps halfe for her selfe, & giues the other to her neat Youth. Being set downe, shee casts her face into a platforme, which dureth the meale, and is taken away with the voyder. Her draught reacheth to good manners, not to thirft, and it is a part of their mysterie not to professe hunger; but Nature takes her in privat & fretcheth her vpon mear. She is Marriageable & Fourteene at once; and after she doth not live, but tarrie. She reads over her face enery morning, & fometimes blots out pale, and writes red. Shee thinkes shee is faire, though many times her opinion goes alone, and she loues her glasse, & the knight of the Sunne for lying. Shee is hid away all but her face, and that's hang'd about with toyes & deuices, like the figne of a Tauerne, to draw Strangers. If the thew more, the pre-

uents defire, and by too free giving, leaves no Gift. She may escape from the Seruing. man, but not from the Chamber-mayde. She commits with her eares for certaine: after that the may goe for a may de, but thee hath beene lyen with in her understanding Her Philosophie, is a seeming neglect of those, that be too good for her. She's a yonger brother for her portion, but not for her portion of wit, that comes from her in a treble, which is still too bigge for it; yet her Vanitie seldome matcheth her, with one of her owne degree, for then thee will beget another creature a begger: and commonly, if the marry better, thee marries worte. Shee gets much by the simplicitie of her Sutor, and for a ieft, laughes at him without one. Thus the dreffes a Husband for her felie,& after takes him for his patience, & the Land adioyning, yee may fee it, in a Seruingmans fresh Napery, and his Leg-steps into an vnknowne stocking. I neede not speake of his Garters, the taffell showes it selfe. If she loue, the loues not the Man, but the beaft of him. She is Salomons cruell creature, and a mans walking confamption: every candle thee giucs

giues him, is a purge. Her chiefe commendation is, the brings a man to repentance.

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Her next part.

Her lightnesse gets her to swim at top of the table, where her wrie little finger bewraies carning; her neighbours at the latter end know they are welcome, and for that purpose she quencheth her thirst. She trauels to and among, and fo becomes a woman of good entertainment, for all the folly in the Countrie comes in cleane Linnen to visit her : the breaks to them her griefe in Suger cakes, and receives from their mouthes in exchange, many stories that conclude to no purpose. Her eldest Sonne islike her how. foeuer, and that disprayseth him best : her vimoft drift is to turne him Foole, which commonly the obtaines at the yeares of difcretion. Shee takes a journey formetimes to her Neeces house, but neuer thinkes beyond London. Her Denotion is good clothes, they carry her to Chutch, expresse their stuffe and fathion, and are filent; if the be more denout, the lifts vp a certaine number of eies in fread

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of prayers, and takes the Sermon, and meafures out a nap by it, iust as long. She sends Religion afore to Sixtie, where thee neuer ouertakes it, or drives it before her againe: Her most necessary instruments are a wayting-Gentlewoman , and a Chamber-arayde; the weares her Gentlewoman full, but most often leaves the other in her chamber-window. She hath a little Kennell in her lap, and thee smels the sweeter for it. The vemost reach of her Providence, is the fatnesse of a Capon, and her greatest enuie, is the next Gentle-womans better Gowne. Her most commendable skill, is to make her Husbands fustian beare her Veluet. This shee doth many times ouer, and then is delivered to olde Age and not a Chaire, where cuerie body leaues her.

A Dissembler.

If Sanessence needing a double definition, for he is not that he appeares. Vnto the eye hee is pleasing, vnto the eare not harsh, but to the vnderstanding intricate, and full of windings: hee is the prima materia, and his intents give him forme: hee dyeth his meanes

meanes and his meaning into two colours, hebayts craft with humilitie, and his countenance is the picture of the prefer t disposition. He winnes not by battery, but vndermining, and his racke is smoothing. Hee allures, is not allured by his affections, for they are the brokers of his observation. Hee knowes passion onely by sufferance, and resistent by obeying. Hee makes his time an accomptant to his memory, and of the humors of men weaves a net for occasion: the Inquisitor must looke thorow his judgement, for to the eye onely hee is not visible.

A Courtier.

TO all mens thinking is a man, and to most men the finest: all things else are defined by the vnderstanding, but this by the sences; but his surest marke is, that he is to be found onely about Princes. He smels; and putteth away much of his indgement about the situation of his clothes. Hee knows no man that is not generally known. His wit, like the Marigold openeth with the Sunne, and therefore he rifeth not before ren

of the clocke. Hee puts more confidence in his wordes than meaning, and more in his pronunciation than his wordes. Occasion is his Capid, and hee hath but one receipt of making love. He followes nothing but inconstancy, admires nothing but beauty, honours nothing but fortune. Loues nothing. The fustenauce of his discourse is Newes, and his cenfurelike a foot depends vpon the charging. He is not, if he be out of Court, but fish-like breathes destruction, if out of his owne clement. Neyther his motion, or afpest are regular, but hee moues by the vpper Spheres, and is the reflection of higher Substances. It you finde him not here, you shall in Pauls, with a picke-tooth in his Hat, a cape cloke, and a long flocking.

A Golden Affe

Is a young thing, whose Father went to the Deuill; he is tollowed like a salt bitch, and limb'd by him that gets vp first; his disposition is cut, and knaues rent him like Tenter-hookes; hee is as blinde as his mother, and swallowes flatterers for friends.

He

Hee is high in his owne imagination; but that imagination is as a stone, that is raised by violence, descends naturally. When hee goes, hee lookes who lookes : if hee findes not good store of vailers, hee comes home stiffe and seer, vntill hee bee new oyled and watered by his husbandman. Wherefocuer he eats he hath an officer, to warne men not to talke out of his element, and his owne is exceeding fenfible, because it is sensually but hee cannot exchange a peece of reason, though he can a peece of gold. He is naught pluckt, for his feathers are his beautie and more then his beautie, they are his diferetion, his countenance, his All. He is now at an end, for he hath had the Wolfe of vaineglory, which he fed, vntill himfelfe became the food.

A Flatterer

Is the shadow of a Foole. He is a good woodman, for he singleth out none but the wealthy. His carriage is ever of the colour of his patient; and for his sake hee will halt or weare a wrie necke. He disprayseth nothing but povertie, and small drinke, and prayseth

his grace of making water. He felleth himfelfe, with reckoning his great Friends, and teacheth the present, how to winne his praifes by reciting the others gifts: he is readie for all imployments, but especially before Dinner, for his courage and his stomacke goe together. Hee will play any vpon his countenance, & where he cannot be admitted for a counseller, he will serue as a foole. He frequents the Court of Wards and Ordinaries, & fits thele guefts of Toga Virilis, with wives or whores. Hee entreth young men into acquaintance & debt bookes. In a word, he is the impression of the last terme, and will be fo, vntill the comming of a new terme or termer.

An ignorant Glory bunter.

Is an infectum animal; for hee is the maggot of opinion, his behaviour is another thing from himfelfe, and is glewed, and but fet on He entertaines men with repetitions, and returnes them their owne wordes. Hee is ignorant of nothing, no not of those things, where ignorance is the lesser shame He

Hee gets the names of good wits, and veters them for his companions. He confesseth vices that hee is guiltlesse of, if they bee in fashion; and dares not salute a man in olde clothes, or out offashion. There is not a publicke affembly without him, and hee will take any paines for an acquaintance there. In any flew hee will be one, though hee be but a whifler, or atorch bearer; and beares downe strangers with the story of his actions. He handles nothing that is not rare,& defends his wardrobe, diet, and all customes, with entitling their beginnings from Princes, great Souldiers and strange Nations. He dares speake more then hee understands, and adventures his wordes without the releefe of any feconds. Hee relates battles and skirmifies, as from an eve wirneffe, when his eyes theeuisly beguiled a ballad of them. Inaword, to make ture of admiration, hee will not let himselfe vnderstand himselfe, but hopes fame & opinion will be the Readers of his Ridles.

A Timift.

Is a Noune Adiective of the present tense. He hath no more of a conscience then Feare, and

and his religion is not his but the Princes. Hee reucrenceth a Courtiers Servants lerwant. Is first his owne Slave, and then whofoeuer looketh big; when he gives hee curfeth, and when hee fels hee worships. Hee reades the flatutes in his chamber, & weares the Bible in the streetes : he never prayfeth any but before themselues or friends : and milikes no great mans actions during his life. His new-yeares gifts are ready at Albalomas, and the fare hee meant to meditate before them. Hee pleafeth the children of great men, and promifeth to adopt them; and his curtefie extends it selfe even to the stable. Hee straines to talke wifely, and his modeftie would ferue a Bride. He is granity from the head to the foote; but not from the head to the heart; you may finde what place he affecteth, for he creepes as neere it as may be, and passionately courts it; if at any time his hopes are effected, he swelleth with them; and they built out too good for the veifell. In a word, hedanceth to the tune of fortune, and studies for nothing but to keepetime.

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An Amorift.

TS a certaine blafted or planet-stroken, and Lis the Dog that leads blinde Cupid; when hee is at the best, his fashion exceeds the worth of his weight. Hee is neuer without vertes and muske confects; and fighs to the hazard of his buttons; his eyes are all white, eyther to weare the liverie of his Mistris complexion, or to keepe Cupid from hitting the blacke Hee fights with passion, and lofeth much of his bloud by his weapon; dreames, thence his palenelle. His armes are carelefly vsed, as if their best vse were nothing but embracements. He is votrust, vnbottoned, and vngartered, not out of carelefnesse, but care; his farthest end being but going to bed. Sometimes he wraps his petition in neatnesse, but it goeth not alone; for then he makes some other qualitie moralize his affection, and his trimnesse is the grace of that grace. Her fauour litts him vp, as the Sun moisture; when shee disfauours, vnable to hold that happinesse, it fals downe in teares; his fingers are his Orators, and he expresent much of himself e vpon lomeinstrument. Hee answers not, or not to the pur-

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pose; and no maruell, for he is not at home. Hee scotcheth time with dancing with his Misseris, taking up of her gloue, and wearing her teather; he is confinde to her colour, and dates not passe out of the circuit of her memotie. His imagination is a foole, and it goeth in a pide-coat of ted and white; shortly, he is translated out of a man into folly; his imagination is the glasse of lust, & himselfe the traytor of his owne discretion.

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An Affectate Tranclier.

Is a speaking fashion; hee hath taken paines to bee ridiculous, and hath scene more then hee hath perceived. His attire speakes French or Italian, and his gate cries, Beholame. He censures all things by countenances, and shrugs, and speakes his owne language with shame and sping: hee will chooke rather than confesse Beere good drinke: and his pick tooth is a maine part of his behaviour. Hee chuseth rather to be counted a Spie, than not a Politician: and maintaines his reputation by paroing great men familiarly. Hee chuseth rather to tell lies.

lies, then not wonders, and talkes with men fingly : his discourse sounds big, but meanes nothing : and his boy is bound to admire him howfocuer. He comes still from great Personages, but goes with meane. He takes occasion to thew iewels given him in regard of his vertue, that were bought in S. Martines: and not long after having with a Mountbankes method, pronounced them worth thousands, empawneth them for a few shillings. Vpon festivall dayes he goes to Court, and falutes without refaluting : at night in the Ordinarie he canuaffeth the businesse in hand, and seemes as conversant with all intents and plots, as if hee begot them. His extraordinarie account of men is, first to tell them the ends of all matters of consequence, and then to borrow money of them; hee offereth courtefies, to thew them, rather then himselfe humble. He disdaines all things about his reach, and preferrethall Countries before his owne. Hee imputeth his want and pouertie to the ignorance of the time, not his owne vnworthinesse: and concludes his discourse with halfe a period, or a word, and leaves the reft

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to imagination. In a word, his religion is fashion and both body and soule are gouerned by same, hee loues most voyces aboue truth.

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A Wiseman.

TS thetruth of true definition of man, that man that is, a reasonable creature. His disposition alters, hee alters not. Hee hides himtelfe with the attite of the vulgar; and in his indifferent things is content to be gouerned by them. He lookes according to nature, so goes his behaulour. His minde enioves a continual (moothnesse: foit commethit, that his confideration is alwayes at home. Hee endures the faults of all menfilently, except his friends, and to them he is the mirrour of their actions; by this meanes his peace commeth not from fortune, but himselfe. He iscunning in men, not to furprize but keepe his owne, and beats off their ill affected humours, no otherwise than if they were flies. Hee chuseth not friends by the subsidie-booke, & is not luxurious after acquaintance. Hee maintaines the strength of his body, not by delicacies, but temperanco

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rance; and his minde by giving it preheminence over his body. He understands things not by their forme, but qualities; and his comparisons intend not to excuse, but to provoke him higher. Hee is not subject to casualties, for Fortune hath nothing to doe with the minde, except those drowned in the body: but hee hath devided his soule, from the case of his soule, whose weaknesse he assists no otherwise than commiseratively, not that it is his, but that it is He is thus, and will be thus: and lives subject neyther to Time not his frailties; the servant of vertue, and by vertue, the friend of the highest.

A Noble Spirit.

Ath surveyed and fortified his disposition, and converts all occurrents into experience, betweene which experience and his reason, there is marriage; the issue are his actions He circuits his intents, and seeth the end before he shoot. Men are the instruments of his Att, and there is no man without his vse: occasion incites him, none entice him; and he moves by affection, not E:

for affection; he loues glory, scornes shame, and gouerneth and obeyeth with one countenance, for it comes from one confideration. Hee cals not the varietie of the world chances, for his meditation hath travelled ouer them; and his eye mounted vpon his understanding, seeth them as things under= neth. Hee couers not his body with delicacies, nor excuseth these delicacies by his body, but teacheth it, since it is notable to defend its owne imbecilitie, to flew or fuffer. Hee licenceth not his weaknesse, to weare Fate, but knowing reason to be no idle gift of Nature, he is the Steetes-man of his own destinie. Truth is his Goddeffe, and he takes paines to get her, not to looke like her. Hee knowes the condition of the world, that he must act one thing like another, and then another. To these he carries his desires, and not his defires him; and stickes not fast by the way (for that contentment is repentance) but knowing the circle of all courses, of all intents, of all things, to have but one center or period, without all distraction, he hafteth thither and ends there, as his true & naturall element. Hee doth not contemne.

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Fortune, but not confesse her. Hee is no Gamefter of the world (which onely complaine and prayle her) but being onely fenfible of the honestie of actions contemnes a particular profit as the excrement or fcum. Vnto the locietic of men hee is a Sunne, whole cleerenelle directs their steps in a regular motion : when he is more particular, he is the wife mans friend, the example of the indifferent, the medicine of the vicious. Thus time goeth not from him, but with him : & heeteeles age more by the ftrength of his foule, than the weakneffe of his body: thus feeles he no paine, but esteemes all such things as friends, that defire to file off his fetters and helpe him out of prison.

An old man

Is a thing that hath beene a man in his dayes. Old men are to be knowne blindfolded for their talke is as terrible as their refemblance. They prayle their owne times as vehemently, as if they would fell them. They become wrinckled with frowning & facing youth; they admire their olde cu
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ftomes even to the eating of red hering, and going wershood. They call the thumbe vnder the girdle, Gravitie and because they can hardly finell at all, their Polies are vinder their girdles. They count it an ornament of speech, to close the period with a cough, & it is venerable (they fay) to spend time in wiping their driveled beards. Their discourfes is vnanswerable, by reason of their obstinacie their speech is much, though little to purpose. Truchs and lies passe with an equall affirmation, for their memories severall is wonne into one receptacle, and so they come out with one sense. They teach their feruants their duties with as much fcorne & tyrannie, as some people teach their dogs to fetch. Their enuie is one of their diseases. They put off and on their clothes, with that certaintie, as if they knew their heads would nor direct them, & therfore custome should. They take a pride in halting & going stiffely, and therefore their staues are carued and tipped : they trust their attite with much of their gravitie; and they dare not goe without a gowne in Summer. Their Hats are brushed to draw mens eyes off from their faces;

faces; but of all, their Pamanders are worne to most purpose, for their putrified breath ought not to want eyther a finell to detend, or a dog to excuse.

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A Countrie Gentleman.

TS athing out of whose corruption the I generation of a luftice of peace is produced Hee speakes statutes and husbandry well enough, to make his neighborrs think him a wife man he is well skilled in Arithmeticke or rates; and hath eloquence enough to faue two pence. His conneilation amongst his Tenants is desperate; but amongst his equals fuil of doubt. His travell is seldome farther then the next market Towne, and his inquisition is about the price of Corne: when he trauelleth, he will goe ten mile out of the way to a Coufins house to saue charges; and rewards the feruants by taking them by the hand when hee departs Nothing under a Sub pena can draw him to London : and when hee is there, hee stickes fast voon euery obiect, casts his eyes away voon gazing, and becomes the prey of Cucric

euerie Cutpurse. When hee comes home, those wonders serue him for his Holy-day talke. If he go to Court, it is in yellow foc. kings; and it it be in Winter in a flight tafetie cloake, and pumps and pantofles. Hee is chained that wooes the offer for his comming into the presence, where hee becomes troublesome with the ill managing othis Rapier and the wearing of his girdle of one fashion, and the hangers of another; by this time he hath learned to kiffe his hand, and make a legge both together, and the names of Lords and Counsellors; he hath thus much toward entertainment & courtefie, but of the last he makes more vie for by the recital of my Lord, hee consures his poore Countrymen. But this is not his element, hee must home againe, being like a Dor, that ends his flight in a dunghill.

A fine Gentleman

Is the Cynnamon Tree, whose barke is more worth then his body. Hee hath read the Booke of good manners, and by this time each of his limbs may read it. He alloweth

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of no judge but the eye; painting, boulfiring, and bombasting are his Oratours : by thefe also he proues his industry for he purchased legs, haire, beautie, and straightnesse, more then nature left him. Hee vulockes maiden-heads with his language, and speaks Euphues, not so gracefully as heartily. His discourse makes not his behaulour, but hee buyes it at Court, as Countreymen their clothes in Birchinlane. He is fomewhat like the Salamander, and lines in the flame of loue, which paines he expresseth comically: and nothing gricues him fo much, as the want of a Poet to make an iffue in his lone; yet he fighes sweetely, and speakes lamentably: for his breath is perfumed, & his words are winde. He is best in season at Christmas; for the Boares head and Reueller come together; his hopes are laden in his qualitie. & least fidlers should take him vnprouided, he weares pumps in his pocket : and least hee should take Fidlers unprovided, he whistles his owne Galliard. He is a Calender of ten yeares, and marriage rufts him. Afterwards hee maintaines himseise an implement of houshold, by caruing and officing. For all

this, hee is indiciall onely in Taylors and Barbers, but his opinion is euer ready, and euer idle. If you will know more of his acts, the Brokers shop is the witnesse of his valour, where lies wounded dead, rent, and out of fashion, many a spruce Sute, ouer-throwne by his fantasticknesse.

An Elder Brother

TS a Creature borne to the best aduantage of things without him, that hath the flart at the beginning, but loyters it away before the ending. He lookes like his Land, as heauily, and durtily, as stubbornly. Hee dares doe any thing but fight, and feares nothing but his Fathers life and minoritie. The first thing he makes knowne his estate, and the Loadstone that drawes him is the vpper end of the Table. He wooth by a particular,& his strongest argument is the ioynture. His observation is all about the fashion, and he commends Partlets for a rare deuice. Hee speakes no language, but smels of dogs or hawkes: & his ambition flies Iuftice-height. He loues to be commended, and he will goe

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into the Kitchin, but heele haue it. He loues glory, but is fo lazie, as hee is content with flattery Heefpeakes most of precedencie of age, & protests fortune the greatest vertue. He summoneth the olde servants, and tels what strange acts hee will doe when hee raignes. Hee verily beleeves house keepers the best common-wealths men; and therefore studies baking, brewing, greafing, and fuch as the limmes of goodnesse. Hee iudgeth it no small signe of wisdome to talk much; his tengue therefore goes continually his errand, but neuer speeds. If his vnderfranding were no honester then his will, no man should keepe good conceit by him; for he thinkes it no theft, to fell all hee can to opinion. His pedegree and his fathers fealering, are the stilts of his crazed disposition. Hee had rather keepe company with the dregs of men, then not to be the best man. His infinuation is the inuiting of men to his house; and he thinkes it a great modesty to comprehend his cheere vnder a peece of Mutton and a Rabet; if hee by this time be not knowne, hee will goe homeagaine : for he can no more abide to hauchimselfe concealed.

cealed; then his land; yet he is (as you see) good for nothing: except to make a stallion to maintaine the tace.

A Brazgadochio Welfhman.

TS the Oyster that the Pearle is in , for a I man may be pickt out of him. Hee hath the abilities of the minde in Potentia, and actu nothing but boldnetle. His clothes are in fashion before his body: and he accounts boldnesse the chiefest verme; aboue all men he loues an Herraid, and speakes pedegrees naturally. Hee accounts none well descended, that call him not Couzen; and preferres Owen Glendower before any of the nine Worthies. The first note of his familiarity is the confession of his valour; and so hee preuents quarrels. Hee voucheth Welch, a pure and vnconquered language, & courts Ladies with the flory of their Chronicle. To conclude, he is precious in his owne conceit, and vpon S. Danies day without comparifon.

A Pedant

I E treads in a rule, and one hand scannes yerses, and the other holds his Scepter.

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e) He dares not thinke a thought that the Nominative case governes not the Verbe; and he never had meaning in his life, for he trauelled onely for words. His ambition is Criticifme, and his example Tully. Hee values phrases, and elects them by the sound, and the eight parts of speech are his Seruants. To bebriefe, he is a Heteroclite, for he wants the plurall number, having onely the fingle qualitie of words.

A Seruineman.

Is a creature, which though he benot drunke, yet is not his owne man. Hee tels without asking who ownes him, by the superscription of his Livery. His life is, for cate and leifure, much about Gentleman-like. His wealth enough to suffice Nature, and sufficient to make him happy, if he were fure of it; for he hath little, and wants nothing, hee values himselfe higher or lower, as his Mafter is. He hates or loues the men, as his Maflet doth the Mafter. Hee is commonly proud of his Masters horses or his Christ. mas; hee fleepes when he is fleepy, is of his religion

religion, onely the clocke of his stomacke is fer to goe an houre after his Hee feldome breakes his owneclothes. He rener drinkes but double, for he must be pledg'd; nor commonly without some thort sentence nothing to the purpofe; and feldome abstaines till he come to a thirft. His discretion is to bee carefull for his Masters credit, and his futficiencie to marshall dishes at a Table, and to carne well. His nearneffe confifts much in his haire and outward linnen His courting language, visible bandy iests; & against his matter faile, he is alway ready furnished with a fong. His inheritance is the Chamber-mayde, but often purchateth his Maflers daughter, by reason of opportunitie, or for want of abetter : hee alwayes cuckolds himselfe, and neuer marries but his owne widdow. His Mafter being appealed, he becomes a Retainer, & entailes himfelte & his posteritie vpon his heire-males for euer.

An Hof

I Sthe kernell of a Signe : or the Signe is the fiell, and mine Host is the Snayle. He.

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consists of double beere and fellowship, and his vices are the bawds of his thirst. He entertaines humbly, & gives his guests power, as well of himselfe as house. He answers all mens expectations to his power, saue in the recknoning: and hath gotten the tricke of greatnesse, to lay all missikes upon his servants. His wife is the Cummin seede of his Doue-house; and to bee a good Guest is a warrant for her libertie. Hee traffickes for Guests by mens friends, friends friend, and is sensible onely of his purse. In a word, hee is none of his owne: for hee neyther eates, drinkes, or thinkes, but at other mens charges and appointments.

Anofler

Is a thing that scrubbeth unreasonably his horse, reasonably himselfe. Hee consists of Trauellers, though he be none himselfe. His highest ambition is to bee Host, and the innention of his signe is his greatest wit: for the expressing whereof he sends away the Painters for want of understanding. Hee hath certains charmes for a hotse mouth,

that hee should not care his hay : and be. hinde your backe, hee will cozen your horse to his face. His curry-combe is one of his best parts, for hee expresseth much by the gingling: and his mane combe is a fpiners card turn'd out of service. Hee puffes and blowes over your horfe, to the hazard of a double lugge: and leaves much of the dreffing to the proverbe of Mulis mutuo featient, One horse rubs another. He comes to him that cals lowdest, not first; he takes a broken head patiently, but the knaue he feeles not. His vimost honesty is good fellowship, and hee speakes Northerne, what countrey man foeuer. Hee hath a pension of Ale from the next Smith and Sadler for intelligence : hee loues to fee you ride, and holds your stirrop in expectation.

The true Character of a Dunce.

Helph, or is a peece of earth that Prometheus put not halfe his proportion of fire into. A thing that hath neyther edge of desire, nor feeling of affection in it; the most dan-

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gerous creature for confirming an Atheift, who would fweare his foule were nothing but the bare temperature of his body. Hee fleepes as hee goes, and his thoughts feldome reach an inch further then his eyes. The most part of the faculties of his soule liefallow, or are like the reftine lades, that no spur can drive forwards towards the purfuit of any worthy delignes. One of the most unprofitable of Gods creatures being ashe is, a thing put cleane besides his right vie, made fit for the cart and the flayle; and by mischance intangled amongst-bookes & papers. A man cannot tell possibly what he is now good for, faue to moue vp & downe and fill roome, or to ferue as animatum infrumentum, for others to worke withall in bale imployments, or to bee foyle for better wits, or to ferue (as they fay Monffers doe) to fet out the varietie of nature, and ornament of the vniuerle. He is meere nothing of himselfe, neyther eates, nor drinkes, nor goes, nor spits, but by Imitation, for all which hee hath fet-formes and fashions, which hee neuer varies, but stickes to with the like plodding constancie, that a Millhorfe

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horse followes trace. Both the Muses and the Graces are his hard Mistresses, though he daily invocate them, though he facrifice Hecatombs, they still looke asquint. You firall note him oft (besides his dulleye, and lowting head, and a certaine clammy besummed pace) by a faire displayed Beard, a night Cap, and a Gowne, whose verie wrinckles proclayme him the true Genius offormalitie. But of all others his discourse, and compositions best speake him, both of them are much of one stuffe and fashion. He speakes iust what his bookes or last company faid vnto him, without varying one white, and very seldome vnderstands himfelfe. You may know by his discourse where hee was laft, for what hee heard or read yeflerday, he now dischargeth his memory of Notebooke of, not his understanding, for it neuer came there. What hee hath he flings abroad at all adventures, without accommodating it to time, place, persons, or occafions. Hee commonly loseth himselfe in his tale, & flutters vp and downe windlesse without recouctie, & what soeuer next prefents it felfe, his heavy conceit feizeth vpon, and

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and goeth along with, how euer Heterogeneall to his matter in hand. His Iests are eyther old flead Prouerbs, or leane-steru'd hackney Apothegmes, or poore verball quips, outworne by Scruingmen, Tapsters, and Milkemaydes, euen layd afide by Balladers. Heaffents to all men that bring any shadow of reason, and you may make him when he speakes most Dogmatically even with one breath to auerre poore contradictions. His compositions differ onely terminorum positione from dreames; nothing but rude heapes of immateriall, incoherent, drossie, rubbith stuffe, promiscuously thrust vp together. Enough to infuse dulnesse and barrennelle of conceit into him that is so prodigall of his eares as to give the hearing. Enough to make a mans memory ake with fuffering fuch durtie stuffe cast into it. As vnwelcome to any true conceit, as fluttifli morfels, or wallowish potions to a nice stomacke, which whiles hee empties himfelfe of, it flickes in his teeth, nor can he beedelivered without swear, and fighes, & hems, and coughs, enough to shake his Grandams teeth out of her head. He spits, & scratches, and

charreters.

and spawles, and turnes like ficke men from no one elbow to another, and deferues as much pitty during his torture, as men in fits of Tertian feuers , or felfe-lashing Penitentia. ries. In a word, rippe him quite a funder, and examine enery fired of him, you shall finde him to bee just nothing, but the subject of nothing: the object of contempt; yet fuch as he is you must take him, for there is no hope he fhould euer become better.

A good Wife

Sa mans best moueable, ascien incorpo. Lrate with the flocke, bringing tweet truit; one that to her husband is more than a friend, lesse than trouble : an equall with him in the yoake. Calamities and troubles thee shares alike, nothing pleaseth her that doth not picase him. Shee is relatiue in all, and he without her, but halfe himselfe. Shee is his absent hands, eyes, eares, and mouth: his present and absent All. Shee frames her nature vnto his howfocuer : the Hiacinth followes not the Sun more willingly. Stub= borneffe and obstinacie are herbs that grow

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not in her garden. Shee leaves tailing to the Gossips of the Towne, and is more seene than heard. Her houshold is her charge, her care to that, makes her seldome non resident. Her pride is but to be cleanely, and her thrist not to bee prodigall. By his discretion shee hath children not wantons; a husband without her, is a misety in mans apparell: none but the hath an aged husband, to whom the is both a staffe and a chaite. To conclude, she is both wise and religious, which makes her all this.

A Melancholy Man.

IS a strayer from the droue: one that Nature made a sociable, because she made him man, and a crazed disposition hath altered. Impleasing to all, as all to him; stragling thoughts are his content, they make him dreame waking, there's his pleasure. His imagination is neuer idle, it keepes his mind in a continual motion, as the poise the clocke; hee windes vp his thoughts often, and as often vnwindes them; Penelopes web thriues faster. He'le seldome be found without the shade of some groue, in whose bottome

(baracters.

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tome a river dwels. He carries a cloud in his face, neuer faire weather : his outfide is fra. med to his infide, in that hee keepes a Decorum, both vnseemely. Speake to him; hee heares with his cies, eares follow his minde, and that's not at leafure. Hee thinkes bufinesse, but neuer does any : he is all contemplatton, no action. Hee hewes and fashions his thoughts, as if hee meant them to some purpose, but they proue vnprofitable, as a peece of wrought timber to no vie. His Spirits and the Sunne are enemies; the Sunne bright and warme, his humour blacke and cold: varietie of foolish apparitions people his head, they fuffer him not to breathe, according to the necessities of nature, which makes him sup vp adraught of as much ayre at once, as would ferue at thrice. Hee denies nature her due in sleepe, and ouerpayesher with watchfulneffe nothing pleafeth him long, but that which pleafeth his owne fantalies : they are the confuming cuils, and cuill confumptions that confume him alive. Laftly, he is a man onely in thew, but comes thort of the better part; a a whole reasonable soule, which is mans chiefe

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chiefe preheminence, and sole marke from creatures sensible.

A Saylor

Is a pitcht peece of reason calcht & tack-led, and onely studied to dispute with tempests. He is part of his owne Prouision, for he lives ever pickled. Afore-winde is the fubstance of his Creed; and fresh water the burden of his prayers. Hee is naturally ambitious, for he is ever climing : out of which as naturally he feares; for he is ever flying: time and hee are enery where, ever contending who shall arrive first : hee is well winded, for hee tires the day, and out-tunnes darknesse. His life is like a Hawkes, the best part mewed; and if he live till three coates, is a Master. Hee sees Gods wonders in the deepe: but so as rather they appeare his playfellowes, than stirrers of his zeale nothing but hunger and hard rockes can convert him, and then but his vpper decke neyther; for his hold ney ther feares nor hopes, his fleepes are but reprecuals of his dangers, and when he awakes, tis but next flage to dying. His

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His wisedome is the coldest part about him, for it euer poynts to the North : and it lies lowest, which makes his valour enerie tyce oreflow it. In a storme tis disputable, whether the noyfe be more his or the Elements, & which will first leave scolding; on which fide of the fhip he may bee faued belt, whe. ther his faith bee flarre boord faith, or larboord: or the helme at that time not all his hope of heaven: his keele is the Embleme of his conscience, till it be split he never re. pents, then no farther then the land allowes him, and his language is a new confusion : and all his thoughts new nations : his body and his thip are both one burthen, nor is it knowne who flowes most wine, or rowles most, onely the ship is guided, hee has no fterne : a barnacle and he are bred together both of one nature, and tis fear'd one reason: vpon any but a wooden horse hee cannot ride, and if the winde blow against him hee dare not : hee fwarues vp to his feate as to a fayle-yard, and cannot fir vnlesse hee beare a flag-staffe : if euer hee bee broken to the fadele, tis but a voyage still, for he mistakes the bridle for a bowlin, and is euer turning his

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his horse tayle: he can pray, but tis by rote, not faith, and when he would he dates not, for his brakish beleese hath made that ominous. A rocke or a quicke sand plucke him before hee be ripe, elle hee is gathered to his stiends at Wapping.

A Souldier

TS the husband man of valour, his sword Lis his plough, which honour & aqua-vita, two fiery mettald jades, are euer drawing. A younger brother best becomes Armes; an elder, the thankes for them; every hear makes him a harueft: & discontents abroad are his Sowers : hee is actuely his Princes, but passiuely his angers servant. He is often a defirer of learning, which once arrived ar, proues his strongest armor : he is a louer at all points; and a true defender of the faith of women: more wealth then makes him seeme a handsome foe, lightly hee couets not, lesse is below him: hee never truely wants, but in much having, for then his cafe and lechery afflict him : the word Peace, though in prayer, makes him flart, & God he

he best considers by his power: hunger and cold ranke in the same file with him, and hold him to a man : his honour elfe, and the defire of doing thinges beyond him, would blow him greater then the fonnes of Anacke. His religion is, commonly, as his cause is (doubtfull) and that the best deuotion keepes best quarter : hee seidome sees gray haires, some none at all, for where the tword failes, there the flesh gives fire: in charitie, hee goes beyond the Clergie, for he loues his greatest enemy best, much drin. king. Heefeemes a full Student, for hee is a great defirer of controuerfies, hee argues harpely, & carries his conclusion in a scab. bard; in the first refining of man-kinde this was the gold, his actions are his ammell, His alay (for elfe you cannot worke him perfectly) continuall duties, heavie and wearie marches, lodgings as full of neede as cold diseases. No time to argue, but to exe cute. Line him with thefe, and linke him to his squadrons, and hee appeares a most rich chaine for Princes.

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S a creature made up of shreds, that were pared off from Adam, when he was rough caft. The end of his Being differeth from that of others, and is not to serue God, but to couer sinne. Other mens pride is his best Patton, and their negligence, a maine paffage to his profit. He is a thing of more than ordinary judgement: For by vertue of that, he buyeth land, buildeth bouses and ray seth the low fer roofe of his croffe legged Fortune. His actions are strong encounters, and for their notoriousnesse alwayes vpon Recotd. It is neyther Amadis de Gaule, not the Knight of the Sunne, that is able to refift them. A tenne groates fee letteth them on foote, and a brace of officers bringeth them to execution. He handleth the Spanish pike, to the hazzard of many poore Ægyptian vermins; and in thew of his valour, fcorneth a greater Gantler, then will couer the toppe of his middle finger. Of all weapons hee most affecteth the long Bill, and this he will manage to the great prejudice of a Customers estate. His spirit notwithstanding is not so much as to make you thinke him

man;

man; like a true mongrell, he neyther bites nor barkes, but when your backe is towards him. His heart is a lumpe of congealed Snow : Prometheus was a fleere while it was making. He differeth altogether from God. for with him the best pecces are still marked out for Damnation, and without hope of recovery shall be cast downe into hell. Hee is partly an Alchymift; for hee extracteth his own apparell out of other mens clothes; and when occausion serveth, making a Brokers shop his Alembicke, can turne your filkes into gold, and having furnished his necessities, after a Moneth or two if hee bee vrged vnto it, reduce them againe to their proper substance. Hee is in part likewise an Arithmetician, cunning enough in Multi. plication and Addition, but cannot abide Substraction: Summa totalis, is the language et his Canaan; & vique ad vitimum quadrantem, the period of all his Charitie For any skill in Geometrie, I date not commend him; For hee could neuer yet finde out the dimensions of his owne conscience: Notwithstanding he hath many bottomes, it seemeth this is alwayes bottomelesse. Hee

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is double yarded, and yet his female complayneth of want of measure. And so, with a Libera nos à malo; I leaue you, promising to amend whatsoeuer is amisse, at his next setting.

A Puritane

Is a diseas'd prece of Apocripha: bind him to the Bible, and hee corrupts the whole Text : Ignorance and fat feed, are his Founders; his Nurses, Rayling, Rabbies, and round breeches: his life is but a borrowed blast of winde; For betweene two religions, as between two doores, he is ever whiftling. Truly whose childe he is, is yet vnknowne; For willingly his faith allowes no Father: onely thus farre his pedegree is found, braggerand hee flourisht about a time first; his fiery zeale keepes him continuall costiue, which withers him into his owne translation, and till hee eate a Schooleman, hee is hide-bound; he cuer prayes against Non Refidents, but is himselfe the greatest discontinuer, for hee neuer keepes neere his Text: any thing that Law allowes, but Marriage, and March-beere, he murmures at ; what it dif-

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difallowes & holds dangerous, makes him a discipline. Where the gate stands open, he is euer feeking a ftile: and where his learning ought to climbe, hee creepes through; give him advice, you run into Traditions, & vrge a modest course, her cries out Councels. His greatest care is to contemne the obedience, his last care is to setue God, handfomely and cleanely; He is now become fo crofic akinde of teaching, that should the Church enioyne cleane shirts, he were low. fie. more sense than single prayers is not his; nor more in those, than still the same petitions: from which hee eyther feares a learned faith, or doubts God vnderstands not at first hearing. Show him a Ring, heruns backe like a Beare; and hares square dealing as allied to caps: a paire of Organs blow him out o'the Parish, and are the onely glisterpipes to coole him. Where the meate is best, there hee confutes most, his arguing is but the efficacie of his eating : good bits hee holds breed good positions, and the Pope hee best concludes against, in Plum-broth, Hee is often drunke, but not as we are, tempotally, nor can his sleepe then cure him, for the

the fumes of his ambition make his very Soule to reele, and that small Beere that should allay him (filence) keepes him more surferted, and makes his heate breake out in private houses: Women and I awyers are his best Disciples, the one next fruite, longs for forbidden Doctrine, the other to maintaine forbidden titles, both which he sowes amongst them. Honest hee dare not be, for that loves order: yet if he can be brought to Ceremony, and made but Master of it, he is converted.

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IS a hie-way to the Deuill, he that lookes upon her with deite, begins his voyage: hee that stayes to talke with her, mends his pace, & who enjoyes her; is at his journeys end. Her body is the tilted Lees of pleasure, dash touer with a little decking to hold colour: tast her shee's dead, and tals upon the pallate; the sinnes of other women shew in Landscip, starre off and full of shadow, hers in Statue, neere hand and bigger in the life: she prickes betimes, for her stocke is a white thorne, which cut & grasted on, shee growes

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a Medler : Her trade is opposite to any other, for shee fets vp without credit, and too much custome breakes her; The money that the gets is like a traytors, given onely to corrupt her; and what shee gets, serues but to pay diseases. She is euer moor'd in sinne, and euer mending, & after thirty, face is the Chirurgions creature, fhame & Repentance are two strangers to her, and onely in an hospirall acquainted. Shee lives a Reprobate, like Caine, still branded, finding no habitatic on birt her feares and flies the face of Iuflice like a Fellon. The first yeare of her trade she is an Eyeffe, scratches and cryes to draw on more affection: the fecond Soare the third a Ramage whore : the fourth & fifth, fhee's an intermewer, pryes for her felfe, & rutles all face reaches; from thence to tenne fac n beares the name of white Whore, for thes her bloud forfakes her with falt Rheumes, and now thee has mewd three coates; now Thee growes weary and discas'd together, fauours her wing, checks little, but lies for it, bathes for her health, and scoures to keep her coole, yet ftill fhee takes in stones, shee fires her felfe elfe: the next remove his Hag. gatd,

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gard, still more cunning, and if my Art deceiue mee not, more crazie. All cares and cures are doubled now vpon her, and line her perch, or now shee mewes her pounces, at all these yeeres shee slies at sooles and kils too: the next is Bussard Bawde, and there Ileaueher.

A very Whore.

IS a woman. She enquires out all the great meetings, which are inedicines for her itching. Shee killeth open mouth'd, and fpits in the palmes of her hands to make them moyft. Her eyes are like tree-booters, living vpon the spoyle of stragglers, & she baits her defires with a million of prostitute countenances and entilements; in the light fhee liftneth to parlies : but in the darkefhe vnderstands signes best. Shee will sell her smocke for Cuffes, and fo her shooes bee fine, shee cares not though her stockings want feete. Her modestie is curiositie, and her smell is one of her best ornaments. Sheepasseth not a span bredth. And to have done, shee is the Cooke and the meate, dressing her selfe all day, and to be tafted with the better appetite at night.

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A meere common Lawyer.

IS the best shadow to make a discreete one show the fairer. He is a Materia prima informed by reports, actuated by Statutes, and hath his Motion by the fauourable Intelligence of the Court, His law is alwayes furmisht with a Commission to arraigne his Conscience: but vpon judgement given, he viually fers it at large. Hee thinkes no language worth knowing but his Barragouin. Onely for that point hee hath beene a long time at wars with Priscian for a Northerne Province. Hee imagines that by superexcellencie his profession onely is learning; and that it's a prophanation of the temple to his Themis dedicated, if any of the liberall Arts be there admitted to offer ftrange incenfe to Her. For indeed he is all for money. Scuen or eight yeares squires him out, some of his Nation leffe standing : and ever fince the Night of his Call, he forgot much what he was at dinner. The next morning his man (in Actu or potentia) enioyes his pickadels. His Landresse is then shrewdly troubled in fitting him a Ruffe; His perpetuall badge. His loue-letters of the last yeare of his Gen-

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elemanship are flute with discotinuances, remitters, & oncore prifit: but now being enabled to speake in proper person, he talkes of a French-hood, in stead of a loyture, wages his law, and ioynes iffue. Then he begins to sticke his letters in his ground Chambetwindow; that so the superscription may make his Squire thip transparent. His He= raldry gives him place before the Minister, because the Law was before the Gospell. Next terme he walkes his hoopfleene gown to the Hall; there it proclaymes him. Hee feeds fat in the Reading, and till it chances tohis turne, diflikes no house order fo much, as that the mouth is so contracted to a fortnight. Mongsi his countrie neighbours, he arrogates as much honor for being Reader of an Inne of Chancery, as if it had beene of his owne house. For they, poore soules, take Law and Conscience, Court & Chancery for all one. He learn'd to frame his Cafes from putting Riddles & imitating Merlins Prophefies, & fo fet all the Croffe-row together by the cares. Yet his whole Law is not able to decide Lucians one oide contronersie'twixt Tan and Sigma. Hee accounts no

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no man of his Cap and Coat idle, but who trots not the Circuit. Hee affects no life or qualitie for it selfe, but for gaine; and that at least, to the stating him in a lustice of peace ship, which is the first quickning soule Superadded to the elementary and inanimate forme of his new Title. His Termes are his wines vacations. Yet shee then may vsurpe diners Court-dayes, and hath her Returnes in Mensem, for writs of entry: often shorter. His vacations are her Termers. But in affife time (the circuit being long) hee may have a triall at home against him by Ness prius. Noway to heaven, hee thinkes, fowise, as through Westminster Hall; and his Clarkes commonly through it visit both heaven & hell. Yet then hee oft forgets his journeys end, although he looke on the Starre-chamber. Neyther is hee wholly destitute of the Atts. Grammer he hath enough to make terminations of those words which his authoritie hath indenizon'd. Rhetoricke some; but fo little, that its thought a concealement, Logicke enough to wrangle. Arithmeticke enough for the Ordinals of his yearebooks; and number-roles : but he goes not to Mal. tipli-

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tiplication; there's a Statute against it. So much Geomeirie, that he can aduile in a Perambulatione facienda, or a Rationalibus dinifis. In Astronomie and Aftrologie he is fo farre feene, that by the Dominicall letter, hee knowes the Holy-dayes, and findes by Calculation that Michaelmas Terme will bee long and dirry. Marry, he knowes fo much in Musicke, that he affects onely the most & cunningest Difcords; rarely a perfect Concord, especially song, except in fine. His skill in Perspectine endeauours much to deceive the eye of the Law, and gines many talle colours. Hee is specially practifed in Necromancie (fuch a kind as is out of the Statute of Primo) by rayling many dead questions. What sufficiencie he hath in Criticisme, the foule copies of his speciall pleas will tell you. Many of the same coate, which are much to be honoured, partake of diners of his indifferent qualities , but fo, that Diferetion, vertue, and sometimes other good learning, concurring and diftinguishing Ornaments to them, make them as a foyle to fet their worth on.

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(baracters.

A Meere Scholler

A Meere scholler is an intelligible Asse: Ot a filly fellow in blacke, that speakes Sentences more familiarly then Sence. The Antiquitie of his Vniuerfine is the Creed, and the excellencie of his Colledge (though but for a match at Foot-ball) an Article of his faith : hee speakes Latine better then his Mother tongue; and is a stranger in no part of the world, but his owne Countrey : hee do's viually tell great stories of himselie to small purpose, for they are commonly ridiculous, be they true or falle : his Ambition is, that he eyther is, or shall be a graduate but if ouer he get a Fellowship, he ha's then no fellow. In fpight of all Logicke hee date Iweare and maintaine ir, that a Cuckold& a Townei-man are Termini connertibiles, though his Mothers Husband be an Alda. man: he was neuer begotten (as it feemes) without much wrangling; for his whole life is frent in Pro & Contra : his tongu goes alwayes before his wit, like Gentle man viber, but somewhat faster. That he's a compleat Gallant mall points, Cap a pea, witnesse his horsemanship, and the wearing

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of his weapons: he is commonly long winded, able to speake more with ease, than any man can endure to heare with parience. V. ninerficie iests are his vniuerfall discourse, & his newes the demeanor of the Proctors: his Phrase, the apparell of his minde, is made of divers fireds like a cufhion; and when it goes plaineft, it hath a rash outside, & fustian linings. The currant of his speech is clos'd with an Ergo; and what ever bethe quefrion, the truth is on his fide. Tisa wrong to his reputatio to be ignorat of any thing; Exyct he knows not that he knows nothing: he gives directions for Husbandry from Virgils Georgicks; for Cattlefrom his Bucalicks; for warlike Stratagems, from his deneides, or Cafars Commentaries: he orders all things by the Booke is skillfull in all trades, and thrives in none : hee is led more by his cares then his understanding, taking the found of wordes for their true fenfe; and do's therefore confidently belowne, that Erra Pater was the Father of heretickes, Rodolphus Agricola, a substantiali Farmer, & will not flicke to auerre, that Systema's Logicke doth excell Keckermans : is ill lucke is not

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fo much in being a foole, as in being put to fuch paines to expresse it to the world for what in others is naturall, in him (with much adoe) is attificiall: his pouertie is his happinesse, for it makes some men beleeue, that he is none of fortunes sauorites. That learning which hee hath, was in Non-age put in backeward like a glister, and its now like ware mislayd in a pedlers pack; a ha's it, but knowes not where it is. In a word, he is the Index of a man, and the Title-page of a Scholler, or a Puritane in morality, much in prosession nothing in practise.

ATinker

I S a mooueable: for hee hath no abiding place; by his motion hee gathers heate, thence his chollericke nature. He feemes to be very deuout, for his life is a continuall pilgrimage, and sometimes in humility goes barefoote, therein making necessitie vertue. His house is as ancient as Tubal Caines, and so is a runnagate by antiquitie; yet he proues himselfe a Gallant, for hee carries all his wealth vpon his backe; or a Philosopher, for he

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he beares all his substance about him. From his Art was Musicke first invented, & therefore is he alwayes furnisht with a fong : to which his hammer keeping tune, proucs that hee was the first founder of the Kettledrumme. Note that where the best Ale is, there stands his musicke most vpon crotchets. The companion of his trauels is some foule sunne-burnt Queane, that fince the terrible Statute recanted Gypsisme, and 18 turned Pedleresse. So marches hee all ouer England with his bag and baggage. His conucrfation is vnreproneable; for hee is cuer mending. Hee observes truely the Statutes, and therefore he had rather steale then beg, in which he is vnremoueably constant in spight of whips or imprisonment : and fo a strong enemie to idlenesse, that in mending one hole, hee had rather make three then want worke; and when hee hath done, he throwes the Wallet of his faults behind him. Hee embraceth naturally ancient cuflomes, converting in open fields, and lowly Cottages. If he vilite Cities or Townes, tis but to deale vpon the imperfections of our weaker veffels. His tongue is very volutile, whic's

which with Canting proues him a Linguist. Hee is entertain'd in enery place, but enters no further then the doore, to anoyde fuspicion. Some would take him to bee a Coward; but beleeve it, hee is a Lad of mertle, his valout is commonly three or foure yardes long, tastined to a pike in the end for flying off. He is very provident, for he will fight but with one at once, and then also her had rather submit then bee counted obstinate. To conclude, if he scape Tyburne and Banbury, he dies a begger.

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An Apparatour

Sa Chicke of the egge Abuse, hatcht by the warmth of authoritie: hee is a bird of rapine, and beginnes to prey and seather together. Hee croakes like a Rauen against the death of rich men, and so gets a Legacie vnbequeathd: his happinesse is in the multitude of children, for their increase is his wealth; and to that end, hee himselse yearely addes one.

Hee is a cumping hunter, vncouping his intelligencing hounds, vnder hedges, in thickets

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thickers and corne-fields, who follow the chase to City-Suburbs, where often his game is at couere : his quiver hangs by his fide, fluft with filuer arrowes, which hee shootes against Church-gates, and private mens doores, to the hazard of their purfes and credit. There went but a paire of theeres betweene him and the purfluant of Hell, for they both delight in finne, grow richer by it, and are by inflice appointed to punish it : onely the Diuell is more cunning, for hee pickes a lining out of others gaines. His living lyeth in his eyes which (like spirits) hee fends through chinkes, and keyholes, to furuey the places of darkeneffe; for which purpote hee studieth the opticks, but can discouer no colour but blacke, for the pure white of chastitie dazeleth his cycs.

Hee is a Catholike, for hee is every where ; and with a Politicke, for hee transformes himselfe into all thapes. Hee trauels on foote to anoyde idlenelle, and loues the Church entirely, because it is the place

of his edification.

Hee accommpts not all finnes mortall:

for fornication with him is a venial finne, and to take bribes a matter of charitie: hee is collector for burnings, and losses at Sea, and in casting account, can readily substract the lesser from the greater summe. Thus lives he in a golden age, till Death by a processe, summons him to appeare.

An Almanacke-maker.

T Sthe worst part of an Astronomer:a crea-Lture compact of figures, characters, and exphers: out of which hee scores the fortune of a yeare, not so profitably, as doubtfully. He is tenat by cultome to the Planets, of whom he holds the 12. Houses by leafe paroll: to them hee payes yearely rent, his fludie, and time; yet lets them out againe (with all his heart) for 40. s. per annum. His life is meerely contemplatine : for his practife, tis worth nothing, at least not wor. thy of credit; and if (by chance) hee purchale any, hee lofeth it agains at the yeares end, for time brings truth to light. Ptolomy and I icho-Brache are his Patrons, whose volumes he vnderstands not, but admires; and

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the rather because they are Strangers, and so easier to bee credited, than controul'd. His life is vpright, for he is alwayes looking vpward; yet dares beleeue nothing about Primum mobile, for tis out of the reach of his lacobs staffe. His charity extends no further then to the Mounte-banks & Sow-gelders, to whom hee bequeathes the seasons of the yeare, to kill or torture by. The verses in his Booke haue a worse pace then euer had Rochefter Hackney: for his Profe, tis dappled with Inke horn tearmes, and may ferue for an Almanacke: but for his judging at the vncertaintie of weather any old Shepheard shall make a Dunce of him. Hee would bee thought the Diuels intelligencer for stolne goods: if ever he steale out of that quality, as a flie turnes to a Maggor, so the cortuption of the cunning-man is the generation of an Empericke: his works flye forth in [mall volumes, yet not all, for many ride post to chaunders and Tobacco-shops in tolio. To be briefe, hee fals 3. degrees short of his promiles; yet is he the Key to volocke Termes, and Law-dayes, a dumbe Mercurie to point out high-wayes, and a bayliffe of all Marts and

and Faires in England Therest of him youshall know next yeare; for what he will be then, he himselfe knowes not.

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An Hypocrite

Is a guided Pell, compos'd of two vertuous ingredients, Natural deflorestie and Artificial deformation. Simple Fruit, Plant, or Drug, he is none, but a deformed mixture, bred betwixt Euill nature and false Art, by a monstrous generation; and may well bee put into the teckoning of those creatures that God neuer made. In Church or Common-wealth (for in both the fethis Mangrell-weede will shoot) it is hard to say whether he be Physicke or a Discase: for he is both in divers respects.

As he is gilt with an out-fide of Seeming paritie, or as he offereth himselfeto you to be taken downe in a cup or tast of Goldan scale and Simplicitie, you may call himply-ficke. Nay, and neuer let potion gine Patient good stoole, if being truely tasted & reinst, he bee not as loathsome to the stomacke of any honest man. He is also Physicke in being as commodious for vse, as hee is odious in taste,

tafte, if the Body of the companie into which he taken, can make true vie of him. For the malice of his nature makes him so Informer-like-dangerous, in taking advantage, of any thing done or faid: yea, even to the ruine of his makers, if he may have benefit; that fuch a creature in a focietie makes men as carefull of their speeches and actions, as the fight of a knowne cut-purse in a throng makes them watchfull ouer their putles and pockets : he is also in this respect profitable Physicke, that his conuerfaction being once truely tafted and discouered, the hatefull foulenesse of it will make those that are not fully like him, to purge all fuch difeafes as are ranke in him, out of their owne lives; as the fight of some citizens on horse-back, makes a judicious man amend his owne faults in horsemanship. If none of these vies can bee made of him, let him not long offend the stomacke of your company; your best way is to spue him out. That hee is a Disease in the body where he liueth, were as strange a thing to doubt, as whether there be knauery in Horse coursers For it among Sheepe, the tot; amongst Dogs, the mange; amongst Horles, H

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Horses, the glaunders; amongst Men and Women, the Northerne itch, & the French Ache be diseases; an Hypocrite cannot but bee the like in all States and Societies that breede him. If he be a Cleargie Hypocrite, then all manner of vice is for the most part fo proper to him, as he will grudge any man the practife of it but himfelte; like that graue Burgesle, who being desited to lend his cloathes to represent a part in a Comedie, answered : No, by his leave, he would have no body to play the foole in his cloathes but him. felfe. Hence are his fo auftere reprehenfions of drinking healths, lasciouious talke, vsurie and vnconscionable dealing; when as himselse hating the profane mixture of malt and water, will by his good will let nothing come within him, but the puritie of the Grape, when hee can get it of anothers coft : But this must not bee done neyther, without a preface of feeming lothnesse, tur. ning vp the eyes, mouing the head, laying att hand on the breft, and protefting that he An would not doe it, but to firengthen his body, being even confursed with diffembled tine zeale, and tedious and thankeleffe babling on

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to God and his Auditors. And for the other vices, I doe but venture the making your selfe privat with him, or trusting of him,& if you come off without a fauour of the aire which his foule is infected with, you have great fortune. The fardle of all this ware that is in him, you shall commonly see carried vpon the backe of thefe two beafts, that live within him, Ignorance and Imperion fneffe: & they may well ferue to carrie other vices, for of themselves they are insupportable. His Ignorance acquites him of all science, humane or diuine, and of all Language, but his mothers; holding nothing pure, holy, or fincere, but the fenfeleffe collections of his owne crazed braine, the zea-10. lous fumes of his enflamed spirit, and the of endlesse labours of his eternall tongue; the octs motions whereof, when matter and words ner, fayle (as they often doe) must bee patched tur. vp, to accomplish his foure houres in a day ing at the least, with long and feruent hummes. he Any thing elfe, eyther for language or matbo- et he cannot abide, but thus censureth : Labled tine, the language of the Beaft; Greeke, the ing tongue wherein the Heathen Poets wrote their

their fictions; Hebrew, the speech of the Iews, that crucified Christ: Controversies doe not edific, Logicke and Philosophie, are the subulties of Satan, to deceive the Simple. Humane stories profame, & not saucuring of the Spirit: In a word, all decent and sensible forme of speech and perswasion (though in his owne tongue) vaine Ostentation. And all this is the burthen of his Ignorance: saving that sometimes Idlenesse will put in also to

beare a part of the baggage.

His other Beaft Imperiousnesse is yet more proudly loaden, it carrieth a burthen, that no cords of Authoritie, Spinitual, nor Temperall, should binde, if it might have the full swindge. No Pilat, no Prince should command him: Nay, he will command them, and at his pleasure censure them, if they will not suffer their cares to be settered with the long chaines of his tedious collations, their purses to be emptied with the innuadations of his vusatiable humour, and their judgements to be blinded with the must of his zealous Ignorance. For this doth he familiarly insult over his Maintainer that breedes him, his Patrone that seedes him, &

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in time ouer all them that will fuffer him to fet a foote within their doores, or put a finger in their purses. All this, and much more is in him, that abhorting Degrees and Vninersities, as relickes of Superstition , hath leapt from a Shopboord, or a Cloke-bagge, to a Deske, or Pulpit, & that like a Sea god in a Pageant, hath the rotten laths of his culpable life, and palpable ignorance, couered ouer with the painted-cloth of a pure gowne, and a night-cap; and with a falle Trumpet of Fained zeale, drawerh after him some poore Nymphes and Mad-men, that delight more to refort to darke Caues and fecret places, then to open & publike affemblies. The Lay-hypocrite, is to the other a Champion, Disciple, and Subiect; and will not acknowledge the tythe of the Subjection, to any Miter; no, not to any Scepter, that hee will doe to the hooke & crooke of his zealeblinde Shepheard. No lesuits demand more blinde and absolute obedience from their vallals no Magistrates of the Canting lociety, more flauish subjection from the members of that travelling state, then the Clerke Hypocrites expect from these lay. Pupils. H 3 Nay,

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Nay, they must not onely be obeyed, sedde, and desended, but admired too: and that their Lay-sollowers doe as sincerly, as a shirtlesse sellow with a Cudgell under his arme doth a face-wringing Ballad-singer: a Water-bearer on the floore of a Play-house, a wide-mouth'd Poet, that speakes nothing but bladders and bumbast. Otherwise, for life and profession, nature and Art, inward and outward, they agree in all, like Canters and Gypsies: they are all zeale, no knowledge: all puritie, no humanitie: all simplicitie, no honessie: and if you never trust them, they will never deceive you.

A Maquerela in plaine English a Bawd

Is an olde Char-cole, that hath beene burut her selfe, and therefore is able to kindle a whole greene Coppice. The burden of her song is like that of Frier Bacons Head; Time is, Time was, and Time is past: in repeating which, she makes a wicked brazen face, and weepes in the cuppe, to allay the heat of her Aqua-vita. Her teeth are false out; marry her nose, and chin, intend very shortly to be

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be friends, and meete about it. Her yeeres are fixtie & odde: that fhe accounts her beft time of trading; for a Band is like a Medlar, face's not ripe, till fhe be rotten. Her ennie is like that of the Deuill, to have all faire women like her; and because it is impossible they should earth it being so yong, the hurries them to it by diseases Her Parke is a villanous barren ground; and all the Deere in itare Rascall : yet poore Cottagers in the Countrie (that know her but by heare-fay) thinke well of her; for what thee encloses to day, thee makes Common to morrow. Her goods and her selfe are all remou'd in one fort, onely thee makes bold to take the vpper hand of them, and to be carted before them; the thought of which, makes her the cannot endure a posser, because it puts her in minde of a Bason. Shee sits continually at a rackt Rent; especially, if her Landlord beare office in the parish: for her moueables in the house; (besides her quicke cattle) they are not worth an Innentory, onely her beds are most commonly in print : face can eafily turne a Sempstreffe into a vayting Gentle-woman, but her Ward-robe is most infectious, for

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it brings them to the Falling-ficknesse : thee hath onely this one flew of Temperance, that let a gentleman fend for ten pottles of wine in her house, he shall have bur ten quarts: & if he want it that way, let him pay for't, and take it out in stewde prunes. The lustices Clarke stands many times her very good friend : and workes her peace with the Iuflice of Quorum. Nothing loyes her fo much, as the comming ouer of Strangers, nor daunts her so much as the approach of Shroue tuelday. In fine, not to foule more paper with fo foule a subject, hee that hath past under her, hath past the Equinoctial He that hath scap't her, hath scap't worse then the Calenture.

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A Chamber mayde

Shee is her mistresse shee Secretary, and keepes the boxe of her teeth, her haire, & her painting very private. Her industrie is vp stayres, and down-stayres like a Drawer and by her drie hand you may know shee is a fore starcher. It she lye at her Masters beds feete, shee is quite of the Greenesicknesse for ever; For shee hath terrible dreames when shee

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the is awake, as if the were troubled with the Night Mare. She hath a good liking to dwel i'th Countrie, but thee holds London the goodlieft Forrest in England, to fhelter 2 great belly. She reades Greenes workes ouer and outer, but is fo carried away with the Mirror of Knighthood, Thee is many times refolu'd to runne out of her felfe, and become a Lady Errant. If the carch a clap, the divides it so equally betweene the Master & the Seruingman, as if the had cut out the getting of it by a Thread : onely the knaue Summer makes her bowleboory, and ouer-reach the Mafter. The Pedant of the house, though he promife her marriage, cannot grow further inward with her, the hath payd for her credulitie often, and now growes weary. She likes the forme of our marriage very well, in that a woman is not tyed to answer to any Articles concerning question of her Virginitie: Her minde, her body, and clothes are parcels loofely tackt together, and for want of good vtterance, face perpetually laughes out her meaning. Her Miffris and the helpe to make away Time, to the idleft putpofc that can bee, eyther for loue or money. In briefe

briefe, these Chamber-may des are like Lotte.
ries: you may draw twentie, ere one worth
any thing.

A Precisian

TO speake no otherwise of this varnishe I rottenneffe then in truth and veritie hee is, I must define him to bee a demute Creature, full of orall Sanctirie, and mentallimpietie; a faire obiect to the eye, but starke naught for the vnderstanding: or else a violent thing, much given to contradiction. He will be fure to be in opposition with the Papift, though it bee sometimes accompanied with an absurditie; like the Ilanders neere adioyning vnto China, who falute by putting off their shooes, because the men of China doe it by their Hats. If at any time he fast, it is vpon Sunday, and hee is sure to feast vpon friday. Hee can better afford you ten lies, than one oath, & date commit any finne gilded with a pretence of fanditie. He will not flicke to commit fornication or Adulterie; foit be done in the feare of God, and for the propagation of the godly; and can find in his heart to lye with any whore, faue the whore of Babylon. To steale hec holds

holds it lawfull, so it be from the wicked & Egyptians. Hee had rather fee Antichrist, then a picture in the Church window : and chuseth rather to bee halfe hanged, then to fee a legge at the name of I a s v s, or one standat the Creede. He conceines his prayer in the kitchin, rather then in the Church, and is of fo good discourse, that hee dares challenge the Almighty totalke with him ex tempore. He thinkes every Organist is in the flate of damnation, & had rather heare one of Robert Wisedomes psalmes, then the best Hymne a Cherubin can fing. Hee will not breake winde without an Apologie, or asking forgiuenesse,nor kisse a Gentlewoman for feare of lufting after her. Hee hath nicknamde all the Prophets and Apostles with his Sonnes, and begets nothing but Vertues for Daughters. Finally hee is so sure of his faluation, that hee will not change places in heauen with the Virgin Mary, without boote.

An Innes of Court man

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HE is distinguished from a Scholler by a payre of filke stockings, and a Beauer Hat, which makes him contemne a Scholler

as much as a Scholler doth a Schoolema. fter. By that he hath heard one mooring,& feene two playes, he thinkes as bafely of the Vniuerfity, as a young Sophister dorh of the Grammer-Schoole. Hee talkes of the Vninersia ty, with that state, as if hee were her Chancellour; findes fault with alterations, & the fall of Discipline, with an It was no: fo when I was a fludent; although that was within this hake yeare. Hee will talke ends of Latine though it be falle, with as great confidence, as cuer Gicero could pronounce an Oration; though his best authors for't, bee I avernes & Ordinaries. He is as farre behinde a Courtier in his fashion, as a Scholler is behinde him : and the best grace in his behausour, is to forget his acquaintance. Hee laughes at every man whole Band fits not well, or that hath not a faire shoo-tie, & he is ashamed to be seene in any mans company that weares not his cloathes well. His very effence hee placeth in his out-fide, & his chiefest prayer is, that his revenues may hold out for Taffata cloakes in the Summer, and Veluet in the Winter. For his recreation, hee had rather goe to a Citizens wife, then a Bawdyhouse,

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house, onely to saue charges: and he holds Fee-tayle to bee absolutely the best tenure. To his acquaintance he offers two quarts of wine, for one hee gives. You shall never see him melancholly, but when he wants a new Suite, or searces a Seargeant. At which times onely, hee betakes himselfe to Ploydon. By that he hath read Littleton, he can call Solon, Lycurgus, and sufficient, sooles, and dares compare his Law to a Lord chiefe suffice.

. A meere fellow of an house

The is one whole Hopes commonly exceed his fortunes, and whole minde foares aboue his purse. If hee hath read Tacitus Guicebardine, or Gallo-Belgicus, he contemnes the late Lord Treasurer, for all the state policie hee had; and laughes to thinke what a toole hee could make of Salomon, if hee were now aliue. Hee neuer weares new cloathes, but against a commonly a degree behinde the fashion. Hee hath swome to see London once a yeare, though all his businesse be to see a play, walke a turne in Pauls, and observe the fashion. He thinkes it a discredit

credit to becout of debt, which hee never likely cleeres, without refignation money. Hee will not leave his part hee hath in the priniledge ouer young Gentlemen, in going bare to him for the Empyre of Germanie: He prayes as heartily for a fealing, as a Cormorant doth for a deere yeare: yet commonly he spends that revenue before he receives it. At meales, he fits in as great stare over his Peny-commons, as euer Vitellius did at his greatest banquet : and takes great delight in comparing his fareto my Lord Mayors. If he be a leader of a Faction, hee thinkes himselfe greater then euer Cafar was, or the Turkeat thisday is. And he had rather lose an inheritance then an office, when he stands for it. It hee be to trauell, hee is longer furnishing himselfe for a fine miles journey, then a thippe is rigging for a leauen yeares voyage. Hee is neuer more troubled, then when hee is to maintaine talke with a Gentle-woman: wherein hee commits more abfurdities, then a clowne in cating of an egge. He thinkes himselfe as fine when hee is in a cleane Band, and a new payre of shooes, as any Courtier doth, when he is first in a new fashion.

fashion. Lastly, hee is one that respects no man in the *Vniuersitie*, and is respected by no man out of it.

A worthy commander in the Warres.

I S one that accounts learning the noutifh-ment of military vertue, and layer that as his first foundation He neuer bloudies his fword but in heat of battle; and had rather laue one of his owne Souldiers, then kill ten of his enemies. Hee accounts it an idle, vaine glorious, and suspected bountie, to be full of good words; his rewarding therefore of the deserver arives so timely, that his liberalitie can neuer be faid to be gowtyhanded He holds it next his Creed, that no coward can be an honest man , & dare die in't. He doth not thinke his body yeelds a more spreading shadow after a victory then before; and when he lookes vpon his enemies dead body, tis with a kinde of noble heautnesse, not insultation; he is so honourably mercifull to women infurprizall, that onely, that makes him an excellent Conttier, He knowes the hazards of battles, not the pompe of Ceremonies, are Souldiers bett Theaters.

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Theaters, and striues to gaine reputation not by the multitude, but by the greatueffe of his actions. Hee is the first in guing the charge, and the last in tetiring his toote. Equal toyle he endures with the common Souldier, from his example they all take fire, as one torch lights many. Hee understands in warre, there is no meane to crre twice; the first, & last fault being sufficient to ruine an Armie: taults thereforehe pardons none, they that are presidents of disorder, or mutiny, repayre it by being examples of his Infice. Befiege him neuer fo ftrielly, fo long as the ayre is not cut from him, his heart faints not. He hath learned as well to make vie of a victorie as to get it, and purining his enemy like a whirle-winde carries all afore him , being affured, if euer a man will benefit himselfe voon his foe, then is the time, when they have loft force, wifedome, courage and reputation. The goodnesse of his cause is the special motion to his valour neuer is hee knowne to flight the weakest enemie that comes arm'd against him in the hand of Iustice. Halty and overmuch heat hee accounts the Stepdame to all great actions,

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actions, that will not fuffer them to thrive; if he cannot ouercome his enemie by force, he does it by Time. If ever hee shake hands with warre, hee can die more calmely then most Courtiers, for his continual dangers have beene as it were to many meditations of death he thinkes not our of his owne calling, when he accounts life a continual warfare, and his prayers then best become him when armed Cap a pea. Heevitters them like the great Hebrew generall, on horsebacke. He cafts a smiling contempt vpon Calumny, it meets him as if glaffe thould encounter Adamant. He thinkes warre is never to be given ore, but on one of thefe three conditions: an affured peace, absolute victory, or an honest death. Lastly, when peace folds him vp, his filuer head should leane neere the golden Scepter, and die in his Princes bosome.

Avaine-glovious Coward in Command

IS one that hath bought his place, or come
to it by fome Noble-mans letter: he loues
a life dead payes, yet wishes they may rather
happen in his company by the scuruy, then
by a battle. View him at a Muster, and hee

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goes with fuch a noise, as if his body were the wheele-barrow that carried his judgement rumbling to drill his Souldiers. No man can worfe define betweene Pride & no. ble Courtefie: he that falutes him not fo farre as a Pistoll carries levell, gives him the difgull or affront , chuse you whether. He traines by the booke, and reckons to many postures of the Pike and Musket, as if hee were counting at Noday. When he comes at first upon a Camilado, he lookes like the blow away the enemy; but at the very fift foure windes in painting, as if hee would onset suffers feare and trembling to dresse hi themselues in his face apparantly. He scorns like any man should take place before him : yet w at the entring of a breach, hee hath beene lo O humble-minded, as to let his Lieutenant w lead his Troopes for him. Hee is fo fure ar. be med for taking hurt, that hee feldome does (b any: and while he is putting on his Armes, on he is thinking what fumme he can make to the farisfie his ransome. Hee will rayle openly he against all the great Commanders of the ad-the verse partie, yet in his owne conscience al-gra lowes them for better men; fuch is the natha ture

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ture of his feare, that contrary to all other filthy qualities, it makes him thinke better of another man then himfelfe. The first part of him that is fer a running, is his Eye-fight: when that is once ftrucke with terrour, all the Coffine physicke in the world cannot flay him; if euer hee doe any thing beyond his owne heart, tis for a Knighthood, and hee is the first kneeles for't without bidding.

A Pyrate

TRuely defined, is a bold Traytour, for hee full fortifies a castle against the King. Give efic him fea-roome in neuer fo fmall a veffell, & ike a witch in a Sieue, you would thinke he yet were going to make merry with the Diuel. e fo Of all callings his is most desperate, for hee will not leave off his theeuing though hee at bein a narrow prison, and looke eucry day los (by tempest or fight) for execution. Hee is nes, one plague the Diuell hath added, to make e to the Sea more terrible then a storme; and his enly heart is fo hardned in that rugged element, ead-that hee cannot repent, though he view his e al-graue (before him) continually open : hee hath so little of his owne, that the house he fleepes

fleepes in is stolne; all the necessities of life he filches, but one : hee cannot steale a found fleepe, for his troubled conscience: He is very gentle to those vnder him, yet his rule is the horriblest tyranny in the world, for he gives licence to all rape, murder, and crueltie in his owne example: what he gets, is imall vie to him, onely lives by it, (tomewhat the longer) to doe a little more feruice to his belly; for he throwes away his treafure vpon the there in ryot, as it hee cast it into the Sea. He is a cruell Hanke that flies at all but his owne kinde : and as a Whale never comes a fhore but when the is wounded for he very seldome, but for his necessities. He is the Marchants Booke, that ferues onely to reckon vp his loffes; a perpetuall plague to noble trafficke, the Hurican of the Sea, and the Earth-quake of the exchange. Yet for all this give him but his pardon, and forgive giue him restitution, hee may liue to know the infide of a Church, and die on this fide Wapping.

An ordinary Fencer

Is a fellow, that befide shaving of endgels, hath a good in fight into the world, for he

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hath long beene beaten to it. Flesh & bloud he is like other men; but furely nature meas him Stockfish: his and a Dancing Schoole, are inseparable adjuncts; and are bound, though both stinke of weare most abomi. nably, neyther shall complaine of annoyance: three large bauins fet vphis Trade, with a bench; which (in the vacation of the afternoone) hee yses for his day bed; for a fitkin to piffe in, hee shall bee allowed that, by those that make Allom: when hee comes on the Stage at his Prize, hee makes alegge feuen feuerall wayes, and ferambles for money, as if hee had beene borne at the Bathe in Somerfet-fhire : at his challenge hee hewes his mettall; for contrary to all rules of Physicke, he dare bleede, though it bee in the dog-dayes: he teaches Deuillish play in's Schoole, but when hee fights himfelte, hee doth it in the feare of a good Christian. He compounds quarrels among his Schollers, and when hee hath brought the bufineffe to agood vpshot, he makes the reckoning. His wounds are seldome aboue skin-deepe; for an inward bruise, Lambe-stones and sweetebreads are his onely Sperma Ceti, which hee cates

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eates at night, next his heart fasting: ftrange Schoole-masters they are, that every day set a man as farre backeward as hee went forward; and throwing him into a frange pofture teach him to thresh fatufaction out of iniurie. One signe of a good nature is, that he is still open breasted to his friends, for his foyle, and his doublet, weare not aboue two buttons : and resolute he is, for he so much fcorns to take blowes, that he neuer weares Cuffes; and he lives better contented with a little, than other men; for if he hauetwo eies in's head, he thinkes Nature hath overdone him. The Lord Mayors triumph makes him a man, for that's his best time to flourish. Laftly, these Fencers are such things, that care not if all the world were ignorant of more letters then onely to read their patent.

A Puny-clearke

HE is tane from Grammar-schoole halfe codled, and can hardly shake off his dreames of breeching in a twelue-moneth. He is a Farmers sonne, and his fathers vt-most ambition is to make him an Assurney. He doth itch towards a Poet, and greases his breeches

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breeches extreamely with feeding without a napkin. He studies false dice to cheat Coflermongers, and is most chargeable to the Butler of lome Inne of Chancery, for pilsing in their greene pots. He eates Ginger-bread at a play house; and is so sawcy, that he ventures fairely for a broken pate at the banquering house, and hath it. He would neuer come to have any wit, but for a long vacation, for that makes him bethinke him how he shall shift another day. Hee prayes hotly against fasting; and so may sup well on friday nights, he cares no thought his Master be a Puritan He practifes to make the words in his Declaration spread, as a Sewer dorh the diffees at a Niggards Table; a Clearke of a swooping Dash, is as commendable as a Flanders horse of a large tayle Though you be neuer so much delay'd, you must not call his Mafter knaue; that makes him goe beyond himselfe, and write a Challenge in Court hand; for it may be his owneanother day. These are some certaine of his liberall faculties : but in the Terme time, his Clog is a Buckrom Bag. Laftly, which is great pittie, hee neuer comes to the full growth, with bca-

(baracters.

bearing on his shoulder the sinfull burden of his Master at seuerall courts in Westmin-

A Foote-man

I Et him bee neuer so well made, yet his Legs are not matches, for hee is still setting the best foote forward. Hee will neuer bee a staid man, for hee has had a running head of his owne, cuer fince his child-hood. His mother (which, out of question, was a light heel'd wench) knew it, yet let him run his race, thinking age would reclayme him from his wilde courses. Hee is very long winded &, without doubt, but that he hates naturally to fetue on horfebacke, hee had proued an excellent trumper. Hee has one happinesseaboue all the rest of the Seruingmen, for when hee most ouer-reaches his Master, hee's best thought of. He lives more by his owne heate then the warmth of clothes; and the wayting-woman hath the greatest fancie to him, when hee is in his close trouses. Gardes he weares none which makes him live more vpright then any groffe-garrered Gentleman-yfher. Tis impossible to draw his piQure to the life, cause

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a man must take it as he's tunning; onely hories are viually let bloud on Saint Stenens day: on Saint Patrickes he takes rest, and is drencht for all the yeare after.

Anoble and retired House-keeper

I S one whose bountie is limited by reason,
not oftentation: and to make it last, hee
deales it discreetly, as wee sowe the furrow,
not by the sacke, but by the handfull. His
word and his meaning neuer shake hands &

not by the lacke, but by the handfull. His word and his meaning neuer shake hands & part, but alway goe together. He can futuay good, and loue it, and loues to doe it himselfe, for it ownesake; not for thankes. Hee knowes there is no fuch miserie as to outlivegood name; nor no fuch folly as to put it in practife. His mind is fo secure, that thisder rockes him a fleepe, which breakes other mens flumbers. Nobilitie lightens in his eies; and in his face and gesture is painted, The god of Hospitality. His great houses beare in their front more durance, then flate; vnlefle this adde the greater state to them, that they promise to out last much of our new fantaflicall building. His heart neuer growes old, no more then his memorie, whether at his

booke

booke or an horseback; hee passeth his time in fuch noble exercise, a man cannot say, any time is loft by him: nor hath he onely years, to approve hee hath lived till he bee old, but vertues. His thoughts have a high ayme, th ugh their dwelling bee in the Vale of an humble heart, whence, as by an Engine (that rayles water to fall, that it may tile higher) he is heightned in his humility. The Adamant serues not for all Seas, but this doth; for he hath, as it were put a gird about the whole world, & founded all her quick fands. He hath his hand over Fortune, that her iniuries, how violent or fudden foeuer, they doe not daunt him; for whether his time cal him to live or die, he can doe both nobly : if to fall, his descent is breast to breast with vertue; and cuen then, like the Sunne neere his Set, he shewes vnto the world his cleerest countenance.

An intruder into favour

Is one that builds his reputation on others infamie: for flaunder is most commonly his morning prayer. His passions are guided by *Pride*, and followed by *Ininitiee*. An inflexible

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flexible anger against some poore suter, he falfly calles a Couragious constancy, & thinks the best part of gravitie to consist in a ruffled forehead. He is the most sauistly submisse; though envious to those are in better place then himselfe; & knowes the Art of words fo well, that (for shrowding dishonesty vnder a faire pretext) hee feemes to preferue mudde in Chry stall. Like a man of a kinde nature, hee is first good to himselfe; in the next file, to his French Taylor, that gives him all his perfection : for indeede, like an Estridge, or Bird of Paradife, his feathers are more worth then his body. If euer hee doe good deede (which is very feldome) his owne mouth is the Chronicle of it , least it should die forgotten. His whole body goes all vpon scremes, and his face is the vice that moues them. If his Patron be given to musicke, hee opens his chops, and sings, or with a wrie necke, falls to tuning his inftrument: if that tayle, hee takes the height of his Lord with a hawking pole He followes the mans fortune, not the man: feeking thereby to encrease his owne. Hee pretends, hee is most undescruedly enuied, and cryes out

out, remembring the game, Chesse, that a pawne before a King is most plaid on Debts he owes none, but shrewd turnes, and those he payes ere hee be sued. Hee is a flattering Glasse to conceale age, and wrinckles. He is Mountaines Monkie, that climbing a tree, & skipping from bough to bough gaues you backe his face; but come once to the toppe, hee holds his nose vp into the winde, and shewes you his tayle: yet all this gay glitter shewes on him, as if the Sunneshene in a puddle; for he is a small wine that will not last, and when he is falling, hee goes of himselfe faster then milery can drive him.

A faire and happy Milke-mayde

Is a countrie Wench, that is so farrefrom
I making her selfe beautifull by Art, that
one looke of hers is able to put all face-physicke out of countenance. She knowes a faire
looke is but a dumbe Gratour to commend
vertue, therefore mindes it not. All her excellencies stand in her so silently, as if they
had stolneypon her without her knowledg.
The lining of her apparell (which is her
selfe) is farre better than outsides of Tisser.

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for though the be not arrayed in the spoyle of the Silke-worme, the is deckt in innocencie, a farre better wearing. Shee doth not, with lying long a bed, ipoyle both her Complexion and Condition; nature hath taught her, too Immoderate fleepe is rust to the Soule: shee rises therfore with Chaunticleere, her dames Cocke, and at night makes the Lambe her Corfee. In milking a Cow, and strayning the Teares through her fingers, it feemes that so sweet a Milke-presse makes the milk the whither, or sweeter; for neuer came Almond Glone or Aromaticke Oyntment on her Palme to raint it. The golden eares of corne tail and kille her feete when she reapes them, as if they witht to bee bound and led prisoners by the same hand fell'd them. Her breath is her owne, which fents all the yeare long of Iune, like a new made Hay-cocke. . Shee makes her hand hard with labour, and her heart foft with pittie | & when the winter evenings fall earely (fitting at her merry wheele) thee fings a defiance to the giddie wheele of Fortune. Shee dorh all things with fo sweete a grace, it seemes ignorance will not fuffer her to doe ill, being her minde is to doc

doe well. She bestowes her yeares wages at at next faire, and in choosing her Garments, counts no braucry i'th'world like decencie. The Garden and Bee-hine are all her Phylicke and Chyrurgery, & she lives the longer for't. She dates goe alone, and vnfold theepe i'th' night, and teares no manner of ill, because The meanes none : yet to fay truth, the is neuer alone, for thee is still accompanied with olde songs, honest thoughts, and prayers, but fhort ones; yet they have their efficacie, in that they are not pauled with infuing idle cogitations. Lastly, her dreames are chaste, that thee dare tell them : onely a Fridayes dreame is all her Superstition : that thee conceales for feare of anger. Thus lines the, and all her care is the may die in the spring-time, to have store of flowers stuck upon her winding facete.

An arrant Horse-courser

Hath the tricke to blow vp Horse-flesh, as a Butcher doth Veale, which shall wash our againe in twice riding twixt Waltham and London. The trade of Spurre-making had decayed long since, but for this vngodly

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godly tyre-man. Hee is curst all over the foure ancient high-wayes of England; none but the blind men that fel switches i'th'road are beholding to him. His Stable is fill'd with so many discases, one would thinke most part about Smith-field were an Hospitall for Horses, or a slaughter-house of the common hunt. Let him furnish you with a Hackney,'ts as much as if the Kings Warrant ouertooke you within ten miles to fray your journey. And though a man cannot fay, he cozens you directly; yet any Offler within ten miles, should he be brought vpon his Booke-oath, will affirme he had layd a bait for you. Resolue when you first stretch your selfe in the stirrops, you are put as it were vpon some vfurer, that will neuer beare with you past this day. Hee were good to make one that had the Chollicke alight often, and (if example will cause him) make vrine; let him onely for that fay, Gr'mercie Horfe. For his fale of horfes, hee hath falle couers for all manner of Diseases, onely comes thort of one thing (which he despairs not vtterly to bring to perfection) to make a horsegoe on a wooden legge&two crutches.

ches. For powdring his cares with Quickefilter, and giving him suppositories of line Eeles he's expert. All the white you are cheaping hee feares you will not bite; but hee laughes in his fleene when he hath cozened you in eatnest. Frenchmen are his best chapmen, hee keepes amblers for them on purpose, and knowes he can deceive them very easily. Hee is so constant to his Trade, that while he is awake, he tires any man he talks with, and when he's assept he dreams very fearefully of the pauing of Smithfield, for he knows it would founder his occupation.

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A Roaring Boy

Which neuerthelesse, makes many a Countrie Iustice tremble. Don Quixet is nuter-mides are still Scotch Bagpipes to him. Hee sends Challenges by word of mouths for he protests (as he is a Gentleman and a brother of the Sword) he can neyther write not read. Hee hath runne through divers parcels of Land, & great houses, beside both the Counters. If any private quarel happen among our great Counters, he proclaymes

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the bufineffe, that's the word, the bufineffe; 23 if the vnited forces of the Romish Catholicks were making vp for Germanie. Heccheates young guls that are newly come to Towne, & when the keeper of the Ordinary blames him for it, he answers him in his owne profession, that a Woodcocke must bee plucktere he bedreft. He is a Supernifor to Brothels,& in them is a more vulawfull reformer of vices, then Prentiles on Shroue-tuelday. He lones his Friend, as a Counfellot at Law loues the veluct Breeches he was first made Barrester in , hee'll bee sure to weare him threed bare ere he forfake him. Hee fleepes with a Tobaccopipe in's mouth; & his first prayer i'th'morning is, hee may remember whom he fell out with ouer night. Souldier he is none, for he cannot diftinguish tweene Onion seede & Gun-pewder: if he have worne it in his hollow tooth for the Tooth-ach, & focome to the knowledge of it, that's all. The Tenure by which he holds his meanes is an estate at Will; and that's borrowing. Land-lofds haue but foure Quarter-dayes; but he three hundred and odde. Hee keepes very good Company; yet is a man of no reckoning:

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koning: & when he goes not drunke to bed, he is very fick next morning. He commonly dies like Anacreon, with a Grape in's throat; or Hercules, with fire in's marrow. And I have heard of some (that have scap't hanging) begg'd for Anatomies, onely to deterre men from taking Tobacco.

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A drunken Dutchman resident in England TS but quarter-Mafter with his wife, Hee I stinkes of Butter, as if he were noyntedall over for the itch. Let him come over neuer fo leane, & plant him but one Moneth neere the Brew houses in S. Catherines, & hee'l bee puft vp to your hand like a bloat Herring. Of all places of pleasure, hee loues a Common Garden, and (with the Swine of the Parish) had need be ringed for rooting. Next to these he effects Lotteries naturally; & bequeathes the best prize in his Will aforehand, when his hope fall, hee's blanke. They Swarme in great Tenements like flies : fixe Households will live in a Garret. Heewas wont (onely to make vs fooles) to buy the Foxe skin for three pence, and fell the tayle h for a shilling. Now his new trade of brewing ill Strong-

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Strongwaters makes a number of madmen. He loues a Welch-man extreamely for his Diet and Orthography, that is, for plurality of Confonants and Cheefe. Like a Horfe, hee's onely guided by the mouth: when hee's drunke, you may thrust your hand into him like an Eele skin, and ftrip him, his infide outwards. He hoords vp faire gold, & pretends'tis to feethe in his wives broth for a confumption, and loues the memorie of King Henry the VIII. most especially for his old Soueraignes. He fayes we are viwife to lament the decay of Timber in England: for all manner of buildings or Fortification whatfoeuer, he defires no other thing in the world, then Barrels and Hop-poles. To con. clude, the onely two plagues he trembles at, is small Beere, and the Spanish Inquisition.

APHANTASTICK

An improvident young Gallant

THere is a confederacy betweene him & I his clothes, to be made a Puppy: view him well, and you'll fay his Gentrie fits as wing ill youn him, as if he had bought it with his penny.

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penny. He hath more places to fend money to, then the Deuill hath to fend his Spirits: and to furnish each Mistrisse, would make him runne belides his wits, if he had any to lofe. He accounts bashfulnesse the wickedest thing in the world; & therefore fludies Impudence. If all men were of his minde, all honestie would bee out of fashion : hee withers his cloathes on the Stage, as a Sale. man is forc't to do his futes in Birchinlane; and when the Play is done, if you marke his riling, 'ts with a kinde of walking Epilogue betweene the two candles, to know if his Suite may passe for currant : hee studies by the discretion of his Barber, to frizle likea Baboone : three fuch would keepe three the nimbleft Barbers in the Towne, from euer having leifure to weare net-Garters : for when they have to doe with him, they have many Irons in th'fire. Hee is tranelled, but to ittle purpose; only went ouer for a squirt, and came backe againe, yet neuer the mote mended in his conditions, 'caufe hee carried himselfe along with him a Scholler hepictends himselfe, and sayes he hath sweare for ir : but the truth is, hee knowes Cornelius, farre

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fatte better than Tacitus: his ordinary sports are cock-fights; but the most frequent, herserases, from whence hee comes home driefoundred. Thus when his purse hath cast her Calse, he goes downe into the country, where hee is brought to milke and white Cheele like the Saitsers.

A Button-maker of Amferdam

I Sone that is fled ouer from his confcience; Land left his wife and children upon the Parish. For his knowledge, hee is meetely a Horne-booke without a Christ-crope afore it, and his zeale confilts much in hanging his Bible in a Dutch-button: he cozens then in the purity of his cloathes : & twas his onely ioy when hee was on this fide, to bee in Prison: he cryes out tis impossible for any man to bee damnd, that lives in his Religion, and his equiuocation is true : fo long as aman liues in't, he cannot; but if hadie in't, there's the question. Of all Feasts in the yeare, he accounts S. Georges Feaft the profanest, because of S. Georges croffe, yet sometimes hee doth facrifice to his owne belly; prouided, that hee put off the Wake of his

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owne nativitie, or wedding, till good-friday. If there be a great feast in the town, though most of the wicked (as hee cals them) bee there, he will bee sure to bee a guest, and to out-cat fixe of the fattest Eurgers: he thinks, though hee may not pray with a lew, hee may eate with a lew: he winkes when hee prayes, and thinkes hee knowes the way so now to heaven, that hee can finde it blindfolded. Latine he accounts the language of the Beast with the seauen heads; and when he speakes of his owne Countrie, cryes he is fled out of Babel. Lastly, his deuorion is obstinacie; the onely solace of his heart, Contradiction; and his maine end Hypocrisie.

A distaster of the Time

Is a Winter Grashopper all the yeare long that lookes backe vpon Haruest, with a leane payte of checkes, neuer fets forward to meete it: his malice fackes vp the greatest part of his owne venome, and therewith empoyloneth himselfe: and this sickenesk rises rather of selfe opinion, or over great expectations to in the conceit of his owne outworthinesse, like a Coystrell, hee strives to fill him

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himselfe with winde, & flies against it. Any mans advancement is the most capitall offence that can be to his malice : yet this enuie, like Phalaris Bull, makes that a torment, first for himselfe, he prepared for others: he isa Day bed for the Denill to flumber on his bloud is of a yellowish colour : like those that have beene bitten by Vipers; and his gaule flowes as thicke in him as oyle, in a poylon'd stomacke. He infects all societie, as thunder fowers wine: warre or peace, dearth or plentie, make him equally discontented. And where heefindes no cause to taxe the State, he descends to rayle against the rate of Salte-butter. His wishes are Woirle-windes; which breath'd forth, returne into himselfe, and make him a most giddy and totteting vesiell. When he is awake, and goes abroad, hee doth but walke in his fleepe, for his visitation is directed to none; his bufineff: is nothing. He is often dumbe-madde, and goes fetter'd in his owne entrailes. Religion is comonly his pretence of discontent, though hee can of all religions; therefore truely of none. Thus by vnnaturallizing himfelfe, some would thinke him a very dangerous K4

fellow to the State, but hee is not greatly to be fear'd: for this dejection of his, is onely like a rogue that goes on his knees & elbows in the mire, to further his begging.

A meere Fellow of an House

EXamines all mens carriage but his own; and is so kinde natured to himselfe, hee findes faults with all mens but his owne. Hee weares his apparell much after the fathion his meanes will not fuffer him come too nigh: they afford him Mocke-veluet or Satinifco; but not without the Colledges next leafes acquintance : his infide is of the selfe same fashion, not rich : but as it reflects from the glaffe of felfe-liking, there Crafin 15 Irus to him. He is a Pedant in fnew, though his title be Tutor; and his Pupils, in broader phrase, are schoole-boyes. On these he spends the falle gallop of his tongue; & with fenceleffe discourse towes them along, not out of ignorance. He shewes them the rinde, conceales the fap: by this meanes he keeps them the longer, himfelfe the better. Hee bath learnt to cough, and fpit, and blow his note at every period, to recover his memory : &

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studies chiefely to see his eyes and beard to a new forme of learning. His Religion lies in waite for the inclination of his Patton; neyther ebbes nor flowes, but inft flanding water, betweene Protestant and Puritan. His dreames are plurality of Benefices & Nonrefidency; & when he rifes, acts a long grace to his looking-glaffe. Against hee comes to bee some great mans Chaplaine, hee hath a habit of boldnesse, though a very Coward. He speakes twords, Fights Ergo's : His pase on foote is a measure; on horsebacke a gallop: for his legs are his owne, though horse and spurres are borrowed. He hath lesse vie then postession of Bookes. Hee is not to proud but hee will call the meanest Author by his name morfo vnskill'd in the Heraldry of a fludy, but he knowes each mans place. So ends that tellowship and begins another.

A meere Petyfozger

I Sone of Sampsons forces: He fersmen together by theeares, more shamefully than Pillories; and in a long vacation his sport is to goe a Fishing with the Penall Statutes. He cannot erre before Judgement, and then you

fee it , onely Writs of error are the Tariers. that keepe his Client vodoing somewhat the longer. He is a vestrie-man in his Parish, and eatily fets his neighbours at variance with the Vicar when his wicked councell on both fides is like weapons put into mens hands by a Fencer, whereby they get blows, hemoney. His honesty and learning bring him to undershrife-ship; which having thrile runne through, he do's not feare the Lieutenant a'th'Shire: nay more, hee feares not God. Cowardise holds him a good Common-wealths man; his penne is the plough, and parchment the loyle, whence hee reapes both Coyne and Curfes. Hee is an Earthquake, that willingly will let no groundlye in quiet. Broken titles make him whole; to haue halfe in the countie break their bonds, were the onely liberty of conscience: Hee would with (though hee bee a Brownist) no neighbour of his should pay his tythes duely, if fuch futes held continual! Plea at Weft. miniter. He cannot away with the reuerend Service in our Church, because it ends with The peace of God. He loues blowes extreame. ly, and hath his Chyrurgians bill of all rates, from

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from head to foote, to incense the furie: he would not give away his yearely beatings for a good peece of money. Hee makes his will in a forme of a law-cause, full of quiddits, that his friends after his death (if for nothing else, yet) for the vexation of Law, may have cause to remeber him. And if he thought the ghosts of mendid walke againe (as they report in time of Popery) sure hee would hide some single money in Westminister Hall, that his spirit might haunt there. Onely with this, I will pitch him o're the Barre, and leave him; That his singers itch after a Bribe, ever since his first practising of Court-hand.

An ingrosser of Corne

There is no vermine in the Land like him; he standers both Heauen & Earth with pretended Dearths, when there's no cause of scarcitie. His hoording in a deete yeare, is like Eristicthons bowels in Ouid-Quodque vrbibus esse, quodque satis poterat populo, non sufficit vni. He prayes daily for more inclosures, and knowes no reason in his Religion, why weeshould call our fore-fathers

fathers day es, The time of ignorance, but only because they fold wheat for twelve pence a bushell. He wishes that Danske were at the Molocos; and had rather be certaine of some forraine invalion, then of the letting vp of Stilyard. When his barnes and garners are full (if it be a time of dearth) hee will buy halfe a bushell i'th' Market to serue his houshold: & winnowes his Corne in the night, least, as the chaffe throwne vpon the water, shew'd plentie in Egypt; so his (carried by the winde fhould proclaime his abundance. No painting pleases him so well, as Pharashs dreame of the feuen leane Kine, that ate vp the fatte ones; that he has in his Parlour, which hee will describe to you like a motion, & his comment ends with a smothered prayer for the like scarcitie. He cannot away with Tobacco, for he is perswaded (and not much amisse) that tis a sparer of bread-corne, which he could finde in's heart to transport without Licence: but weighing the penaltie, he growes mealy, mouth'd, and dates net. Sweete smels hee cannot abide; withes that the pure ayre were generally cortu; ted:nay, that the fpring had loft her fra-

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grancie for euer, or we out superfluous sense of smelling (as he tearmes it) that his corne might not be found mustie. The Poore hee accounts the Iustices intelligencers, and cannot abide them: hee complaines of our negligence of discouering new parts of the world, onely to ridde them from our Climate. His Sonne, by a certaine kinde of instinct, hee bindes Prentise to a Taylor, who all the terme of his Indenture hath a deare a yeare in's belly, and rauins bread extreamely: when he comes to be a freeman (if it be Deatth) he marries him to a Bakers daughter.

A Denillifh V furer

Is fowed as Cummin or Hempe seede, with curses; and he thinkes he thrives the better. Hee is better read in the Penall statutes, then in the Bible; and his euill Angell perswades him, he shall sooner be saved by the. He can bee no mans friend; for all men hee hath most interest in, hee vndo's, and a double dealer hee is certainely; for by his good will hee ever takes the forfeit. Hee puts his money to the vnnaturall act of generation; & his Scrivener is the supervisor Bawd to't.

Good

Good dreds he loues none, but Seal'd and Delivered; nor doth hee wish any thing to thrue in the Countrie, but Bee-hives ; tor they make him waxe rich. He hates all but law-Latin; yet thinkes he might be drawne to loue a Scholler, could he reduce the vere to a shorter compasse, that his vie-money might come in the faster: he seems to be the sonne of a laylor, for all his estare is most heavie and cruell bonds. Hee doth not give, but fell dayes of payment; and those at the rate of a mans vindoing: he doth only feare, the day of Iudgement should fall sooner, than the payment of some great summe of money due to him: he remoues his lodging when a Subfidie comes; and if he be found out, and pay it he grumbles Treason, but tis in such a deformed silence, as Witches raile their Spirits in. Grauitie he pretends in all things, but in his private Whote; for hee will not in a hundred pound take one light fixe-pence; and it feemes hee was at Tilbury Campe, for you must not tell him of a Spamiard. Hee is a man of no conscience; for (like the lakef-farmer that swounded with going into Bucklersbury) he fals into a cold (weat,

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sweat, if he but looke into the Chauncerie: thinkes in his Religion, we are in the right for every thing, if that were abolifit: hee hides his money as if he thought to finde it againe at the last day, and then begins olde trade with it. His cloathes plead prescription; and whether they or his body are more rotten, is a question : yet should hee line to be hang'd in them, this good they would doe him, The very Hangman would pittie his cale. The Table he keeps is able to starue twentie tall men; his servants have not their liuing, but their dying from him, and that's of Hunger. A spare diet he commends in all men, but himtelfe he comes to Carhedrals onely for love of the finging boyes, because they looke hungrie. Heelikes out Religion best, because tis best cheape; yet would faine allow of Purgatory, cause twas his Trade, and brought in so much money : his heart goes with the same snaphance his purse doth, tis feldome open to any man : friendship hee accounts but a word without any fignification; nay, he loues all the world to little, that, and it were possible, hee would make himselfe his owne Executor : for certaine,

certaine, hee is made Administrator to his owne good name while he is in perfect memorie, for that dies long afore him; but hee is so farre from being at the charge of a Funetall for it, that hee less it strike about ground. In conclusion, for neighbourhood, you were better dwell by a contentious Lawyer. And for his death, tis tather surfer, the poxe, or despaire, for seldome such as he die of Gods making, as honest menshould doe.

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A Water man

I Sone that hath learnt to speake well of himselse, for alwayes he names himselse, The soft man. It here had betane himselse to some richer trade, he could not have cho's' dut done well: for in this (though it be but a meane one) he is still plying it, and putting himselse forward. Here is enermore relling strange newes; most commonly lies. If here be a Sculler, askehim if he be married, here'll equivocate and sweare here's a singleman. Little trust is to be given to him, for her thinkes that day he does best when here setches most men over. His daily labour teaches him the Arte of dissembling; for like a fellow

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fellow that rides to the Pillorie, he goes not that way he lookes : he keepes such a bawling at Westminster, that if the Lawyers were not acquainted with it, an order would bee tane with him When he is vpon the water, hee is Fare-company: when hee comes a thore, he mutinies; and contrarie to all other trades, is most furely to Gentlemen, when they tender payment. The Play-houses only keepe him fober; and as it doth many other Gallants, make him an afternoones man. London-Bridge is the most terriblest eye-fore to him that can bee And to conclude, nothing but a great Preffe, makes him die from the river; nor any thing, but a great Frof, can teach him any good manners.

A reverend Indge

I Sone that defices to have his greatnesse, onely measur'd by his goodnesse: his care is to appeare such to the people, as he would have them to be; and to be himselse such as hee appeares; for vertue cannot seeme one thing, and be another: he knowes that the hill of greatnesse yeeldes a most delighfull prospect, but withall that it is most subject.

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to lightning, and thunder : & that the people, as in ancient Tragedies, fit and cenfure the actions of those are in authoritie : hee squares his owne therefore, that they may farre be aboue their pitie : hee wishes fewer Lawes, so they were better obseru'd: and for those are Mulauary, he understands their inflication not to be like briers or fpringes, to catch euery thing they lay hold of; but like Sea-markes (on our dangerous Goodwin) to auoyde the shipwracke of ignorant paffengers : hee hates to wrong any man; neither hope, nor dispaire of preferment can draw him to fuch an exigent : hee thinks himselfe then most honorably seated, when he gives mercie the vpper hand : hee rather ftriues to purchase good name then land,& of all rich stuffes forbidden by the Statute, loathes to have his Followers weare their cloathes cut out of bribes and extortions. If his Prince call him to higher place, there he deliuers his minde plainely, & freely, knowing for truth, there is no place wherein dil W sembling ought to have lesse credit, than in a Princes Councell. Thus honour keepes peace with him to the graue, and doth not as o

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(as with many) there for fake him, and goe backe with the Heralds : but fairely fits ore him, and broods out of his memory, many right excellent Common-wealths men.

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A vertuous Widdow

IS the Palme-Tree, that thriues not after I the Supplanting of her husband. For her childrens fake the first marries, for the: married that thee might have children, and for their fakes the marries no more. She is like the pureft gold, onely employed for Princes medals, she neuer receives but one mans imresion; the large ioynture moues her nor, titles of honor cannot sway her. To change het het name, were (fhee thinkes) to commita fine should make her asham'd of husbands calling; the thinkes thee hath traveld all the heir world in one man; the rest of her time theris.If fore the directs to heaven. Her maine superthe fitton is, thee thinkes her husbands ghoft ow-would walke, should shee not performe his dif Will: face would doe it, were there no Prein in togatine Court. Shee gives much to pious epes wes, without any hope to merit by them: & a not as one Diamond fashions another, so is she (25 wrought

wrought into workes of Charity, with the dust or ashes of her husbans. She lives to see her selfe full of time; being so necessary for earth, God cals her not to heaven, till the be very aged: and even then, though her naturall frengh fayle her, free stands like an ancient Pyramide; which the leffe it growes to manseye, the necrer it reaches to heaven: this latter Chastitie of Hers, is more grave and reverend, then that ere she was married; for in it is neyther hope, nor longing, nor feare, nor icalousie. She ought to be a mirrour for our youngest dames, to dresse them. felucs by, when thee is fulleft of wrinckles. No calamitie can now come neete her, for in fuffering the loffe of her husband, the accounts all the rest triffles: shee hath layd his dead body in the worthiest monument that can be. She hath buried it in her owne heart. To conclude, flee is a Relicke, that without any superstition in the world, though shee will not be kist, yet may be renerenc't.

An ordinary Widdon

Is like the Heralds Hearfe-cloth, the ferues to many funerals with a very little alteting the colour. The end of her Husband begins

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begins in teares; and the end of her teares begins in a husband. She yfes to cunning women to know how many husbands the shall haue, and neuer marries without the consent of fixe-mid-wives. Her chiefest pride is in the multitude of her Suitors; and by them the gaines : for one ferues to draw on another, and with one at last she shootes our another, as Boyes doe Pellers in Elderne Gunnes. Shee commends to them a fingle life, as Horse-coursers doe their lades, to put them away. Her fancie is to one of the biggeft of the Guard, but Knighood makes her draw in a weaker Bow. Her feruants or kinsfolke, are the trumpeters that fummon any to this combate; by them shee gaines much credit, but loseth it againe in the olde Proverbe: Fama est mendax. If shee live to be thrice married, thee seldome fayles to cozen her second Husbands Creditours. A Churchman the dare not venture vpon; for she hath heard widows coplaine of dilapidations, nor a fouldier; thogh he have candlerents in the Citie, for his ellare may be fubiect to fire very seldomea Lawyer, without he shew his exceeding great practife, & can make

make her tase the better: but a Knight with the old rent may doe much, for a great comming in is all in all with a widdow: ever provided, that most part of her Plate and lewels (before the wedding) lye conceal'd with her Scrivener. Thus like a too-ripe apple, shee falles of her selse: but he that hath her, is Lord but of a filthy purchase, for the title iscrack't. Lastly, while she is a widdow, observe ever, she is no morning woman: the evening; a good fite, and sacke, may make her listen to a Husband: and if ever she bee made sure tis your a full stomacke to bedward.

A Quackfaluer

Is a Mountebanke of a larger bill then a Taylor; if hee can but come by names enow of Difcases, to stuffe it with, tis all the skill he studies for. Hee tooke his first being from a cunning woman, and stole this blacke Art from her while hee made her Sea-coale fire. All the discases cuer sinne brought vpon man, doth he pretend to bee curer of; when the truth is, his maine cunning is Cornecutting. A great plague makes him; what with rayling against such, as seaue their

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cures for feare of infection, and in friendly breaking Cakebread, with the Fish-wives at Funerals, he ytters a most abominable deale of mustie Carduus water, and the Conduits crie out, All the learned Doctors may cast their Caps at him. Hee parts stakes with some Apothecary in the Suburbes, at whose house he lies : and though hee be neuer so familiar with his wife, the Apothecary dare not (for the richest horne in his shop) difplease him. All the Mid-wives in the Towne are his intelligencers; but Nurses and young Marchanes Wives (that would faine conceine with childe) these are his Idolaters. Hee is a more vniust bonesetter, then a dicemaker; hath put out more eyes then the small Pox made more deafe then the Catarafts of Nilus; lamed more then the Gour; firunke more finewes, then one that makes Bowstrings; and kild more idly, then Tobacco. A Magistrate that had any way so noble a spirit, as but to loue a good horse well,. would not suffer him to bee a Farrier, His discourse is vomit; and his ignorance, the frongest purgation in the world to one that would bee speedily cured, hee hath more delayes,

(baracters.

layes, and doubles then a Hare, or a Lawfuite: hee feekes to fet vs at variance with
nature, and rather then he shall want diseafes he'le beget them. His especiall practise
(as I said afore) is vpon women, labours to
make their mindes sicke, ere their bodies
feele it, and then there's worke for the Dogleach. Hee pretends the cure of mad-men,
and sure he gets most by them, for no man
in his perfect wit would meddle with him.
Lastly, hee is such a luggler with Vrinals,
so dangerously vnskilfull, that if euer the
Citie will have recourse to him for diseases
that neede purgation, let them employ him
in scouring More-disch.

A Canting Rogne

TIs not vnlikely but hee was begot by fome Intelligencer under a hedge; for his minde is wholly given to travell. Heeis not troubled with making of Ioyntures: he can divorce himselfe without the fee of a Proctor, nor seares he the crueltie of ourteets of his Will. He leaves his children all the world to Cant in, and all the people to their fathers. His Language is a Constant tongue;

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tongue; the Northerne speech differs from the South, Welfh from the Cornish : but Canting is generall, nor euer could be altered by conquest of the Saxon, Dane, or Norman. He wil not beg out of his limit though he sterue; nor breake his oath if hee (weare by his Salomen, though you hang him: and he payes his custome as truely to his Grand Rogue, as tribute is payd to the great Turk. The March Sunne breedes agues in others, but hee adores it like the Indians; for then begins his progresse after a hard winter. Oftlers cannot endure him, for hee is of the infantrie, and serues best on foote. Heosfends not the Statute against excesse of apparell, for he will goe naked, and counts it a voluntary pennance. Fortie of them lie in a Barne together, yet are neuer fued vpon the Stature of Inmates. If hee were learned, no man could make a better discription of England; forhe hath traveld it over and over. Laftly, he brags, that his great houses are re= payr'd to his hands, when Churches goe toruine : and those are prisons.

charreters.

A french Cooke

HElearnt his trade in a Towne of Gari-fon neere famish't, where hee practised to make a little goefar; some drive it from more antiquitie, and fay Adam (when hee pickt fallets) was of his occupation. He doth not feede the belly, but the palate: & though his command lye in the kitchin (which is but an inferiour place) yet shall you finde him a very fawcie companion. Euer fince the warres in Naples, hee hath fo mine't the ancient and bountifull allowance, as if his Nation should keepe a perpetual diet. The Seruingmen call him the last relicke of Popery, that makes men fall against their conscience. He can be truely said to be no mans fellow but his Masters: for the rest of his feruants are starued by him. He is the prime cause why Noblemen build their houses so great, for the smalenesse of their Kitchin, makes the house the bigger : and the Lord cals him his Alchymift that can extract gold out of hearbes, rootes, mushroomes, or any thing: that which hee dreffes wee may rather call a drinking, then a meale; yet is he fo full of varietie, that he brags, and true-

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ly, that he gives you but a tafte of what he can doe: hee date not for his life comeamong the Butchers; for fure they would quarter and bake him after the English fashion; he's such an enemie to Beefe & Mutton. To conclude, he were onely fit to make a funerall feast, where men should eate their victuals in mourning.

A Sexton

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YS an ill-willer to humane nature. Of all A Proverbes he cannot endure to heare that which fayes we ought to live by thequicke, not by the dead. Hee could willingly all his life time be confinde to the Church-yard; at least within five foote on't : for at eneric Church stile, commonly there's an Alehouse; where let him be found neuer so idle pated, he is fill a grave drunkard. He breaks his fast heartiliest while hee is making a grave, and fayes the opening of the ground makes him hungry. Though one would take him to be a flouen, yet hee loues cleane linnen extreamely, and for that reason takes an order that fine holland sheets be not made wormes meate. Like a Nation cald the Ca-

Sani,

fani, hee weepes when any are borne, and laughes when they die: the reason; he goes by Burials not Christnings: hee will hold argument in a Tauerne ouer Sacke, till the Diall and himselfe bee both at a stand: hee neuer obserues any time but Sermon time, and there hee sleepes by the houre-giasse. The Rope-maker payes him a pension, and hee payes tribute to the Physitian; for the Physitian makes worke for the Sexton; as the Rope-maker for the Hang-man. Lastly, he wishes the dogdayes would last all yeare long: & a great plague is his yeare of Iubile.

A lesuite

Is a larger spoone for a Traytour to seede with the Deuill, then any other Order: vnclapse him, and hee's a gray Wolse, with a golden Starre in the fore-head: so supersticustly hee followes the Pope, that hee for-sikes Christ, in not giving Casar his due. His vowes seeme heavenly; but in medling with State-businesse, he seemes to mixe heaven and earth together. His best Elements, are Consession and Penance by the first, he findes out mens inclinations; and by the lat-

ter, heapes wealth to his Seminary. Hee sprang from Ignatius Loyola, a Spanish Souldier; and though hee were found out long fince the inuention of the Canon, 'tis thoght he hath not done leffe mischiefe. He a halfe key to open Princes Cabinets, and pry into their Counsels, & where the Popes excommunication thunders, he holds it no more finne the decrowning of Kings, then our Puritanes doe the suppression of Bishops. His Order is full of all irregularitie and disobedience; ambitious aboue all meafure, for of late dayes, in Portugall and the Indies, he rejected the name of Iesuite, and would be called Disciple. In Rome, & other Countries that give him freedome, hee weares a Maske vpon his heart, in England hee shifts it, and puts it ypon his face. No place in our Climate hides him to fecurely as a Ladies Chamber : the modestie of the Purferant hath onely forborne the bed, and so mist him. There is no Disease in Christendome, that may so properly be call'd The Kings Exill. To conclude, would you know him beyond scalln his Seminary he's a fox; but in the Inquisition, a Lyon Rampant.

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An excellent Actor

7 Hattoeuer is commendable in the graue Orator, is most exquisitly perfect in him; for by a full and fignificant action of body, he charmes our attention: fit in a full Theater, and you will thinke you fee fo many lines drawne from the circumferennce of fo many cares, whiles the Actor is the Center. Hee doth not ftrive to make nature monstrous, shee is often seene in the fame Scene with him, but neyther on Stilts nor Crutches; and for his voyce tis not lower then the prompter; nor lowder then the Foyle and Target. By his action he fortifies morall precepts with example; for what wee fee him personate, we thinke true. ly done before vs:a man of a deepe thought might apprehend, the Ghosts of our ancient Heroes walk't againe, and take him (at feuerall times) for many of them. Hee is much affected to painting, and tis a question whether that makehim an excellent player, or his playing an exquifite painter. He addes grace to the Poets labours : for what in the Poet is but ditty, in him is both ditty and Musicke. He entertaines ys in the best leafure

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of our life, that is between meales, the most Infictime eyther for study or bodily exercife. The flight of Hawkes and chase of wilde beaftes, eyther of them are delights noble: but some thinke this sport of men the worthier, despight all calumny. All men have beene of his occupation : and indeede, what hee doth fainedly, that doe others cffentially : this day one playes a Monarch, the next a private person. Here one acts a Tyrant, on the morrow an Exile: a Parafite this man to night, to morrow a Precifian, & fo of divers others. I observe, of all men liuing, a worthy Actor in one kinde is the strongest motive of affection that can bee: for when he dies, wee cannot be perswaded any man can doe his parts like him. But to conclude, I value a worthy After by the corruption of some few of the quality, as I would doe gold in the Oare; I should not minde the droffe but the puritie of mettall.

A Franklin

HIs outside is an ancient yeoman of England, though his inside may give armes (with the best Gentleman) and ne're

fee the Herald. There is no truer feruant in the house then himselfe. Though hebe Ma. fer he fayes not to his fernants, goe to field, butlet vs goe; and with his owne eye, doth both fatten his flocke, and fet forward all manner of husbandrie. He is taught by na. ture to be contented with a little; his owne fold yeelds him both food and rayment hee is pleas'd with any nourishment God sends whilest curious gluttony ransacks, as it were, Noahs Arke for food, onely to feede the riot of one meale. He is nere knowne to goe to Law; vnderstanding, to bee Law-bound a mong men, is like to be hide-bound among his beafts; they thrive not vndet it: & that fuch men fleepe as vinquietly, as if their pillowes were fluft with Lawyers pen-kniues. When he builds, no poore Tenants cottage hinders his prospect : they are indeede his Almef houses, though there bee painted on them no fuch superscription. He neuer fits vp late, but when he hunts the Badger, the vowed foe of his Lambes : nor vies he any crueity, but when hee hunts the Hare, not lubtilie but when he fetteth fnares for the Snite, or pitfals for the Blacke-bird; nor oppression,

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opion, pression, but when in the Moneth of July. he goes to the next river, & thears his theepe. He allowes of honest pastime, and thinkes not the bones of the dead any thing bruifed, or the worfe for it, though the countrie Lasses dance in the Church-yard after euefong. Rocke-Monday, and the Wake in Summer, strouings, the wakefull kerches on Christmas Euc, the Hoky, or Seed-cake, these hee yearely keepes, yet holds them no relickes of Popery. He is not so inquisiriue after newes derived from the prime closer, when the finding an eyerie of Hawkes in his owne ground, or the foaling of a Colt come of a good straine are tydings more pleasant, more profitable. He is Lord paramount within himselfe, though he hold by neuer so meane a Tenure; and dies the more contentedly (though hee leave his heire young) in regard he leaves him not liable to a couctous Guardian. Laftly, to end himshe cates not when his end comes; he needs not feare his Audit, for his quietus is in heaven.

A Rymer

the IS a fellow whole face is hatcht all ouer with impudence, and should be hang'd or

charreters.

pillotied tis armed for it. Hee is a lugglet with wordes, yet practifes the Art of most vncleanely conneyance. He doth boggle very often; and because himselfe winkes at it, thinkes tis not perceived: the maine thing that ever hee cid, was the tune he sang to. There is nothing in the earth so pitifull, no not an Ape-carier, hee his not worth thinking of, and therefore I must leave him as nature lest him; 'a dunghill not well layd together.

A conetous Man

His man would loue honour and adore God if there were an L. more in his name; He hath cophind vp his foule in his chefts before his bodie; Hee could wish bee were in Mydas his taking for hunger on condition he had his chymicall qualitie: At the grant of a new subsidie he would gladly hang himselfe were it not for the charge of buying a Rope, and begins to take money vpon vse when hee heares of a privile Seale. His morning prayer is to ouer-looke his bagges, whose every parcell begets his adoration. Then to his studies, which are how to cozen this Tenant, begger that widdow,

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or to vindoe some Orphane. Then his bonds are viewed, the well-knowne dayes of payment con'de by heart, and if he euer pray, it is some one may breake his day, that the beloued forfeyture may be obtained. His vie is doubled, and no one fixe-pence begot or borne but presently by an vncimely thrift it is getting more. His chimney must not bee acquainted with fire for feare of mischance, but if extremitie of cold pinch him hee gets him heat with looking on, & fometime remouing his aged woodpile which he means toleaue to many discents till it hath out-liued all the woods of that countrie. Hee never spends candle but at Christmas (when hee has them for new yeares gifts) in hope that his feruaints will break glaffes for want of light, which they doubly pay for in their wages; his actions are guilty of more crimes then any other mens thoughts, and he conceiues no finne which hee dare not act faue onely lust, from which he abstaines for feare he should be charged with keeping bastards: once a yeare he feafts, the relickes of which. meale shall ferue him the next quarter. In his talke he rayles against eating of breakefasts,

fasts, drinking betwixt meales, and sweares hee is impouerished with paying of tythes. Hee had rather have the frame of the world tall then the price of Corne; If he chance to trauellhee cutses his fortune that his place bindes him to tide, and his faithfull cloke. bag is fure to take care for his prouision. His nights are as troublesome as the dayes, euerie Rar awaks him out of his vnquiet fleeps; It he have a Daughter to marry, hee wishes hee were in Hungary, or might follow the custome of that Countrie, that all her portion might be a wedding Gowne. If he fall sicke, hee had rather die athousand deaths then pay for any Physicke, and if he might haue his choyce, hee would not goe to heauen but on condition he may put money to vie there. In fine, hee lives a drudge, dies a wretch, that leaves a heape of pelte (which fo many carefull hands had scraped together) to hafte after him to Hell, and by the way it lodges in a Lawyers purfe.

The proud man

I Sone in whom pride is a qualitie that condemnes energy one besides his Master,

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who when he weares new cloathes thinkes himselte wrong'd if they bee not obseru'd, imitated, and his discretion in the choyce of his fashion and stuffe applauded: when hee youchsafes to blesse the ayre with his presence, he goes as neere the wall as his fattin Suite will give him leave, and every paffenger hee viewes under the eyebrowes, to obserue whether hee vails his Bonnet low enough which hee returnes with an Impenous Nod; Hee neuer falutes first, but his farewell is perpetuall. In his attire he is effeminate, euery haire knowes his owne flation, which if it chance to lofe, it is checkt in againe with his pocket combe. He had rather have the whole Common-wealth our of order, then the least member of his Muchatoe, and chooses rather to lose his Patrimonie then to have his Band ruffled at a feast; if he be not placed in the highest sear, heeates nothing, howfoeuer hee drinkes to no man, talkes with no man for feare of familiaritie. Hee professeth to keepe his sto. macke for the Pheasant or the Quayle, and when they come he can eate little hee hath beene so cloyed with them that yeare, although M 3

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though they be the first hee saw. In his discourse hee talkes of none but Privie Counfellors, & is as prone to belie their acquaintance as he is a Ladies sauours: if hee have but twelve pence in his purse, he will give it for the best roome in a play=house. He goes to Sermons, onely to shew his cloathes, and if on other inseriour dayes hee chance to meetehis friend, he is sorry he sees him not in his best Suite.

A Prifon

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T Thould be Christs hospitall: for most of Lyour wealthy Citizens are good benefa-Gors to it; and yet it can hardly bee fo, be. cause so few in it are kept vpon almes. Charities house and this are built many miles afunder. One thing notwithstanding is here prayle-worthy, for men in this perfecution cannot choose but proue good Christians, in that they are a kind of Martyrs and fuffer for the truth. And yet it is fo curfed a peece of land, that the fonne is ashamed to be his fathers heire in it. It is an infected pefthoule all the yeare long: the plague fores of the law are diseases here hotly raigning. The Surgeons are Atturneyes and Pettifoggers, who

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who kill more then they cure. Lord have mercie upon vs, may well fland ouer thefe doores, for debt is a most dangerous & catching City-pestilence. Some take this place for the walkes in Moorefields, (by reason the mad-men are so neere) but the crosses here and there are not alike. No: it is not halfe lo sweete an ayre : for it is the dunghill of the law, ypon which are throwne the ruines of Gentry, and the Nasty heapes of voluntary-decayed Bankerupts : by which meanes it comes to be aperfect meddall of the Iron age; fithence nothing but gingling of keyes, ratling of shackles, bolts and grates are here to be heard. It is the horse of Troy in whose wombe are shut vp all the madde Greeks that were men of action. The Nullum vacuum (vnlesse in prisoners bellies) is here truely to bee proved. One excellent effeet is wrought by the place it felfe, for the arrantest coward breathing, being poafted hither, comes in three dayes to an admirable stomacke. Does any man desire to learne musicke? euerie man here sings Lachryme at first fight, and is hardly out; tunnes division vpon euery note, and yet (to their commen-M 4 dati-

(baracters.

dations be it spoken) none of them (for all that division) doe trouble the Church; they are no Anabaptifts; if you aske vnder what Horizon this Climate lies, the Bermudas & it are both under one & the fame height. And whereas some suppose that this Iland (like that) is haunted with Deuils, it is not fo : for those Deuils (fo talked of and feared) are none else but hoggish Iaylors. Hither you neede not fayle, for it is a thip of it selfe : the Masters side is the vpper decke : They in the common Tayle lye vnder hatches and helpe to ballaft it; Intricate cases are the tackling, Executions the Anchors, Capiasses the Cables, Chancery-bils the huge Sayles, a long Terme the Mast, Law the Helme, a ludge the Pylot, a Councell the Purfer, an Atturney the Boatswaine, his fleeting Clarke the Swabber, Bonds the Waues, Outlawries gufts, The verdicts of Imies rough Windes, Extents the Rockes that split all in peeces. Or if it be not a ship, yet this and a Shippe differ not much in the building; the one is a mouing mifery, the other a standing. The first is seated on a Spring, the second on Pyles. Eytherthis place

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place is an Embleme of a Bawdy-house, or a Bawdy house of it; for nothing is to bee seene (in any Roome) butscuruy Beds and bare walles. But not so much to dishonour it) it is an Vniuersitie of poore Schollers, in which three Arts are chiesly studied: To pray, to curse, and to write Letters.

A Prifoner

I Sone that hath beene a monyed man,& Lis still a very close fellow; who soeuer is of his acquaintance, let the make much of him for they shall find him as fast a friend as any in England: he is a fure man, and you know where to finde him. The corruption of a Bankerupt, is commonly the generation of this creature : hee dwels on the backefide of the world, in the suburbes of societie, and liues in a Tenement which hee is fure none will goe about to take ouer his head. To 2 man that walkes abroad, hee is one of the Antipodes; That goes not on the top of the the world; And This vnder it. At his first comming in, he is a peece of new Coyne, all tharking olde prisoners lye fucking at his purse. An olde man and He are much alike, neyther

neyther of them both goe fatte. They are Still angry, and peeuish, & they sleepe little. He was borne at the fall of Babel, the confufion of languages is onely in his mouth; All the vacations, he speakes as good English, as any man in England : But in Tearme times he breakes out of that hopping one-legg'd pace, into a racking trot of Iffues, Billes, Repli. cations, Reioynders, Demures, Querrels, Sub. penaes, &c. able to fright a simple countrie. fellow, and make him beleeue hee conjures. Whatfoeuer his complexion was before, it turnes (in this place) to choller or deepe me. lancholly, so that hee needes every houre to take Physicke to loose his body, for that (like his estate) is very foule and corrupt, and extreamely hard bound. The taking of an Exeaution off his stomacke gives him five or fix stooles, & leaves his body very soluble. The withdrawing of an action is a vomit. Heeis no found man, & yet an vtter Barrefter(nay a Sargeant of the case) will teede heartily vpon him, hee is very good picking meate for a Lawyer. The Barber Surgeons may (ifthey will) beg him for an Anatomie after hee hath suffered execution, an excellent Lecture

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Lecture made be made vpon his body : for hee is a kinde of a dead carcasse, Creditors, Lawyers and Laylors deuouse it, Creditors occke out his eyes with his owne teares, Lanyers flea off his owne skinne, & lap him in parchment, & laylors are the Promethean waltures that graw his very heart. Hee is a bondsiaue to the law, and (albeit hee were a Shop-keeper in London) yet he cannot with fate confcience write himfelfe a freeman. His religion is of five or fixe colours, this day he prayes that God would turne the hearts of his Creditors. And to morrow hee curfeth the time that ever he law them. His apparell is daub'd commonly with statute-lace, the fuiteit felfe of durance, and the hofe full of long Paines : Hee bath many other lafting fuits, which hee himfelfe is neuer able to weare out, for they weare out him. The Zodiacke of his life is like that of the Sunne, (marry not halfe fo glorious.) It begins in Aries and ends in Pifces. Both Head & Feete are (all the yeare long) in troublelome and laborious metions, and Westminster Hall is his Spheare. He lives betweene the two Tropickes (Cancer and Capricorne) and by that meanes

meanes is in double danger (of crabbed creditors) for his purfe, and hornes for his head if his wives heeles be light. If he be a Gentleman he alters his armes fo foone as he comes in. Few (heere) carry fields or argent, but whatfoeuer they bare before, here they give onely Sables. Whiles he lies by it, hee's travelling ore the Alpes, and the hearts of his creditors are the snowes that lye vnmelted in the middle of Summer. He is an Almanacke out of date : none of his dayes speakes of faire weather. Of all the files of men, hee marcheth in the last, and comes limping, for he is fhot and is no man of this world. He hath loft his way, and being benighted strayed into a wood full of wolves, and nothing to hard as to get away without being denoured. He that walks from fixe to fixe in Pauls, goes Hill buta Coyts cast before this man.

A Creditor

Is a fellow that torments men for their good conditions. He is one of Deucalions formes begotten of a stone. The marble images in the Temple Church that lie crosselegg'd doe much resemble him, saving that

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shis is a little more Croffe. He weares a forfeited band under that part of his girdle where his thumbe stickes, with as much pride as a Welch-man does a leeke on Saint Davids day, and quarrells more and longer about it. Hee is a Catchpoles morning draught, for the newes that fuch a gallant's come yesternight to Towne, drawes out of him both muscadell and money to. He fayes the Lords prayer backewards, or (to speake better of him) he hath a Pater noster by himselfe, & that particle, Forgine vs our debts as we forgine others, &c. He eyther quite leaves out, or else leaps ouer it. It is a dangerous Rub in the Ally of his conscience. He is the bloud-hound of the law and hunts counter very fwiftly & with great judgement. Hee hath a quicke-fent to fmell out his game, and a good deepe mouth to purfue it, yet neuer opens till he bites, and bites not but hee killes, or at least drawes bloud, and then hee pincheth most dozzedly. Heis a Lawyers moyle, and the onely beaft, vpon which he ambles fo often to Westminfter. And a Lawyer is his God almighty, in him onely he trusts, to him he flies in all his troubles, from him hee feekes fuccour, to him he prayes,

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prayes, that hee may by his meanes ouers come his enemies: Him does hee worthing both in the Temple and arroad, and hopes by bim and good Angels to prosper in all his actions. A Scrivener is his Farter, and helpes to recouer all his discased and may med obligations. Euerie Tearme hee fets vp a Ten. zers in Westminster Hall, vpon which hee racks and ftretches Gentlemen like English broadcloth, beyond the staple of the wooll, till the threds cracke, & that caufeth them with the least wet to Grinke; and presently to weare bare; Marry he handles a Citizen (at leaft if himfelfe be one) like a peece of Spinwift cloth, gives him onely but a twitch and firaines him not too hard, knowing how apr hee is to breake of himfelfe, and then hee can cut nothing out of him but shreds. To the one hee comes like Tamberline, with his blacke and bloudy flagge. But to the other, his white one hangs out, and (vpon the parley) rather then fayle, hee takes ten groats i'the · pound for his ran some, and so lets him march away with Bagge & Baggage: From the beginning of Hillary to th'end of Michaelmas, his purse is full of quicke-filner, and that fets him

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him running from Sun-rife to Sun-fet, vp Fleeete-streete, and so to the Chancery, from thence to Westminster, then backe to one Court, after that to another, then to Atturney, then to a Counsellour, and in every of thele places he melts some of his fat (his money.) In the vacation hee goes to graffe and gets vp his flesh againe, which hee bates as you have heard. It he were to be hang'd, vnlesse he could be sau'd by his booke, he cannot for his heart call for a Pfalme of mercie. He is a Law-trap bayted with parchment & waxe; the fearefull Mice he catches, are debtors, with whom feratching Atturneys (like Cats) play a good while, and then mouze them. The bely is an unfatiable creditor, but man worfe.

A Sergeant

VVAs once taken (when he bare office in his Parish) for an honest man. The spawne of a decayed Shop-keeper begets this Fry, out of that dunghill is this Serpenss egge hatched. It is a Deuill made sometimes out of one of the twelve Companies, and does but study the part and rehearse it on earth, to be perfect when he comes to act it

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in hell : that is his stage. The hangman and hearet : innes, onely the Hangman is theelder brother, and he dying without iffue (as commonly hedoes, for none but a Rope-md. kers widdow will matry him) this then inherites. His babice is a long Gowne made at first to cover his knauerie, but that growing too monfrous, hee now goes in buffe : his conscience and that, being both cut out of one Hide, and are of one toughnesse. The Countergate is his kennell, the whole Citie his Paris Garden, the milette of a poore man (but especially a bad liver) is the offals on which hee feedes. The Deuill cals him his white Sonne; he is so like him, that he is the worse for it, & hee takes after his father, for the one torments bodies as fast as the other tortures foules. Money is the crust he leapes at; crie a Ducke, a Ducke, and he plunges not in fo eagerly as at this. The dogs chaps water to ferch nothing elfe: he hath his name for the Same qualitie, for Sergeant is Quafi See Ar. gent look you Rogue here is money. He goes muffled like a theefe, & carries still the marks of one, for he fleales vpon a man cowardly, pluckes him by the throat, makes him stand, and

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and fleeces him In this they differ, the theefe is more valiant and more honest. His walks in Terme time are vp Fleete-ftreete, at the end of the Terme vp Holborne, and fo to Tyburne, the gallowes are his purlues, in which the Hang-man and Hee are Quarterrangers, the one turnes off, & the other cuts downe. All the vacation hee lies imboag'de behinde the lattice of some blinde drunken. bawdy Ale-house, and if he spy his prey out he leapes, like a free-booter, and riffles; or like a Ban-doz, worries. No officer to the City, keepes his oath fo uprightly; hee neuer is forsworne, for he sweates to bee true varlet wthe Citie, & he continues fo to his dying day. Mace which is fo comfortable to the stomacke in all kinde of meats turnes in his hand to mortall poyfon. This Rauen pecks nor out mens eyes as others doe, all his spite is at their shoulders, and you were better to have the Night Mare ride you, then this Inorbus. When any of the Furies in Hell die, his Cacademon hath the reversion of his place. Hee will venture as desperately vpon the Peneas any Roaring Boy of them all. For when hee arrests awhore, himselfe putsher in.

in, common bayle at his owne perill, & she payes him soundly for his labour; vpon one of the Shiristes Custards he is not so gree. dy, nor so sharpe set, as at such a stew-por. The Citie is (by the custome) to feede him with good meate, as they send dead horses to their hounds, onely to keepe them both in good heart, for not onely those Curs at the Doghouse, but these within the wals, are to serue in their places, in their seuerall huntings. He is a Citizens birdlime, and where he holds he hangs.

This Y coman

Is the Hangar that a Sargeant weares by his side, it is a salse Die of the same Bale, but not the same Cut, for it tunnes some what higher and does more mischiefe. It is a Tumbler to drive in the Conies. He is yet but a bungler, and knowes not how to cut vp a man without tearing, but by a patterne. One Terme fleshes him, or a Fleet-freet breakfast. The Denill is but his father in law, & yet for th'love he bears him, wil leave him a simuch as if he were his owne childe. And for that cause (in stead of prayers) hee does everice morning

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morning at the Counter-gate aske him bleffing, and thriues the better in his actions all the day after. This is the hooke that hangs under water to choake the fift, and his Sergeant is the quill aboue water, which pops downe so soone as ever the bait is swallowed. It is indeede an otter, and the more terriblic destroyer of the two. This Counter-Rat hath atayle as long as his fellowes, but his teeth ate more tharpe, and hee more. hungry, because hee does but snap, and hath not his full halfe share of the booty. Theeve of this Wolfe is as quicke in his head, as a Cut purses in a throng, and as nimble is he at his bulineffe, as a Hang-man at an execution. His office is as the dogs to worrie the theepe first, or drive him to the shambles; the Butcher that cuts his throate steps out afters wards, & that's his Sargeant. His living lies within the Citie, but his conscience lies bedrid in one of the holes of a Counter. This Eele is bred too, out of the mud of a Bankerupt, and dies commonly with his guts ript vp,or elfe a fueden stab fends him of his last errand. He will very greedily take a cut with a fword, and fucke more filuer out of the wound

wound then his Surgeon shall. His beginning is descessable, his courses desperate, and his end damnable.

A common cruell Iaylor

TS a creature mistaken in the making, for he should be a Tyger, but the shape being thought too terrible, it is covered; and hee weares the vizor of a man, yet retaines the qualities of his former fierceneffe, currifinesse, and rauening. Of that red earth, of which man was fathioned, this peece was the basest, of the rubbish which was left, and throwneby, came this laylor, his descent is then more ancient, but more ignoble, for he comes of the race of those Angels that fell with Lucifer from heaven, whither hee neuer (or very hardly teturnes. Of all his bunches of keyes not one hath wards to open that doore; For this Jaylours foule stands not upon those two Pillers that supportheanen, (Instice and Mercie) it rather fits upon those two foote-stooles of heil, Wrong and Crueltie. He is a Judges flaue, and a prisoner's his. In this they differ, hee is a voluntarie one, the other compeld. He is the

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Hang-man of the law (with a lame hand) &c if the law gaue him all his limbs perfect, he would frike those on whom hee is glad to fawne. In fighting against a Debtor, hee is a Creditors fecond; but obserues not the lawes of the Duelle, for his play is foule, and on all base advantages. His conscience and his shackles hangs up together, & are made very neere of the same mettle, saving that the one is harder then the other, and hath one propertie aboue Iron, for that neuer melts. He diffils money out of poote mens teares, and growes fat by their curses. No man comming to the practicall part of hell, can discharge it better, because here hedoes nothing but study the Theoricke of it. His house is the picture of Hellin little, and the originall of the letters Patents of his office fland exemplified there. A chamber of lowfie beds is better worth to him then the best acre of corne-land in England. Two things are hard to him (nay almost impossible) viz: To faue all his prisoners that none euer elcape, and to be faued himfelfe. His cares are ftopt to the cries of others, and Gods to his: and good reason, for lay the life of a man in oac

one Scale, and his fees on the other, he will lose the first to finde the second. Hee must looke for no mercy (if hee desires Iustice to bee done him) for hee shewes none, and I thinke hee cares the lesse, because hee knowes heaven hath no neede of such Tenants, the doores there want no Porters, for they stand euer open. If it were possible for all creatures in the world to sleepe euerie night, hee onely and a Tyrant cannot. That biessing is taken from them, and this curse comes in the steade, to beceuer in seare, and euer hated: what estate can be worse;?

What a Character is.

IF I must speake the Schoole-masters language, I will confesse that Character comes of this Infinitiue moode $\chi_{\ell} \alpha \xi \omega$, which signifies to engrave, or make a deepe Impression. And for that cause, a letter (as A. B.) is called a Character. Those Elements which we learn first, leaving a strong scale in our memories. Character is also taken for an Egyptian Hieroglyphycke, for an impresse, or short Embleme; in little comprehending much. To square out a Character

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Act by our English levell, it is a picture (reall or personall) quaintly drawne, in various colours, all of them heightned by one shadowing. It is a quicke and soft touch of many strings, all shutting up in one musicall cloze: It is wits descant on any plaine song.

The Character of a happy life by SIR H. UV.

How happie is he borne or taught, That scrueth not anothers will; Whose Armour is his bonest thought, And silly Truth his highest skill.

Whose passions not his Masters are, Whose soule is still prepar'd for death: Vntyed wnto the world with care Of Princely love, or vulgar breath.

Who hath his life from rumors freed, Whose conscience u his strong retreit: Whose state can neyther statterers feed, Norruine make accusers great.

Who

The Character, &c.

Who enuieth none whom chance doth rayse. Or vice: who never understood, How deepest wounds are given with prayse, Not rules of state, but rules of good.

Who God doth late and earely pray, More of his grace, then gifts to lend; Who entertaynes the harmelesse day, With a well chosen Booke or Friend.

This man is free from servile bands, Of hope to rife, or feare to fall; Lord of himselfe, though not of Lands: And having nothing, he hath All.

Certaine verses concerning the present estate of Man.

The world's a bubble, and the life of Man, leffe then a Span; In his conception wretched from the wombe, fo to the Tombe; Curst from his Cradle and so brought to yeares by cares and feares: Who then to fraile mortalitie doth trust, But lives in water or but writes in dust.

Certaine verses.

Tet whil'st with forrow here we line opprest,
what life is hest?
Courts are but onely superficiall schooles
to dandle sooles;
The Rurall parts are turned to a Den
of sauge men;
And where's a Citie from all spice so free

And where's a Citie from all vice of free But may be tearmed the worst of all three?

Domeslicke cares afflict the husbands bed, or paines his head; Those that live single take it for a curse,

or doe things worse:

Some would bane children, those that bane them mone, or wish them gone;

What is it then to have or have no wife, But fingle thraldome or a double strife?

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Our owne affections still at home to please is a disease;

To crosse the Seas to any forraine Soyle, perill and toyle:

Wars with anoise affrights vs, when they cease, we are worse in peace:

what the remaines, but that we find should orie, Not to be borne, or being borne to die?

AN

An Essay of Valour.

I Am of opinion, that nothing is so potent eyther to procure, or ment Loue, as Valour, and I am glad I am fo, for thereby I shall do my selfe much ease. Because valour neuer needs much wit to maintaine it. To speake of it in it selfe, It is a qualitie which hee that hath, shall have least neede of : fo the best league between princes is a mutuall feare of each other. It teacheth a man to va. lue his reputation as his life, and chiefly to hold the lie insufferable, though being alone he finds no hurt it doth him. It leaves it selfe to others censures. For he that brags of his own difwades others from beleeuing it. It feareth a fword no more than an Ague. It alwaies makes good the owner, for though he begenerally held a foole, he shall seldome heare fo much by word of mouth; and that inlargeth him more than any spectacles, for it maketh a little fellow to bee called a Tallman. It yeelds the wall to none but a woman, whose weakenesse is her prerogative, or a man feconded with a woman, as an Viher which alwayes goes before his betters. It makes a man become the witnesse of his

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his owne words, and fland to what euer hee hath faid, and thinketh it a reproach to commit his reutling voto the law. It furnifieth youth with action, and age with discourse, and both by futures; for a man must neuer boaft himselfe in the present tense. And to come neerer home, nothing drawes a woman like to it, for valour towards men, is an Embleme of an Abilitie towards women, a good qualitie fignifies a better : Nothing is more behoovefull for that Sexe, for from it they receive protection, and we free from the danger of it : Nothing makes a shorter cut to obteyning, for a man of armes is alwayes voyd of ceremonie, which is the wall that stands betwixt Piramus and Thisbe, that is, Man and Woman, for there is no pride in women, but that which rebounds from our own basenesse (as cowards grow valiant ypon those that are more cowards) so that onely by our pale asking, we teach them to deny. And by our shamefac'tnesse wee put them in minde to bee modest : whereas indeede it is cunning Rhetoricke to perswade the hearers that they are that already, which. wee would have them to be. This kinde of balh-

bashfulnesse is farre from men of valour.& especially from souldiers, for such are even men (without doubt) forward, and confi. dent losing no time, left they should lose opportunitie, which is the best factor for a Lo. uer. And because they know women are giuen to diffemble; they will neuer be ceue them when they denie. Whilome before this age of wit, and wearing blacke broke in vpon vs, there was no way known to win a Lady, but by Tilting, Tourning, & Riding through Forrests, in which time these stender stripplings with little legs, were held but of ftrength enough to marry their widows. And eue in our dayes there can be given no reason of the inundation of seruingme vpo their Mistriffes, but onely that viually they carry their Mistrisses weapons, and his valour to be counted handsome, just, learned, or welfauoured; all this carries no danger with it, but it is to be admitted to the title of valiant Acts, at least the venturing of his mortalitie, and of all women take delight to hold him lafe in their armes, who hath escaped thicher through many dangers. To speake at once, man hath a printledge in va-

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lour; In clothes and good faces we but imitate women, and many of that fexe will not thinke much (as farre as an answere goes) to diffemble wit too. So then these neare youthes, these women in mens apparell, are too neere a woman to bee beloued of her, they bee both of a Trade, but bee of grim aspect, and such a one a glasse dares take, and the will defire him for newnesse and varietie A skar in a mans face is the same that a mole in a womans, & a mole in a womans, is a Iewell fet in white to make it seeme more white; For a skar in a man is a marke of honour, and no blemish; for 'tis a skarre and a blemish in a Souldier to bee without one. Now as for all things elfe, which are to procure loue, as a good face, wir, cloathes, or a good body; each of them I confelle may worke somewhat for want of a better, that is, if valour bee not their Ryuall. A good face availes nothing it it be in a coward that is balbfull, the vimoft of it is to bee killed, which rather increaseth then quencheth arpetite. Hee that lends her gifts, fends her word also that hee is a man of small gifts otherwise: for wooing by signes and tokens, implies

implies the author dumbe. And if ouid who wrote the Law of Loue were aliue (as hee is extant) would allow it as good a diverfine, that gifts should bee fent as gratuities, not as bribes. Wit gettech rather promise then Loue. Wit is not to bee feene : and no woman takes advice of any in her louing; but of her owne eyes and her wayting womans: Nay which is worfe, wit is not to be felt,& fo no good Bedfellow; wit applied to a woman makes her diffolue her tympering, and discouer her teeth with laughter, and this is furely a purge for loue; for the beginning of loue is a kinde of foolish melancholly. As for the man that makes his Taylor Bawd, and hopes to inueagle his love with fuch a coloured fuite, furely the fame deepely hazards the lose of her fauour vpon eueric change of her cloathes. So likewise for the other that courts her filently with a good body, let mee certifie him that his cloathes depend vpon the comelinesse of his body, and so both vpon opinion. Shee that hath beene seduced by apparell, let me give her to wit, that men alwayes put off their cloathes before they go to bed. And let her that hath beene

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beene enamoured of her setuants body, vnderstand that if shee saw him in a skinne of cloth, that is, in a fuit made to that patterne of his body, thee would fee flender cause to loue him euer after. There is no cloathes fit fowell in a womans eye, as a fuite of steele, though not of the fashion, and no man so soone surpriseth a womans affections, as hee that is the subject of all whispering, & hath alwayes twenty stories of his own deeds depending vpon him Mistake me not, I vnderstand not by valour, one that neuer fights, but when he is backed with drinke or anger, or hissed on with beholders, nor one that is desperate, nor one that takes away a seruingmans weapons, when perchance it cost him his quarters wages, nor yet one that weares a prinie coat of defence, & therein is confident for then fuch as made Bucklers would be counted the Catalines of the Commonwealth. I intend one of an euen resolution grounded vpon reason: which is alwayes euen, having his power restrayned by the law of not doing wrong But now I remem. ber I am for valour, and therefore must bee a man of few words.

CER-

THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH

from a Parlament in Entopia, written

by the Lady Southwell.

I Nprimis, He that hath no other worth to commend him, then a good Suite of Apparell, shall not dare to woe a Lady in his owne behalfe, but shall be allowed to carry the Hieroglyphike of his friends affection.

Item, that no foule fac'd Lady shall raile on her that is fairer, because she is fairer, nor feeke by blacke calumniation to darken hee

fame, volesse she be her corrivall.

them, that no man may entitle himselfe by the matchles name of a friend, that loues vp on condition, vnlesse he be aschoole-master.

Item, that no Lady, which modelily keepes her house for want of good cloathes to visite her Gossips, shall proteste contempt of the worlds vanitie, vulctie she see no hope

of the tydes returning.

Item, that no Banckrupt knight, that to fet up shop againe becomes paralite or Buffone to some great Lord, shall neuer after sweate by his honour; but by his knight-hood he may.

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Mem, that no Lady that veeth to paint shall sinde fault with her painter that hath not counterfeited her picture faire enough, vn-lesse she will acknowledge her selfe to be the better counterfeiter.

Item, that no man, whose vaine loue hath beene rejected by a vertuous Lady, shall report that hee hath refused and cast her off, vnlesse he will take the base lying fellow by the next assaylant, so rejected, without any further quartell.

ltem, that no Lady shall court her looking glasse, past one houre in a day, vnlesse shee

professe to be an Inginer.

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Item, that no Quarter-wayter shall feed on theese three quarters of a yeare to feast on satten one quarter, without Galens aduice, & the Apothecaries bill to bee written by a Taylor.

Item, that wench that is ouer enamored of her felfe, and thinkes all other so too, shall be bound to carry a burden of Birdlime on her backe, and spinne at a Barne-doore to catch sooles.

Item, hee that fweareth when he lofeth his money at dice, shall challenge his damnati-

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Edicts.

on by the way of purchase.

Item, no Lady that filently simpereth for want of wit, shall be call'd modest.

Item, no fellow that begins to argue with a woman, and wants wit to encounter her, shall thinke he hath redeem'd his credit by putting her to filence with some latetuious discourse, volesse hee weare white for William, and greene for Sommer.

Item, no woman that remayneth constant for want of assault, shall bee called chaste.

Item, he that professeth vertuous loue to a woman, and gives ground when his vanitie is rejected, shall have his bels cut off and

flie for a haggard.

Item, shee that respecteth the good opinis on of others, before the Being of good in her selfe, shall not refuse the name of an hypocrite, and shee that imployes all her time in working trappings for her selfe, the name of spider: and shee that sets the first quest of enquire amongst her gossips for new fashions, shall not refuse a stircher for her second husband.

vertuous, for the which hee protesseth to

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toue her, yet vnder hand commenceth a base suit, and is distained; shall not on this blow which his owne vice hath given him, out of policy taile suddenly on her, for feare he be noted for a vicious soole: but to his friend in private hee may say that his ividgement was blinded by her cunning disguise, and he that findes her wavering in goodnesse, with time hee shall openly professe to rayle on her; but with such a modestie for sooth, as if hee were loth to bring his ividgement into question; not would hee doe it, but that he prefers truth even out of his owne reach.

NEWES FROM ANY WHENCE.

OLD TRUTH, VNDER A SVP.
pofall of Noueltie, occasioned by diners Essaies
and prinate passages of wit, betweene sundy
Gentlemen vpon that subject.

Newes from Court.

T is thought here that there are as great miseries beyond happy-nesse, as a this side it, as being in love. That truth is cueric mans

by affenting. That time makes every thing
O 2 aged,

aged, and yet it felfe was neuer but a minute olde. That, next sleepe, the greate it deuourer of time is businesse: the greatest stretcher of it, Passion : the truest measure of it, Con. templation. To bee faued, alwayes is the best plot : and vertue alwayes cleeres her way as thee goes. Vice is ever behind-hand with it felfe. That Wit and a woman are two frayle things, and both the frailer by concurring. That the meanes of begetting a man, hath more increast mankinde then the end. That the madneffe of Loue is to bee ficke of one part, and cured by another. The madneffe of Icalousie, that it is so diligent, & yet it hopes to lofe his labour. That all women for the bodily part, are but the same meaning put in divers words. That the difference in the fense is their understanding: That the wifedome of Action is discretion; the knowledge of Contemplation is truth : the knowledge of action is men. That the first considers what should be, the latter makes vie of what is. That every man is weake in his own humors. That eucry man a little beyond himselfe is a foole. That affectation is the more ridiculous part of folly then ignorance.

That the matter of greatnes is comparison. That God made one world of Substances; Man hath made another of Art and Opinions. That Money is nothing but a thing which Art hath turned vp Trumpe. That custome is the soule of circumstances. That custome hath so farre preuayled, that Truth is now the greatest newes. Sir T. Ouer.

Answere to the Court Newes.

THat Happynesse and Misery are Antipo-des. That Goodnesse is not Felicitie, but the rode thither. That Mans strength is but a vicifsitude of falling and rifing. That only to refraine ill, is to bee ill ftill. That the plot of Saluation was layde before the plot of Paradife. That enioying is the preparative to contemning. That he that seeks opinion beyond merit, goes iust so farre backe. That no man can obtayne his desires; nor in the world hath not to his measure. That to study, men are more profitable then bookes. That mens loues are their afflictions. That titles of honour, are rattles to still ambition. That to be a King, is Fames Butte, and Feares Quiner. That the foules of Women & Lo-

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tiers, are wrapt in the portmanque of their fenses. That imagination is theend of man. That wit is the webbe, and wisedome the woose of the cloth; so that womens soules were neuer made vp. That enuie knowes what it will not confesse. That Goodnesse is like the Art Prospective: one point Center, begetting infinite rayes. That Man, woman, and the deuill, are the three degrees of comparison. That this newes holds number, but not weight, by which couple all things receive forme.

Country Newes.

That there is most here, for it gathers in going. That reputation is measured by the Acre. That pouertie is the greatest dishonestie. That the pittie of Alasse poore soule, is for the most part mistaken. That rost Beese is the best smell. That a suffice of Peace is the best smell. That a suffice of Peace is the best relicke of Idolatry. That the Allegory of Suffice drawne blinde, is turned the wrong way. That not to live to heavenly is accounted great wrong. That wisedome descends in a race. That we love names better then persons. That to hold in Knights service, is a slippery service. That a Papist is a

new word for a traytor. That the duty of religion is lent, not pay'd. That the reward is loft in the want of humility. That the puritan perfecution is as a cloud that can hid the glory of the light, but not the day. That the emulation of the English and Scots to be the Kings Countrie men, thruff the honour on the Welfh. That a courtier neuer attaines his selfeknowledge, but by report. That his best emblem is a hearndog. That many great me are so proud that they know not their owne fathers. That love is the tayle-worme. That a woman is the effect of her own first fame. That to remember, to know, and to vnderstand, are three degrees not understood. That Country ambition is no vice, for there is nothing aboue a man. That fighting is a teruingmans valour: Martyrdome their Masters. That to live long is to fill vp the dayes wee line. That the zeale of some mens Religion reflects from their Friendes. That the pleafure of vice is indulgence of the present, for it endures but the acting. That the proper reward of goodnes is from within, the externall is policie. That good and ill is the Croffe and Pile in the ayme of life.

life. That the Soule is the lampe of the bo. dy Reason of the Soule, Religion of Reafon, Faith of Religion, Christ of Faith. That circumstances are the Atomies of Policie, Censure the being, Action the life, but successe the ornament. That authority presfeth downe with weight, & is thought vio. lence: Policie trips vp the heeles and is called the dexteritie. That this life is a throng in a narrow passage, he that is first out, finds ease, he in the middle worft hem'd in with troubles, the hindmost that drives both out afore him, though not suffering wrong, hath his part in doing it. That God requires of our debts a reckoning, not payment. That heauen is the easiest purchase, for we are the richer for the disburfing. That liberalitie should have no obiect but the poore, if our minds were rich. That the mysterie of greatnesse is to keepe the inferiour ignorant of it. That all this is no Newes to a better wit. That the Citie cares not what the Countrit thinks. Sir T.R.

Newes from the very Countrey.

That it is a Fripery of Courtiers, Marchants, & others, which have beene in fashion,

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fathion, and are very neere worne out, That Iuffices of Peace have the felling of vnderwoods, but the Lords have the great fals. The Ieluits are like Apricocks, heretofore, here and there one fuccour'd in a great mans house, and cost deare; now you may have them for nothing in every cottage. That eucry great Vice is a Pike in a Pond, that deuours vertues,& leffe vices. That it is wholesome getting a stomack by walking on your owne ground: and the thriftieft laying of it at anothers rable. That debtors are in Londen close prisoners, and here have the libertie of the house. That Atheists in affiction, like blind beggers, are forced to aske, though they knowe not of whome. That there are (God be thanked) not two fuch Acres in all the Countrey, as the Exchange & Westminfer Hall, rhat only Christmas Lords know their ends. That Women are not so tender fruit, but that they doe aswell, & beare aswel vpon beds , as plashed against walles. That our Carts are neuer worse imployed, then when they are waighted on by Coaches. That Sentences in Authours, like haires in horse tayles, concurre in one roote of beauty and

and strength, but being pluckt out one by one, serue onely for springes & snares. That both want and abundance, equally advance a restified man from the world, as cotton & stones are both good casting for an Hawke. That I am fure there is none of the forbid. den fruit left, because we do not all eat therof. That our best three pild milchiefecomes from beyond the sea, and rides post through the countrey, but his errand is to Court. That next to no wife and children, your owne are the best pastime, anothers wife & your children worle, your wife & anothers children worft. That Statesmen hunt their fortunes, and are often at default: Fauourits course her, & are euer in view. That inteperance is not so vnwholesome here for none euer faw Spatrow ficke of the poxe. That here is no trechery not fidelitie, but it is because here are no secrets. That Court-motions are vp & down, ours circular, theirs like fquibs canor fray at the highest, nor returnto the place which they role fro, but vanish & weare out in the way: ours like Mil-wheeles, bufie without changing place; they have peremptorie fortunes; we viciflitudes. I.D.

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Answer the very countrey Newes.

T is a thought, that man is the Cooke of Ltime, and made dreller of his own fatting. That the fine Senses are the Cinque ports for temptation, the Trafficke fin, the Lieute. nant Sathan, the custome-tribute, Soules. That the Citizens of high Court grow rich by fimplicity; but those of London, by fimple craft. That life, death, and time, doe with hort cudgels dance the Matachine. That those which dwell under the Zona Torrida, are troubled with more damps, than those of Frizida That Policy and Superstition hath of late maske rent from her face, and face is found with a wrie mouth and a stinking breath, & those that courted her hotly, hate her now in the fame degree or beyond . That nature too much louing her owne, becomes vnnaturall & foolish rhat the foule in some is like an egge, hatched by a young Puller, who often riging from her neft, makes hor and cold beget rottennesse, which her wanton youth will not beleeve, till the faire shel being broken, the stinke appeareth to profit others, but cannot her. That those are the wise ones, that hold the superficies of ver-

eue, to support her contrary, all-sufficient. what elemencie within and without is the nurle of rebellion. That thought of the fus fi ture is retired into the countrey, and time present dwels at Court. That I lining neere the Church-yard, where many are buried of the Pest, yet my infection commeth from Spaine, & yet it is feared it fwill disperse futther into the Kingdome. A. S.

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Newes to the Vninersitie.

Meere Scholler is but a live booke, Ac. Ation doth expresse knowledge better then wordes; fo much of the Soule is loft as the body cannot vtter. To teach, should rather bee an effect, then the purpose of learning. Age decayes nature, perfects Art:therforethe glory of youth, is strength; of the gray head wisedome; yet most condemne the follies of their owne infancie, runne after those of the worlds, and in reverence of antiquitie will beare an olde error against a new truth. Logicke is the Heraldry of Arts, th the array of Iudgement, none it selfe, nor any Science without it: where it and learning meete not, must bee eyther a skilfull ignorance,

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nt. ignorance, or a wilde knowledge. Vnderthe standing cannot conclude out of moode & fus figure. Discretion containes Rhesoricke; he next way to learne good words, is to learne ere fenfe; the newest Philosophie is foundest, the of eldeft Divinitie: Aftronomy begins in nature, ends in Magicke, there is no honefty of the ur- body without health, which no man hath ends in Magicke. There is no honefty of the had fince Adam. Intemperance that was the first mother of sickenesse, is now the daughter. Nothing dyes but qualities. No kinde Ac. in the world can perish without ruine of the tter whole. All parts helpe one another (like tas States) for particular intereft : So in Artes ra- which are but translations of nature, there ear- is no found position in any one, which, imaner- gine false, there may not from it be drawne the firong conclusions, to disprove all the reft. me Where one truth is granted, it may bee by af-of controuerted. The foule and body of the first a man, were made fit to bee immortall togerts, ther we cannot live to the one, but we must not dye to the other. A man and a Christian are ar- two creatures. Our perfection in this world is vertue; in the next knowledge; when wee

shall read the glory of God in his own face.

Newes from Sea.

Hat the bett p'eafure is to have no obice of pleature & voiformitie is a better prospect then varietie, That putting to Sea is change of life, but not of condition; where rifings and tals, Calmes, and Croffe. gales are yours, in order and turne; forewindes but by chance. That it is the worst winde to haue no winde, and that your fmooth fac'd courtier, deading your course by a calme gives greater impediment, then an open enemies Croffe-gale. That leuitie is a vertue, for many are held vp by it. That it's nothing fo intricate and infinite, to rigge a shippe as a Woman, and the more eyther is fraught, the apter to leake. That to pumpe the one, and threeue the other, is alike noyfome. That small faultes habituated, areas dangerous as little leakes vnfound; and that to punish & not prevent, is to labour in the pumpe, and leave the leake open. That it is best striking Savle before a storme, and necellarieft in it. That a little time in our life is best, as the shortest cut to out Hauen is the hap16-

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happyest voyage. That to him that hath no Hauen, no winde is friendly; & yet it is bet. ter to have no Haven, then some kinde of one. That expedition is every where to bee bribed but at Sea. That gaine works this miracle, to make men walke vpon the water; and that the found of Commoditie drowns thenoise of a Storme, especially of an abfent one. That I have once in my life outgone night at Sea, but neuer darkenelle, and that I shall neuer wonder to see a hard world, because I have lined to see the Sun a bankrupt, being ready to starue for cold in his perpetuall presence, that a mans companions are (like thips) to be kept in distance, for falling foule one of another; onely with my friend I will chose, That the fairest field for a running head is the Sea, where he may run himselfe out of breath,& his humour out of him. That I could carry you much further, and yet leaue more before then behinde, and all will be but via Nanis without print or tracke, for fo is morall inftruction to youths watrish humour. That though a thip vnder fayle be a good fight, yet it is better to fee her moor'd in the Hauen. That I

care

my flesh, to I saue the passenger. And heere I cast Anchor.

W. S.

Forraine newes of the yeare 1622.

From France.

IT is delinered fro France, that the choyce of friends there, is as of their wines: those that being new, are hard and harsh, proue best: the most pleasing are least lasting. That an enemie fierce at the first onset, is as a torrent tumbling downe a mountaine, a while it beares all before it : have but that whiles patience, you may passe it dry foote. That a penetrating iudgement may enter into a mans minde by his bodies gate; if this appeare affected, apish and vnstable; a wonder if that be fetled. That vaine glory, new fashions, and the French disease, are vpon termes of quitting their countries Allegeance to be made free Denisons of Ingland. That the wounds of an ancient enmitte haue their scarres, which cannot be so well closed to the fight, but they will lye open to the memory. That a Princes pleasurable vices, whered by autho-

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authoritie, and wayted on by confluence, fooner punish themselues by the subjects imitation, then they can be reformed by remonstrance or correction: so apt are all ill examples to rebound on them that give them. That Kings heare truth of core for the tellers, then their owne advantage

From Spaine.

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THat the shortest cut to the riches of the Indies, is by their contempt. That who is feared of most feares most. That it more vexeth the proud, that men despise them, then that they not feare the: that greatnes is fruitfull enough, when other helpes faile, to beget on it selfedestructio. That it is a groffe flattering of tired crueltie, to honest it with the title of clemencie. That to eate much at other mens cost, and little at his owne, is the wholefomest & most nourishing diet, both in Court and countrey. That those are aptest to domineere over others, who by suffering indignities have learned to offer them. That ambition like afilly Doue flies up to fall downe, it mindes not whence it came, but whether it will. That eue galley-flaues, fetting

fetting light by their captivitie, finde free. dome in bondage. That to be flow in mili. tary bufineffe, is to be fo courteous as to give the way to an enemie, that lightning and greatnesse more feare then hurt.

From Rome.

That the Venereall (called veniall) fin is to passe in the ranke of Cardinall vertues; and that those should bee held hence. forth his Holinesse beneficiall friends, that finne vpon hope of pardon. That where vice is a State-commodity, he is an offender that often offends not. That lewes & Curtezans there, are as beafts that men feed, to feed on. That for an English man to abide at Rome, is not so dangerous as report makes it; since it skilles not where wee live, to wee take heede how wee live. , That greatnesse comes not downe by the way it went vp, there being often found a small distance betweene the highest and the lowest Fortunes. That rackt authoritie is oft leffe at homethen abroad regarded, while things that feeme, are (commonly) more a farre off then at hand feared.

Nebes.

From Venice.

That the most profitable Banke, is the true vsc of a mans selfe, whiles such as grow mouldy in idlenesse, make their houses their rombes, and die before their death. That many dangerous spirits lye buried in their wants, which they had meanes to their mindes would dare as much as those that with their better fortunes ouer-toppe them. That professed Curtezans, if they bee any way good, it is because they are openly bad. That frugalitie is the richest treasure of an estate, where men seede for hunger, cloth for cold and modesty, & spend for honour, charitie and safetie.

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From Germany.

That the infectious vice of Drunkengood-fellowship, is like to sticke by that
Nation as long as the multitude of Offenders so becames the sense offending, as that
a common blot is held no staine. That discretions must be taken by weight, not by
tale: who doth otherwise, shall both proue
his owne too light, and fall short of his reckoning. That seare and a nice fore-cast of

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euery flight danger, seldome gives eyther faithfull or stuittuil counsell, rhat the Empyre of Germany, is not more great then that ouer a mans selfe.

From the Low Countries.

That one of the furest grounds of a mans libertie is, not to give another power ouer it: that the most dangerous plunge whereto to put thine enemie, is despetation, while forcing him to set light by his owne life, thou makest him master of thine. That neglected danger lights soonest & heaviest rhat they are wisest, who in the likely hood of good, provide for ill. That since pittie dwels at the next doore to misery, he liveth most at ease that is neighbouted with envy. That the evill fortune of the warres, as well as the good is variable.

Newes from my Lodging.

That the best prospect is to look inward.

That it is quieter sleeping in a good coscience then a whole skin. That a soule in a
stat bodie lies soft, and is both to rise. That he
must rise bestimes who would cozen the de-

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uill. That flattery is increased from a pillow vnder the elbow, to a bed vnder the whole body. That Policie is the vnfleeping night of reason. That he who sleepes in the cradle of securitie, sinnes soundly without starting. That guilt is the flea of the conscience. That no man is throughly awaked, but by affliction. That a hang'd chamber in private, is nothing fo convenient as a hang'd traytour in publike. That the religion of Papistry, is like a curtaine, made to keepe out the light. That the life of most women is walking in their fleepe, & they talke their dreames, That Chambering is counted activiller qualitie, then playing and ables in the Hall, though Seruing-men vie both. rhat the best bedtellow for all times in the yeare, is a good bed without a fellow. That he who tumbles in a calme bed, hath his tempest within. That he who will rife, must first lye downe and take humilitie in his way. That fleepe is deaths picture drawne to life, or the twilight of life and death, That in fleepe weekindely shake death by the hand; but when we are awaked, we will not know him. That often fleepings are so many trials to die, that at last we may doc

doe it perfectly. That few darewrite therrue newes of their Chamber: and that I have none secret enough to tempt a strangers cuziositie, or a servants discovery.

God give you good morrow. B.R.

Newes of my morning Worke.

Hat to bee good, the way is to bee most alone, or the best accompanied. That the way to heaven is mistaken for the most Melancholy-walke. That the most feare the worlds opinion, more then Gods displea. fure That a Court-friend feldome goes further then the first degree of Charity. That the Deuill is the perfect Courtier. That innocencie was first cozen to man, now guiltinesse hath the necrest Alliance. That sleepe is deaths Leger-ambassador. That time can neuer bespent: we passe by it and cannot returne. That none can bee fure of more time then an instant. That sinne makes worke for repentance or the deuill. That patience hath more power then afflictions. That euerie ones memory is divided into two parts : the part losing all is the Sea, the keeping part is Land. That honestie in the Court hues in per-

persecution, like Protestants in Spaine. That predestination and constancie are a like vncertaine to be judged of. That reason makes loue the Seruing-man. That vertues fauour is better then a Kings factoutite. That being ficke begins a fuite to God, being well, poffelfeth it, That health is the coach which carries to Heauen, sicknesse the post-horse. That worldly delights to one in extreme fickneffe, is like a high candle to a blinde man. That absencedoth sharpe love, presence strengthes it; that the one brings fuel, the other blowes it till it burnes cleere: that love often breaks friendship, that euer increaseth loue. That constancie of women, and love in men, is a like rate. That Art is truths luggler. That falshood playes a larger part in the world then truth. That blind zeale & lame knowledge are a like apt to ill. That fortune is hubleft where most contemned That no Porter but resolution keeps feare out of minds. That the face of goodnesse without a body is the worst wickednesse. That womens fortunes aspite but by others powers. That a man with a female wit is the worst Hermaphrodite. That a man not worthy being a friend.

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friend, wrongs himselfe by being in acquaintance. That the worst part of ignorance, is making good and ill seeme alike. That all this is newes onely to fooles. Mist. B.

Newes from the lower end of the Table.

T is faid among the folke here, that if a I man die in his infancie, hee hath onely broke his fast in this world: if in his youth, he hath left vs at dinner. That it is bed-time with a man at threefcore and ten : and hee that lives to a hundred yeares, hath walked a mile after supper. That the humble mins ded man makes the lowest courresse. That grace before meate, is our election before we were : grace after meate our faluation when we are gone The foule that halts betweene two opinions, fals betweene two stooles. That a foole at the vpper end of the table, is the bread before the falt. Hee that hates to be reproued, fits in his ownelight. Hunger is the cheapest sawce, & nature the cheapest guest. The sensible man and the silent woman are the best discoursers, Repentance without amendement, is but the flufting of a foule trencher. He that tels alie to faue

faue his credit, wipes his mouth with his fleeue to spare his napkin. The tongue of a Iester is the fiddle that the hearts of the copany dance to. The tongue of a foole carues a prece of his heart to every man that fits next him. A filent man is a couered meffe. The contented man onely is his owne caruer. Hee that hath many friends eates too much falt with his meat. That wit without discretion cuts other men meate and his owne fingers. That the foule of a chollerick man fits ever by the firefide. That patience is the lard of the leane meate of aductifitie. The Epicure puts his money into his belly, and the Miler his belly into his purse. That the best company makes the vpper end of the table, and not the falt-celler. The superfluity of a mans possessions, is the broken meate that should remaine to the poore. That the enuious keeps his knife in his hand, & fwallowes his meat whole. A rich foole amongst the wife is the a guilt empty bowle amongst the thirstie. Ignorance is an insensible hunger. The water of life is the best wine. Hee that robs me of my invention, bids himfelfe welcome to another mans table, and I will

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bidhim welcome when he is gone. The vain glorious man piffeth more then he drinkes. That no man can drinke an health out of the cup of blessing. To furfet vpon wit, is more dangerous then to want it. Hee that's ouercome of any passion is drunke, T'is eafier to fill the belly of faith then the eye of reason, The rich glutton is better fed then taught. That faith is the elbow for an heavy Soule to leane on. He that fins that he may repent, furfets that hee may take physicke. Hee that tifes without thankefgining, goes away and owes for his ordinary. Hee that begins to repent when hee is old, neuer wafed his hands till night. That this life is but oneday of three meales, or one meale of three courses : child-hood, youth, and olde age. That to suppe well, is to live well; and that's the way to fleepe well. That no man goes to bed till he dies, nor wakes till hee be dead. And therefore Good night to you here, and good morrow hereafter.

Newes from the Church.

I was thought heere, that the world was made for man, & not man for the world, and

and therefore they take a croffe course that lye downe there. That those that will not rife, their foules must, and carry their bodies to judgement. That we have frent one inheritance already, & are prodigall of this. That there is no hope beyond mercie, and that this is the time; and the next is of luftice. That Christ when he went away, left good seede in his Church; and when hee comes againe, hee shall finde Christians, but not faith. That the Deuill hath got vpon vs, the fame way that he did at the fift, by drawing shadowes ouer substances, as hee did the body ouer thefoule. That Protestants weatethe name of Christ for a Charme, as Papists doe the Crosse. That States vse it, the Cleargie live by it, the People follow it, more by a streame, then one by one. That all are religious rather then some. That cuerie one lookes to another, but not to himfelfe. That they goe fo by throngs to Heauen, that it is to be feared they take the broader way. That the Church is in the world, like afhip in the Sea; the elect in the Church, like Ionas amongst the Mariners. That to mend this, is to cheate the Deuill, to turne man the right

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right fide outward, and fet the foule foremost againe. That the soule may bee too ranke too, if wee looke not to it : and fo a Puritan oftentimes meetes a Papist in Superstition another way. That to binde from & to indifferent things, is equall, though it be thought otherwise. That some, out of a good meaning, have fallen this way into a vice. That these faults are more subtill; and therefore leffe perceiued, and leffe to bee blamed; but as dangerous as other, if they take head. That the rule is in all things the body and the foule must goe together, but the better before. That we have contended fo long about the body of Religion, that some men thought it was dead. That so Atheists are come into the Church , that it will bee as hard to cast them out as Deuils. That those which have thus broken the peace of Ierufalem, as obliged to fatisfaction; and those which first gaue them cause of amendment. That they are a good medicine one for another, and both a good Composition. That a pure Bishop is the best government, if the pride on both fides would let them know it. That all Controuetfics for the most part, lcaue

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leave the truth in the middle, & are factious at both ends. That the Church hath this good by them, they cleanse the way for others, but not for themselues. That fince. ritic, in the cause of truth, is more worth then learning. That too much, and too little knowledge, have made the world mad, That we have a shorter cut to it; and a surer way then Drake had over the world, if wee could finde it out. That every man is a briefe of the whole; and as hee is so, hee is greater then a King. That cuery King is a briefe of his Land, and hee hath a Patterne of the gouernement of it alwayes about him. That as the honour that he gives voto his nobles and Counsellours is a charge; so is that which God gives him. That as he requires an account, so he must give. That he is the Image of God in his kingdome as man is in the world. That therefore the Subjects owe him obedience, as the Creatures doe Man. That those that will not obey, are neyther good subjects, nor good men. That to obey well is as great a thing as to gouerne, and more mens duties. That those that thinke no fo, know not the Christians part, which

is to fuffer. That though States be naught, af they profeste Religion, they may deliuer many men safe to Heaven, though they goe not themselves, and so they are like bad Minifters. That this is Gods vie of both, and of the world too, to convey his elect to their place, That the outward face of the Church hath but the same vse, and the Elect are the Church themselues. That they are the Teple of the Holy Ghoft, and therefore ought to plucke downe their Idols, and fet vp God there. That the Idols of these times, are Conetousnesse, Pride, Gluttony, wantonnesse, Herefics, and fuch like admiration and feruing of our felues. That wee muft make all time an occasion of amendement, because the Deuill makes it an occasion to tempt. That he is a Spirit, & therefore is cunninger then we. That there is no way to relift him, but by the Spirit of God, which is his Mafter. That this is the gift of God, which hee giveth to all that are his. That it is encreafed by the word. And held by humility and prayer. That Faith is the effect of it, and workes the affurance. That thus the vnderstanding and will, which is the whole soule

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of man, is madevpagaine, and fanctifies the boby. That so we are the members of Christ. That our Head is in Heauen, as a pawne, that where he is, we shall bee. That there is no opinion but knowledge; for it is the Science of soules and God the teacher.

Newes from the Bed.

THat the Bed is the best Rendevou of mankinde, and the most necessary orna. ment of a Chamber. That Souldiers are good Antiquaries in keeping the old fashion, for the first bed was the bare ground. That a mans pillow is his best Counseller. That Adam lay in state, when the Heaven was his Canopie That the naked truth is, Adam and Eue lay without sheetes. That they were eyther very innocent, very ignorant, or very impudent, they were not ashamed the heavens should see them lye without a Couerlet. That it is likely Eue ftudied Aftronomy, which makes the posteritie of her Sexe euer fince to lye on their backes. That the circumference of the bed is nothing so wide as the convex of the heavens,

yet

yet it containes a whole world. That the five Senses are the greatest fleepers. That a flothfull man is but a reasonable Dormouse. That the Soulceuer awakes to warch the body rhat a jealous man fleepes dog fleepe. That fleepe makes no difference betweene a wifeman and a foole. That for all times Acepe is the best bedfellow. That the Denill and mischiese eyer wake. That love is a dreame. That the preposterous hopes of ambitious men are like pleasing dreames, farthest off whe awake. That the bed payes Veness more custome then all the world beside. That if dreames and withes had beene all true, there had not beene fince Popery, one Mayde to make a Nun of. That the secure man sleepes foundly, and is hardly to bee awak't. That the charitable man dreames of building Churches, but starts to thinke the vogodlier Courtier will pull them downe againe, That fleepers were neuer dangerous in a State. There is a naturall reason, why popith Priests chuse the bed to confesse their women vpon, for they hold it necessary, that humiliation should follow shrift. That if the bed should speakeall it knowes, it would put many

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many to the blush. That it is fit the bed should know more then paper. R.S.

Newes from Ship-loard.

Hat repentance without amendment, is likecontinuall pumping, without mending the leak a. That hee that lives without Religion, fayles without a Compaffe. That the wantonnefle of a peacefull Commonwealth, is like the playing of the Porpelle before a storme. That the foole is sea-sicke in a Caime, but the wifemans stomackeendures all weathers. That passions in a soole are ordinance broken loofe in a storme, that alter their propertie of offending others and ruine himselfe. That good fortunes are foft quickfand, adverfice a racke, both equally dangerous. That vertue is in poucity a ready rigg'd Ship, that lyes wind bound. That good fashion in a man is like the Pilot in a Ship, that doth most with least force. That a Fooles tongue is like the buye of an Anchor, you shall finde his heart by it wherefocuer it lyes. Wisedome makes vse of the crofles of this world, as a skilfull Pylot of Rockes for fea-markes to fayle by. H.R.

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Newes

Newes from the Chimney Corner.

Hat wit is Brushwood, Judgement timber: the one gives the greatest slame, the other yeeldes the durablest heat, and both meeting makes the best fire. That Bawdes and Atturneys are Andyrons that hold vp their Clyents till they burne each other to ashes: they receive warmth by these, these

by them their destruction.

That a wife rich-man is like the backe or stock of the chimney, & his wealth the fire, hee receives it not for his own neede, but to reflect the heat to others good. That housekeeping in England is talne from a great fire in a hot Summers day, to boughes in the Chimney all winter long. That mans reafon in matter of Faith is fire, in the first degree of his ascent flame, next smoake, and then nothing. A young fellow falne in loue with a whore, is faid to bee falne asleepe in the Chimney corner. Hee that leaves his friend for his wench, forfakes his bed to fit vp and watch a coale. That the couctous rich man onely freezes before the fire. That choller is an ill gueft, that piffes in the chimney for want of a chamber-pot. That chafte Beauty

Beauty is like the bellowes , whose breath is cold, yet makes others burne. That hee that expounds the Scriptures vpon the warrant of his owne spirit onely, layes the brandes together without tongs, and is fure(at leaft) to burne his owne fingers. That the Louer keepes a great fire in's house all the yeare long. That denotion, like fire in frostie weather, burnes hottest in affliction. That fuch Fryers as flie the world for the trouble of it, lye in bed all day in Winter to spare firewood. That a couctous man is a Dogge in a wheele, that toyles to roaft meat for other mens eating. The Pagans worthipping the Sunne, are said to hold their hands to the Glo-worme in stead of a coale for hear. That a wife mans heart is like a broad hearth that keepes the coales (his passions from

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burning the house. That good deedes in this life, are coales raked up in embers, to make a fire next day.

Q.

Para-



Paradoxes, as they were spoken in a Maske, and presented before his Maiestie at White-Hall.

Masculine.

HE canot be a cuc. SFor a Perriwig cankold that weares not fit fach a head. a Gregorian.

long Robe is more hofor Furres are deenorable then a knight Sicr then Spurs. made in the field.

3 A drunkard is a Storkethinks aright: good Philosopher. Stheworld goes roud.

4. The devill cannot \ For Saint Dunfton take Tobacco through \ (eard up that with his Nofe.

fittest man in the pa. (i) may put a man righ to make a Confla (into the stockes and ble.

6 A personer is the SFor he ener lyes at a before zerow. Schose ward.

7 An elder brother Swithall to purchase

MAY

Paradoxes

may be a wife man. } experience at any

8 Burgomasters For they may so ought not to weare sur bring in the swear-gownes at midsumer. ting sickenesse.

garaft trade. Some done, but his some fureft trade. Some done, but his some.

Feminine.

marry awiddow then For Caula patet.

guage is the best towin a Tewell, and there is a woman.

For plaine dealing is a Tewell, and there is no Lady but descres to have her.

childe long to be with For if he will not the another man, her huff will doe is without band must confent.

best fits a Captaine. Stonder their coloues.

were ordained for you - Stono lads must plow ger brothers. Lin another mis foile.

IS T'is

Paradoxes.

15 T'is dangerous to? (For the bath caft her marry a widdow. CS Rider. 16 It is good for a For she shall bee sure young Popish wench to to keepe all fasting marry an old man. Inights. 17 A dangerous se-> For no wife man wil cret is safely kept in a Search for it there. wemans bosome. 18 A woman of lear-y For a starling that ning & tongues is an Scan Speake is a pre-admirable creature. I sent for an Emperor 19 A great Ladie For that is too should not weare her meane, as a coate of owne haire. her owne spinning. 20 Afaire womans For so she lookes as if Necke should standa- look't for a kiffe. For they will have wry. 21 Women loue fish place what soeuer better then flesh. they pay for it.

Newter.

Lest Christian. For Quantum in ar= ca, tantum habet,&

Paradoxes.

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23 The best bodies For painted-cloths should weare the mea-Owere made to hide nest habits. bare walles. 24 It is better to be For all the world lies a begger then to be a Open so his trafficke, and yet hee payes no Merchant. Custome. 25 Tis more Safe to For a man should bee bee drunke with Hop, Omore inward with then with the Grape. This countreyman the with a stranger. 26 Aman deepe in For Bacchus cancels debt should be as deepe all manner of obligain drinke. Sctions. 27 Players houses are more necessary in a For men are bester well gouern'd Commo- Claught by example wealth, then schooles. Ithen precept. 28 Tauernes are For it is better more requilite in a Othat the multitude Countrey then Acade- were louing then learned. myes. 29 A Tobacco Thop For fmonke is not and a bawdy bou fe are> Com-incidents. without fire. Q4 30 Wealth

Paradoxes.

30 Wealth is better) (For few Poets have then wit. had the fortune to be chosen Aldermen. 31 Marriage frees a) For then his wife man from care. takes ali upon ber. hounds is the best con Cuning from morfort. ning to night. 33 The court makes | For when the King better schollers then \ wouchfafes to bee a she Vninersities. Teacher, enery man blufbes to bee a non Proficient. 34 A nimble Page. is more refefull for at For a Sparrow is Lady then a long genmore active then a tleman vifter. bald Buzzard, 35 Tis better to bee) For a Goofelines longer then a Cocke a Coward then a Cap-Sof the Game. taine.



The Mountebankes Receipts.

An approved Receipt against Melancholy Feminine.

Fany Lady bee ficke of the Sullens, fice knowes not where, let her take a handfull of timples, I know not what, and vie them I know not how, applying them to the place grieued, I know not which, and fine shall be cured I know not when.

Against the Scuruy.

and mudge of the party

Fany scholler be troubled with an itch or breaking out, which in time may proue scuruy; let him first forbeare clawing and fretting meates, and then purge choller, but by any meanes vpwards.

For reftoring Gentlemen ofhers Legs.

IF any Gentleman-viller have the Confumption in his Legs, let him feede lufti-

Receipts.

ly vpon Veale, two Moneths in the springtime, and forbeare all manner of Mutton, and he shall increase in the Calfe.

For the Tentigo.

IF any be troubled with the Tentigo, let him trauell to Iapan, or because the Forzest of Turnbolia is of the same altitude & elevation of the Pole, and at hand, let him hunt there for his recteation, and it shall be done in an instant.

For a Felon.

I F any bee troubled with a Felon on his finger, whereby hee hath lost the lawfull vse of his hand; let him but once vse the exercise of swinging, & stretch himselfe vpon the sourcaigne tree of Tiburnia, and it will presently kill the Felon.

For a Tympanie.

IF a Virgin beso sicke of Cupid, that the disease is growne to a Tympanie, let her with all speede possible remove her selfe, changing Ayre for forty weekes at least, keeping

Receipts. .

keeping a spare diet as shee trauels, alwayes after vsing lawfull exercises, till she bee married, and then she is past danger.

For Barrennesse.

IF any Lady be maried, yet childelesse, let her sirst desire to be a mother, and eate to her breakes as a new layd Egge in a spoonefull of Goats milke, with a scruple of Amber-greece, and at supper seede on a Henne, troden but by one Cocke; & aboue all things let her auoyd hurrying in Coaches, es pecially on the stones; and assuming a finer mold, then Nature meant her, and no doubt shee shall frustisse.

For the falling sickenesse.

IF any woman be troubled with the falling fickeneffe, let her first torbeare Physicke, especially Suppositories, and Glisters: neyther let her trauell Westward-Ho, because the must awoyde the *the* of Man. And for that it is an eurll Spirit entred into her, let her for a Charme, have alwayes her legs a a crosse, when shee is not walking, and this will helpe her.

· Newes.

For a Rupture.

IF any Merchant be troubled with a Rupture in the bowels of his Estate, so that he cannot goe abroad, let him decoct Gold from a Pound to a Noble; taking the broth therof from sixe Moneths to sixe Moneths, and he shall be as able a man as ever he was.

The Mountebankes Song.

Is any deafe? is any blinde?

Is any bound, or loofe behinde?

Is any foule, that would be faire?

Would any Lady change her haire?

Do's any dreame? do's any walke?

Or in his fleepe affrighted talke?

I come to cure what ere you feele,

Within without, from head to heele.

Be drummes or Ratiles in thy head? Are not thy braines well tempered? Do's Eolus thy stomacke gnaw? Or breede there vermine in thy maw? Doest thou defire and canft not please? Loe here the best Cantharides.

I come to cure what ere you feele, Within without, from head to heele.

Songs.

Euen all disea ses that arise,
Frem ill disposed crudities;
From too much study, too much paine,
From lazinesse, and from a straine;
From any humour doing harme,
Be it dry, or moyst, or cold, or warme.
Then come to me, what ere, &c.

of lazie Gout, I cure the rich,
I rid the beggar of the itch,
I fleame anoyde both thicke and thinne,
I diflocated toynts put in,
I can old age to youth restore,
And doe a thoufand wonders more.
Then come to me, &c.

The second Song.

Maydes of the Chamber or of the kitchin,
If you be troubled with an itchin,
Come give me but a kisser two,
And here is that shall soone care you.

Nor Galen nor Hippoctates,
Did ever doe such cures as these.

Crackt Maydes that cannot hold your water, Or afe to breake winde in your laughter;

Songs.

Or be you vext with Kibes, with Cornes, He cure, or Cuckolas of their hornes. Nor Galen nor, &c.

If lufty Sis, Mayde of the Dairy, Chance to be blew nipt by the Fairy; For making butter with her tayle, Ile gine her that did nener fayle. Nor Galennor, &c.

Or if some mischance betide her, Or that the Night-mare over-ride her, Or if shee tell all in a Dreame, Ile helpe her for a messe of Creame. Nor Galen nor, &c.

The third Song.

Heer's water to quench Mayden fires,
Heer's pirits for old occupiers,
Heer's powder to preserve youth long,
Heer's oyle to make weake sinewes strong.
What is't you lack, what would you buy?
What is it that you neede?
Come to me (Gallants) tast and trie,
Heer's that will doe, will doe the deed.
This

Songs.

This powder doth preserve from sate,
This cureth the Malesiciate;
Lost may den-heads, this doth restore,
And makes them virgins as before.
What is't you lacke, &c.
Heer's cure for bone ach, seuor lurdens,
Vnlawfull or untimely Burdens,
Diseases of all sex, all Ages
This medicine cureth or assures.
What is't you lacke, &c.

I have receipts to cure the Gout,
To keepe Poxein or put them out,
To coole hot bluods, cold blouds to warme,
Shall doe you (if no good) no harme.
What is't you lacke, &c.

FINIS.

